RAPID Programming of Pattern-Recognition Processors

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RAPID Programming of Pattern-Recognition Processors

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Acceptance Rate: 23%



Finding Needles in a Haystack

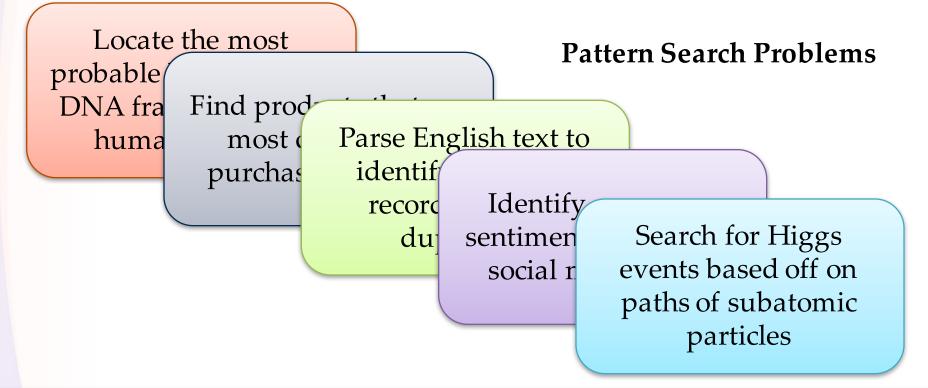
- Researchers and companies are collecting increasing amounts of data
- 44x data production in 2020 than in 2009⁺
- Demand for real-time analysis of collected data[‡]



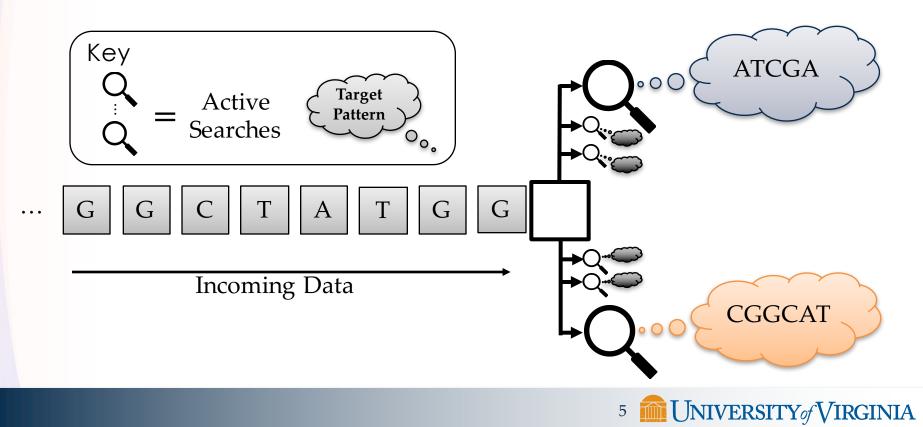
⁺ Computer Sciences Corporation. Big data universe beginning to explode. 2012 [‡] Capgemini. Big & fast data: The rise of insight- driven business. 2015.

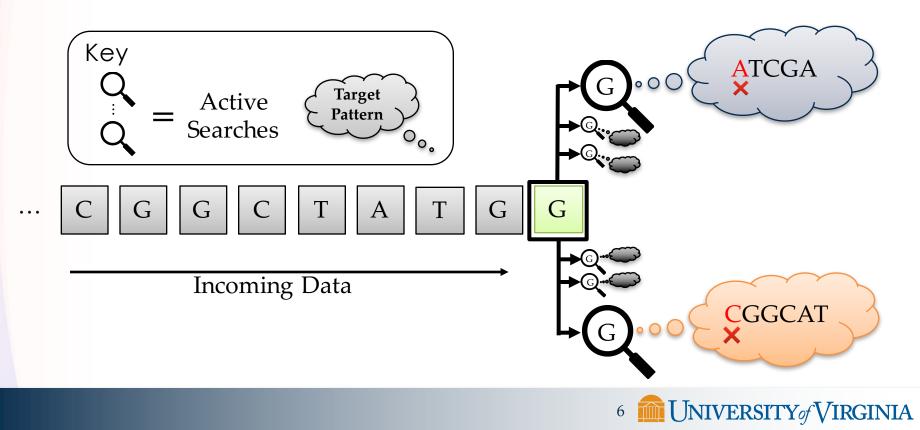


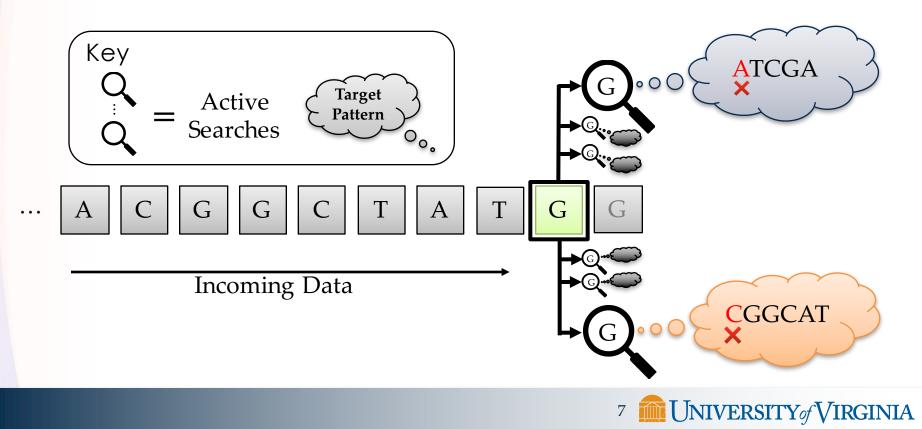
What is the common theme?

