

MOKA: Moral Knowledge Augmentation for Moral Event Extraction

Xinliang Frederick Zhang¹, Winston Wu², Nick Beauchamp³, and Lu Wang¹

¹Computer Science and Engineering, University of Michigan ²Department of Computer Science, University of Hawaii at Hilo ³Political Science and Network Science Institute, Northeastern University



Preamble: "Human beings make **moral decisions** based on how they feel when confronted with an **experience**" discovered by Jonathan Haidt.



Preamble: "Human beings make **moral decisions** based on how they feel when confronted with an **experience**" discovered by Jonathan Haidt.

Background: News media frame their stories to further a particular viewpoint, often employing moral values rather than explicitly biased language to **subtly affect readers** (Scheufele, 1999; Haidt and Graham, 2007; Haidt et al., 2009; Lakoff, 2010; Feinberg and Willer, 2015).

Preamble: "Human I experience" discovere

Background: News moral values rather tha and Graham, 2007; Ha



y feel when confronted with an

ewpoint, often employing **ders** (Scheufele, 1999; Haidt [,], 2015).

Status Quo: Existing NLP methods, including **LLMs** like ChatGPT, face significant challenges in discerning moral values, duo to the subtlety challenge posed by morally-laden events.

Preamble: "Human beings make **moral decisions** based on how they feel when confronted with an **experience**" discovered by Jonathan Haidt.

Background: News media frame their stories to further a particular viewpoint, often employing moral values rather than explicitly biased language to **subtly affect readers** (Scheufele, 1999; Haidt and Graham, 2007; Haidt et al., 2009; Lakoff, 2010; Feinberg and Willer, 2015).

Status Quo: Existing NLP methods, including **LLMs** like ChatGPT, face significant challenges in discerning moral values, duo to the subtlety challenge posed by morally-laden events.

Moral Foundation Theory (MFT): there is an innate psychological systems at the core of our "intuitive ethics". MFT posits five moral foundations, each containing two polarities of virtue and vice.

Care/Harm Fairness/Cheating Loyalty/Betrayal Authority/Subversion Sanctity/Degradation

Frederick Zhang, University of Michigan

Task: Moral Event Extraction (MEE)

NEWS TITLE

Holder Orders Equal Treatment For Married Same-Sex Couples

NEWS BODY

 \cdots <Target> The new policy follows similar moves by the Department of Homeland Security and the IRS after the U.S. Supreme Court last year invalidated a key part of the Defense of Marriage Act which had defined the institution of marriage for federal purposes as limited to heterosexual couples. </Target> \cdots

ouples
Supreme Court of the United States
Defense of Marriage Act
Wiki pages for linked names

Task formulation:

Given unstructured text, produce structural representations for morally-laden events:

- Detect morality-bearing event triggers
- Extract participants (agent & patient)
- Infer embodied moralities
- Determine event status

Task: Moral Event Extraction (MEE)

NEWS TITLE

Holder Orders Equal Treatment For Married Same-Sex Couples

NEWS BODY

 \cdots <Target> The new policy follows similar moves by the Department of Homeland Security and the IRS after the U.S. Supreme Court last year invalidated a key part of the Defense of Marriage Act which had defined the institution of marriage for federal purposes as limited to heterosexual couples. </Target> \cdots



EVENT RECORD 1

invalidated a key part of the Defense of Marriage Act						
		1		_		
Supreme Court of the United States Same-Sex Couples						
Care	Fairness	Loyalty	Authority	Sanctity		
Harm	Cheating	Betrayal	Subversion	Degradation		
CEVENT STATUS						
Actual	Intentional	Speculation	n	\square		
				V		

Task formulation:

Given unstructured text, produce structural representations for morally-laden events:

- Detect morality-bearing event triggers
- Extract participants (agent & patient)
- Infer embodied moralities
- Determine event status

EVENT RECORD 2



Dataset: MORAL EVENTS

		7	
Stories count:	158	•	Balanced view
Articles count:	474	•	Diverse
Moral Events count	5,494		Large
Outlets coverage:	63 (26 Left, 18 Center, 9 Right)		
Distinct entities count:	1,952 (E.g., Americans, Donald Trump)	•	High quality
Time range:	2012 – 2022	•	FIRST dataset
Quality:	Each article annotated by 2+ people; krippendorff's α > 0.9 for all attributes		moral events



Our MOKA first retrieves K moral scenario pairs for the input passage. We then tag the moral knowledge-enriched input by identifying moral mentions. These mentions trigger Moral Lexicon Memory access to integrate moral word knowledge. Lastly, the dual knowledgeaugmented representation is decoded to produce task-specific outputs.

Frederick Zhang, University of Michigan

Experiments Results (Selected)



Trigger Detection (EM)

ChatGPT is significantly lagging due to insufficient moral knowledge seen in training. Knowledge augmentation is essential for NLP models to excel at moral event extraction. Our dual-knowledge augmented MOKA leads to the best performance across all tasks.

Further Analyses

RQ1: how do media of different ideologies focus on different moralities?



RQ2: how does selective reporting of moral narratives reveals more subtle and asymmetrical forms of bias?



Frederick Zhang, University of Michigan

MOKA Conclusion

- We define a new **structured schema** for a **moral event**, rooted in a well-regarded psychosocial theory: **Moral Foundation Theory**.
- We present and investigate a novel task: Moral Event Extraction.
- To support this study, we curate a large dataset, **MORAL EVENTS**, with 5k+ fine-grained structural event annotations.
- We propose **MOKA**, a moral event extraction framework with **MO**ral **K**nowledge **A**ugmentation, leveraging knowledge derived from moral words and moral scenarios to comprehend morally-laden events.
- Further analyses of moral event reporting reveal the **left-right** asymmetries and the distinctive behavior of centrist media.

Thanks!

Codebase and dataset are available at https://github.com/launchnlp/MOKA.



Contact: xlfzhang@umich.edu



This work supported by NSF, AFOSR, and UM Advanced Research Computing.