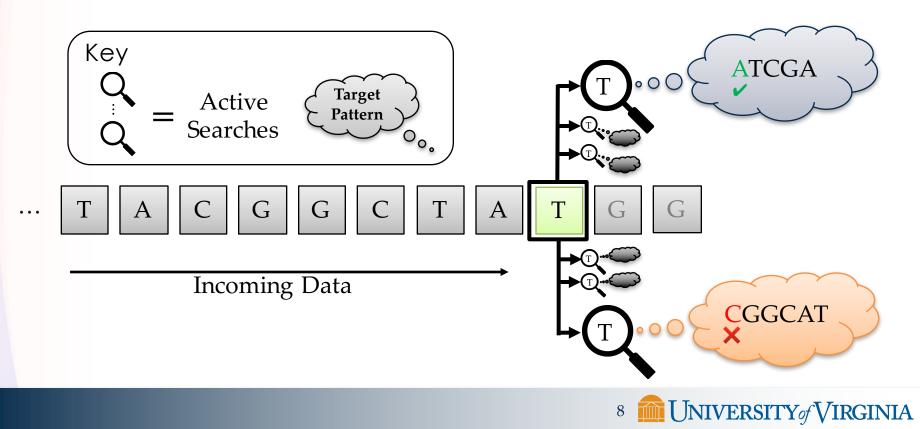


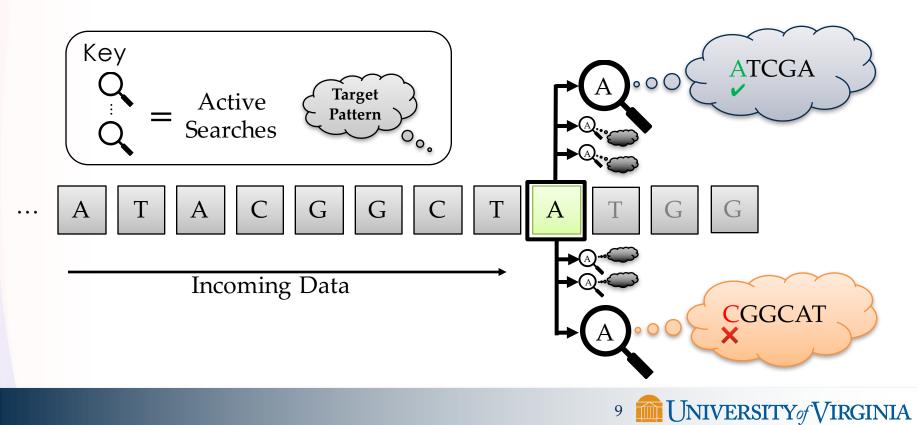
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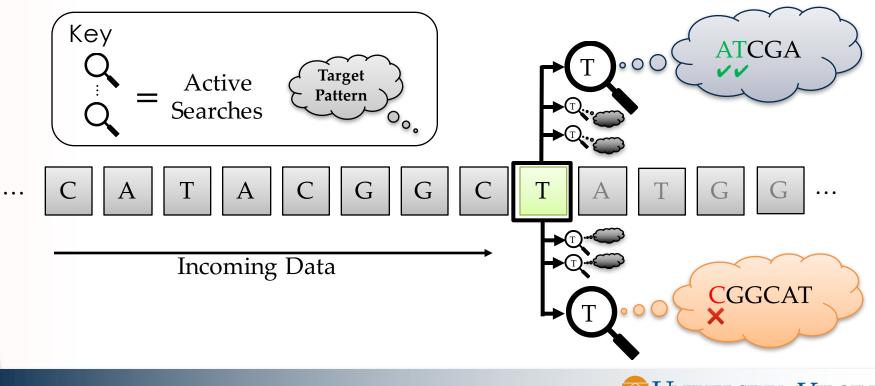




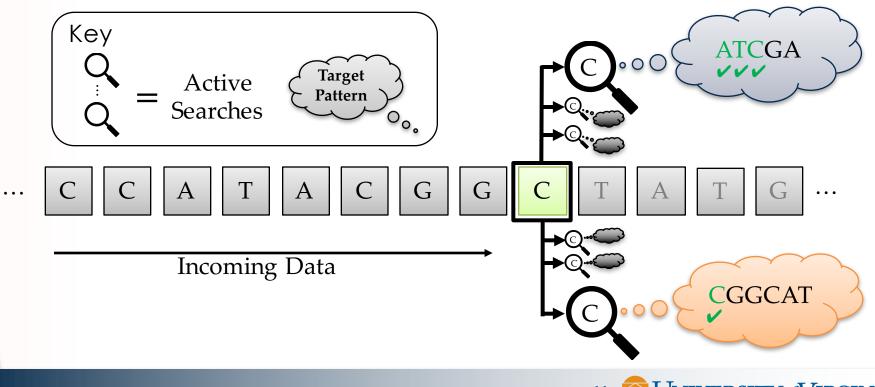




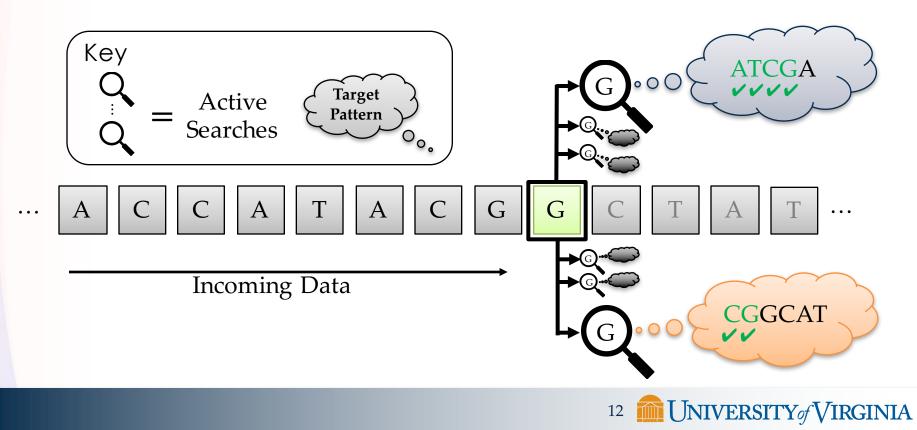


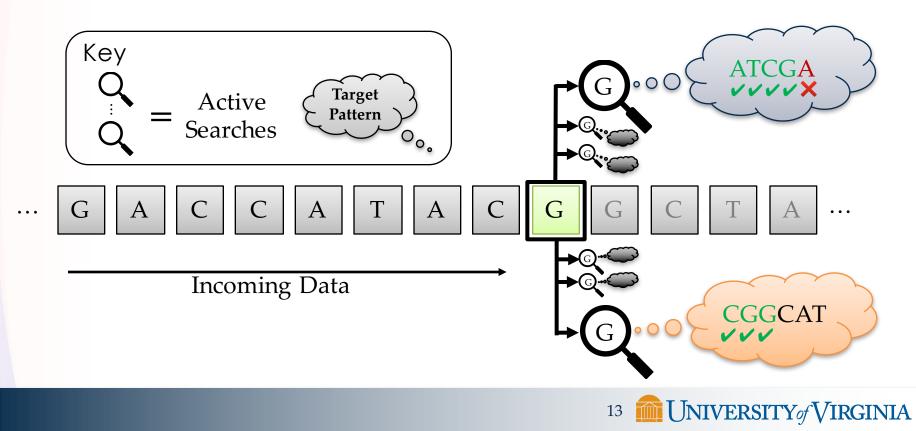


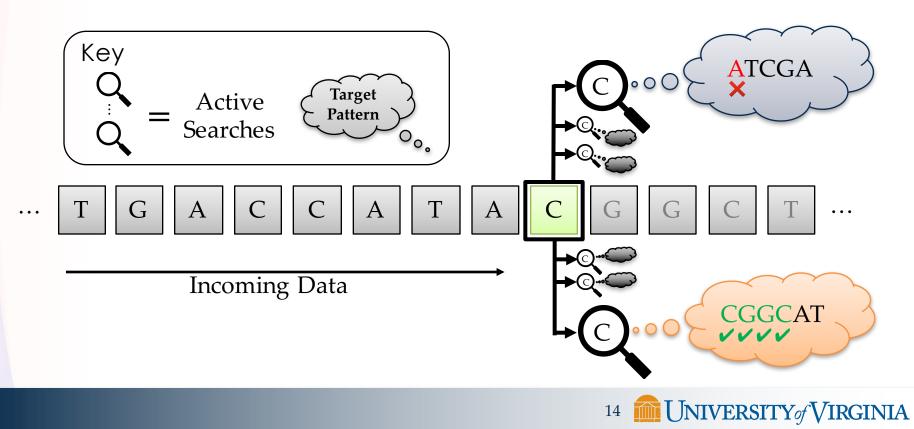
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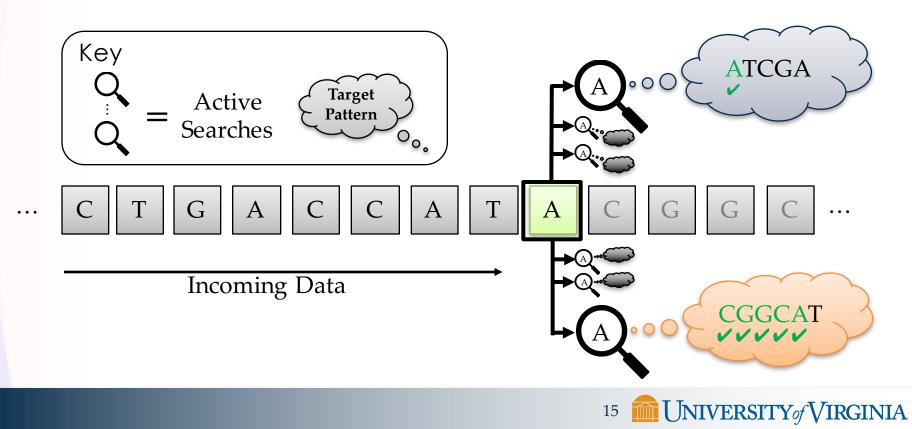


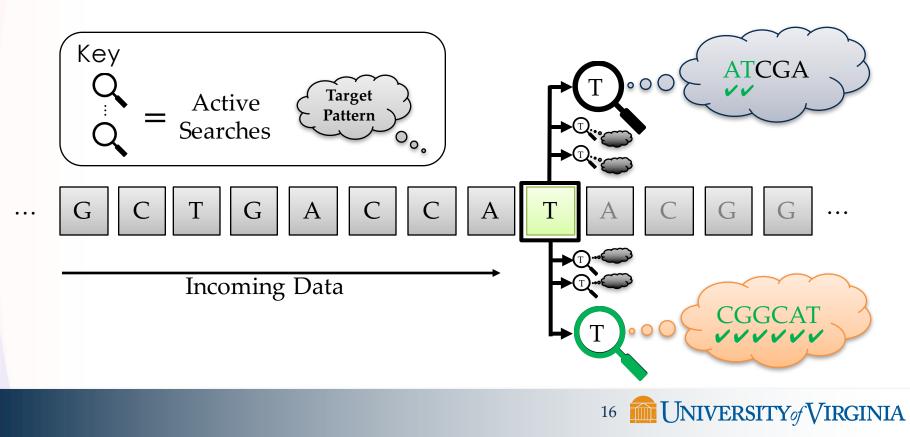
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Parallel Searches: Goals

- Fast processing
 Specialized Hardware
- Concise, maintainable representation
- Efficient compilation
 - High throughput
 - Low compilation time

RAPID Programming Language



A researcher should spend his or her time designing an algorithm to find the important data, not building a machine that will obey said algorithm.



The Remainder of this Talk

- Automata Processor
 - Architectural Overview
 - Current Programming Models
- RAPID Programming Language
 - Language Overview
 - AP Code Generation and Optimizations
- Experimental Evaluation
- Conclusions and Future Directions



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Micron's Automata Processor

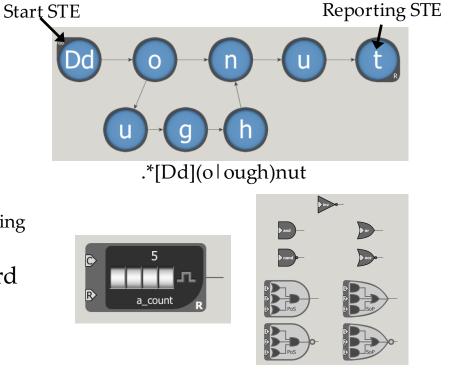
- Accelerates identification of patterns in input data stream using massive parallelism
- Hardware implementation of non-deterministic finite automata
- 1 gbps data processing
- MISD architecture





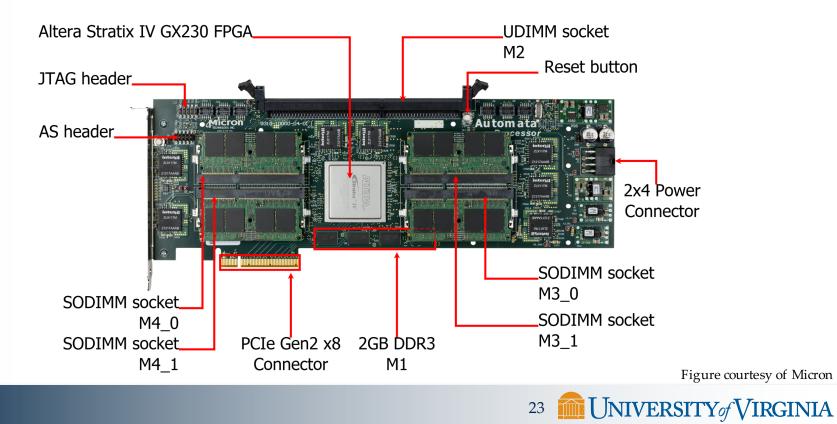
Micron's Automata Processor

- Implements homogeneous NFAs
 - All incoming edges to state have same symbol(s)
 - State Transition Element (STE)
- Memory-derived architecture
 - Memory as a computational medium
 - State consists of a column in DRAM array
 - Connections made with reconfigurable routing matrix partitioned into blocks
- 1.5 million states on development board
- Saturating Up Counter, Boolean Logic

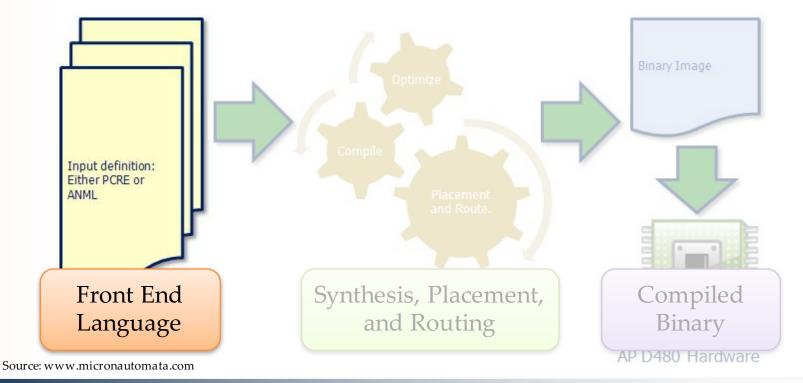


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Micron's Automata Processor



Programming Workflow



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Current Programming Models

ANML

- Automata Network Markup
 Language
- Directly specify homogeneous NFA design
- High-level programming language bindings for generation



- Support for a list of regular expressions
- Support for PCRE modifiers
- Compiled directly to binary



Programming Challenges

- ANML development akin to **assembly programming**
 - Requires knowledge of automata theory and hardware properties
 - Tedious and error-prone development process
- Regular expressions challenging to implement
 - Often exhaustive enumerations
 - Similarly error-prone



Programming Challenges

- Implement **single instance** of a problem
 - Each instance of a problem requires a brand new design
 - Need for meta-programs to generate final design
- Current programming models place unnecessary burden on developer



Goals: Current Approaches Fail

- Fast processing
- Concise, maintainable representation ×
- Efficient compilation
 - High throughput 🗸
 - Low compilation time 🔔



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RAPID at a Glance

- Provides concise, maintainable, and efficient representations for pattern-identification algorithms
- Conventional, C-style language with domain-specific parallel control structures
- Excels in applications where patterns are best represented as a combination of text and computation
- Compilation strategy balances synthesis time with device utilization



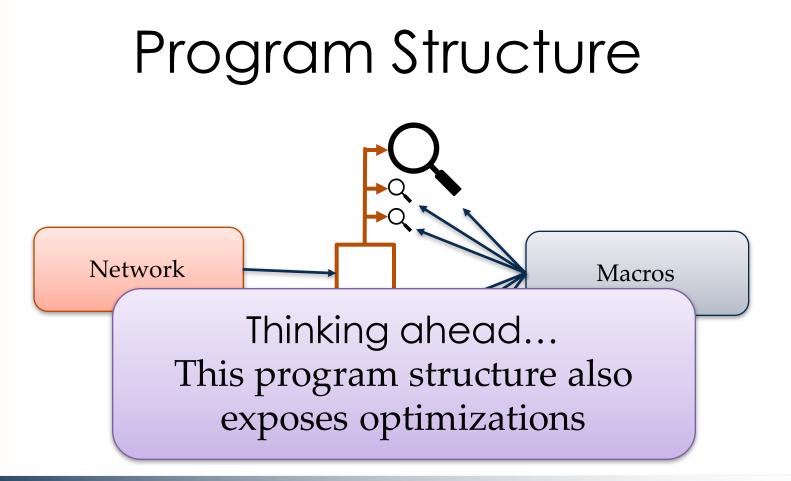
Program Structure

• Macro

- Basic unit of computation
- Sequential control flow
- Boolean expressions as statements for terminating threads of computation
- Network
 - High-level pattern matching
 - Parallel control flow
 - Parameters to set run-time values

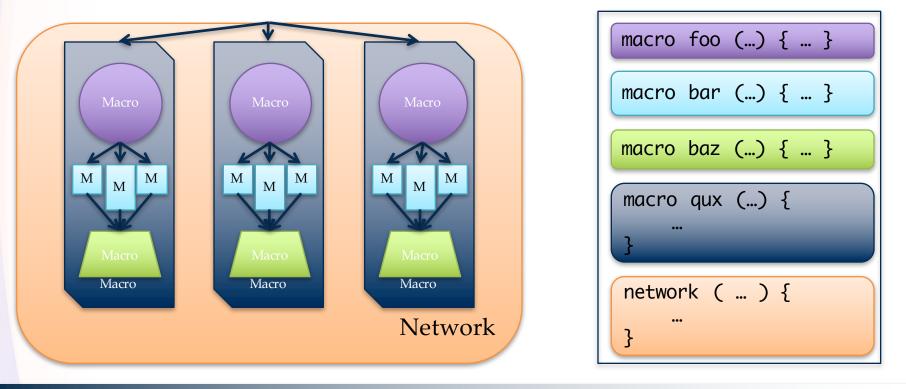
macro foo	()	{	•••	}	
macro bar	()	{	•••	}	
macro baz	()	{		}	
macro qux	()	{			
}					
network (.) {				
}					





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Program Structure



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Data in RAPID

- Input data stream as special function
 - Stream of characters
 - -input()
 - Calls to input() are synchronized across all active macros
 - All active macros receive the same input character



Counting and Reporting

- Counter: Abstract representation of saturating up counters
 - Count and Reset operations
 - Can compare against threshold
- RAPID programs can *report*
 - Triggers creation of report event
 - Captures offset of input stream and current macro



Parallel Control Structures

- Concise specification of multiple, simultaneous comparisons against a single data stream
- Support MISD computational model
- Static and dynamic thread spawning for massive parallelism support
- Explicit support for sliding window computations

@NITBDELGMVUDBQZZDWIEFHPTG@ZBGEXDGHXSVCMKADSKFJÖKLGJADSKGOWESIOHGADHYCBGOASDGBAEGKQEYKPREBN
Pattern

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Parallel Control Structures

Sequential Structure	Parallel Structure	
ifelse	eitherorelse	
foreach	some	
while	whenever	



Either/Orelse Statements

either { hamming_distance(s,d); //hamming_distance 'y' == input(); //next input is 'y' report; //report candidate } orelse { while('y' != input()); //consume until 'y' }

- Perform parallel exploration of input data
- Static number of parallel operations



Some Statements

- network (String[] comparisons) {
 some(String s : comparisons)
 hamming_distance(s,5);
 }
- Parallel exploration may depend on candidate patterns
- Iterates over items, dynamically spawn computation



Whenever Statements

- whenever(ALL_INPUT == input()) {
 foreach(char c : "rapid")
 c == input();
 report;
- }
- Body triggered whenever guard becomes true
- ALL_INPUT: any symbol in the input stream

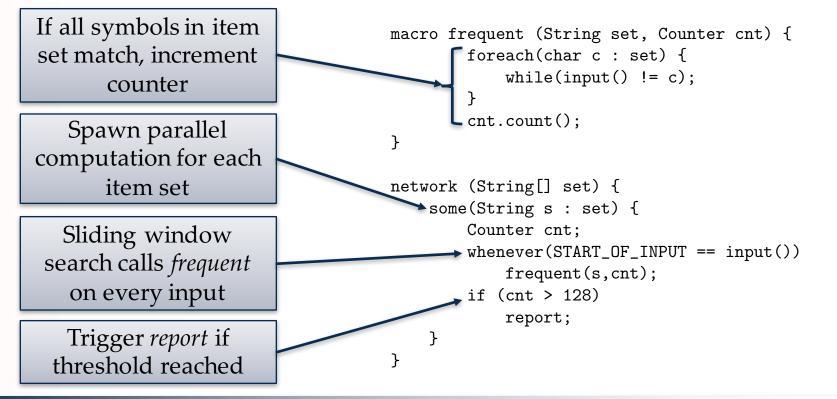


Example RAPID Program

Association Rule Mining Identify items from a database that frequently occur together

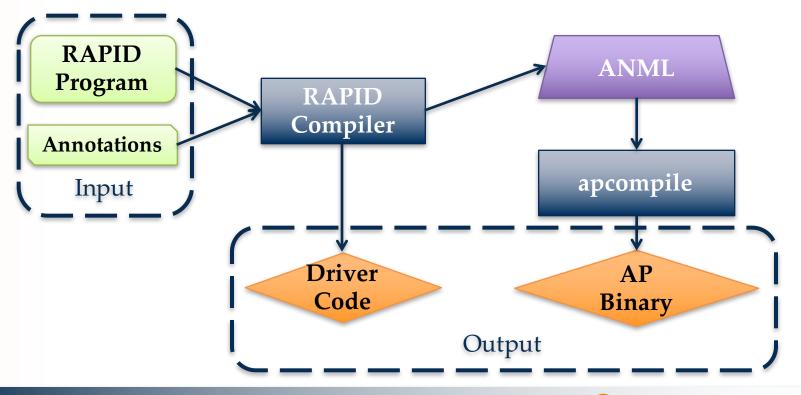


Example RAPID Program



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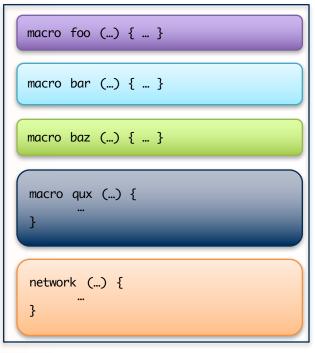
System Overview



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Code Generation

RAPID Program



- Recursive transformation of RAPID program
 - Input Stream \rightarrow STEs
 - Counters → 1 or more physical counter(s)
- Similar to RegEx → NFA transformation

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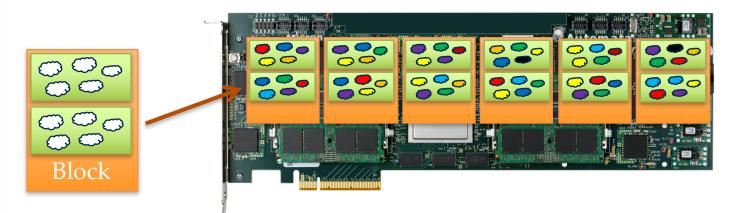
Challenge: Synthesis

- Placement and routing are resourceintensive
- Large AP designs often fail outright
- **Goal:** technique to reduce AP design such that synthesis tools succeed



Tessellation Optimization

- Automata Processor designs are often repetitive
- Programmatically **extract** repetition, and compile once
- Load **dynamically** at runtime





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Reminder: Goals

- Fast processing
- Concise, maintainable representation
- Efficient compilation
 - High throughput
 - Low compilation time



- 1. Do RAPID constructs generalize to pattern search problems across multiple problem domains?
- 2. (Conciseness) Do RAPID programs require fewer lines of code than a functionally equivalent ANML program to represent a given pattern search problem?
- 3. (Maintainability) Does a RAPID program require fewer modifications than an equivalent ANML program to alter functionality?
- 4. (Efficiency) Are RAPID programs no less efficient at runtime and during synthesis than hand-optimized ANML programs?



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Description of Benchmarks

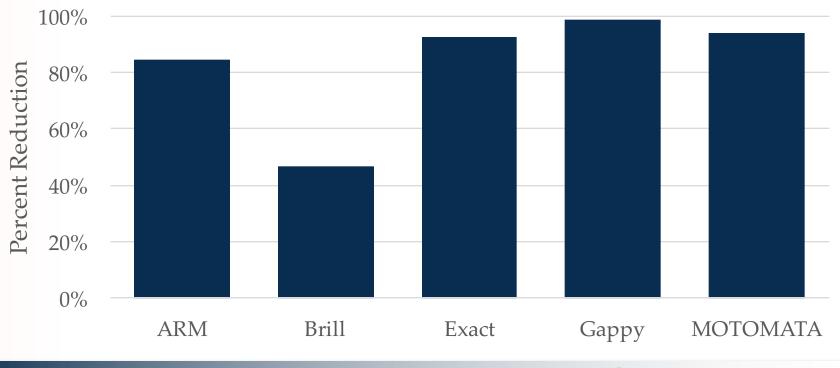
Benchmark	Description	Domain	Baseline Generation Method
ARM	Association Rule Mining	ML	Meta Program
Brill	Brill Part of Speech Tagging	NLP	Meta Program
Exact	Exact DNA Alignment	Bioinformatics	ANML
Gappy	DNA Alignment with Gaps	Bioinformatics	ANML
MOTOMATA	Planted Motif Search	Bioinformatics	ANML



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RAPID Lines of Code

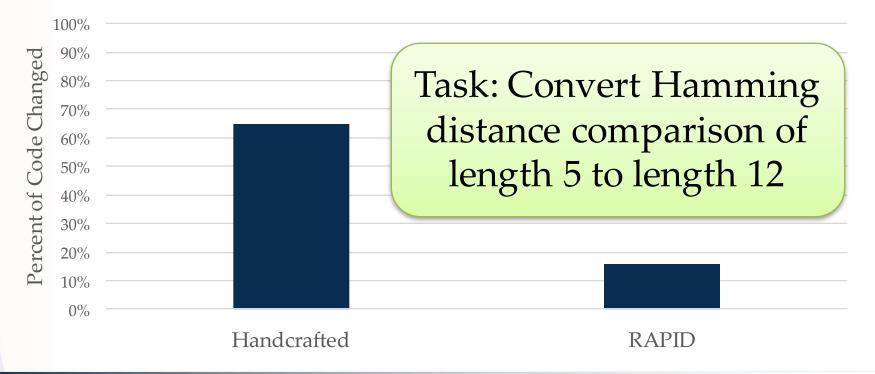


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RAPID is Maintainable

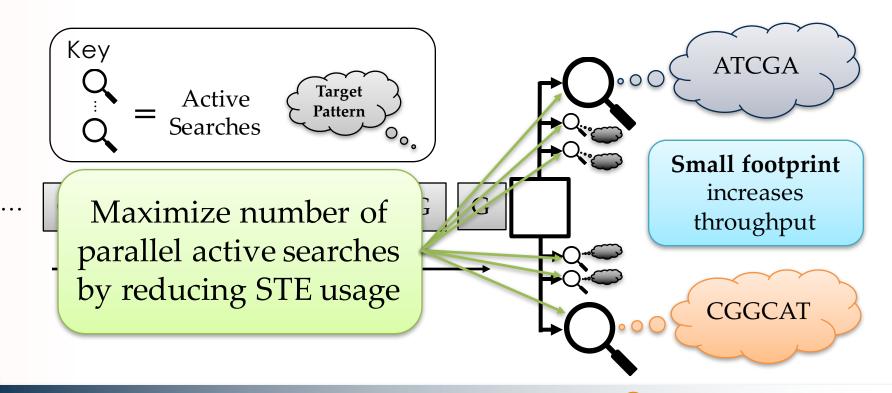




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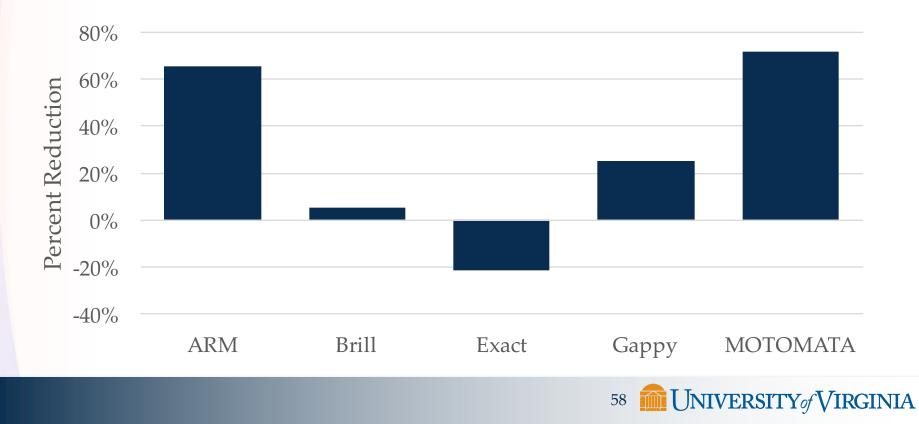


Parallel searches

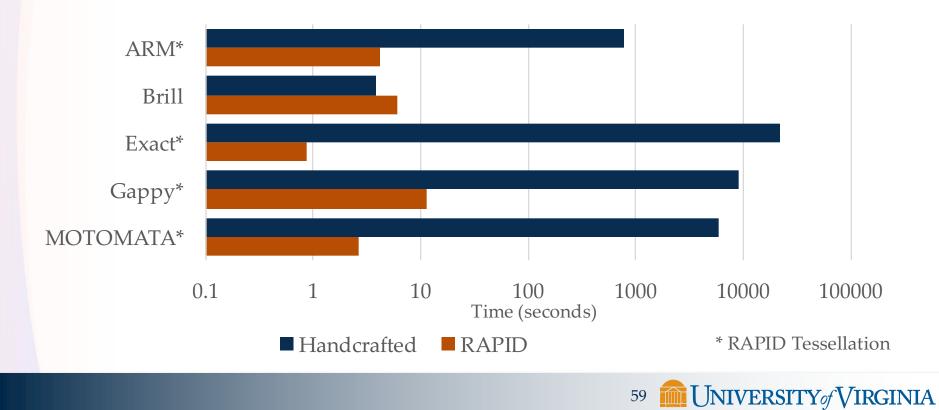


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Generated STEs



Compilation Time



- 1. Do RAPID constructs generalize to pattern search problems across multiple problem domains? **YES**
- 2. (Conciseness) Do RAPID programs require fewer lines of code than a functionally equivalent ANML program to represent a given pattern search problem? YES
- 3. (Maintainability) Does a RAPID program require fewer modifications than an equivalent ANML program to alter functionality? YES

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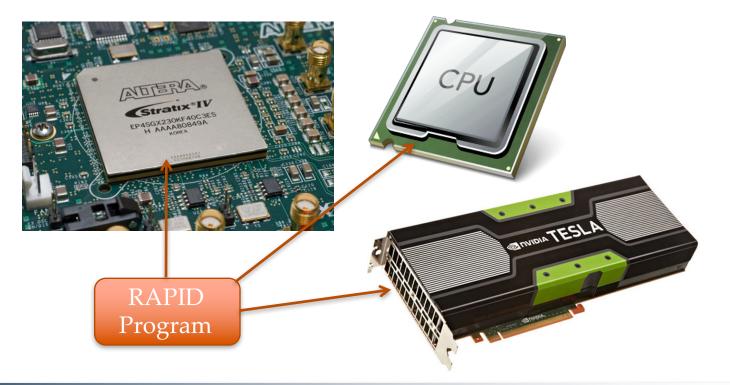
4. (Efficiency) Are RAPID programs no less efficient at runtime and during synthesis than hand-optimized ANML programs? OFTEN (YES)

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Architectural Targets





Debugging Support

- Spurious reports in large data stream
- Can we quickly "sweep" to problematic region and inspect?
- Replay debugging



Conclusions

- RAPID is a **concise**, **maintainable**, and **efficient** high-level language for pattern-search algorithms
- Achieved with domain-specific parallel control structures, and suitable data representations
- Prototype compiler allows for acceleration using the Automata Processor

