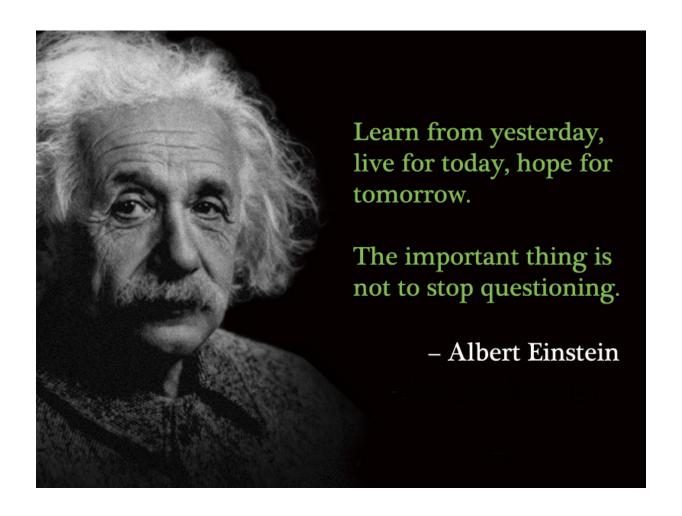
# EECS 498-004: Introduction to Natural Language Processing

Instructor: Prof. Lu Wang
Computer Science and Engineering
University of Michigan

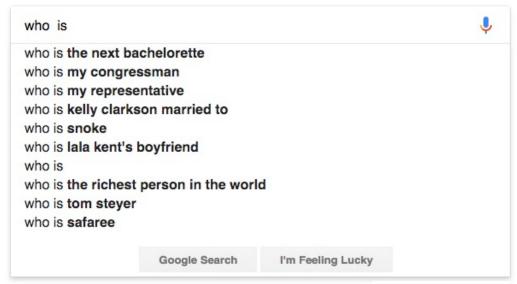
https://web.eecs.umich.edu/~wangluxy/

# Asking Questions



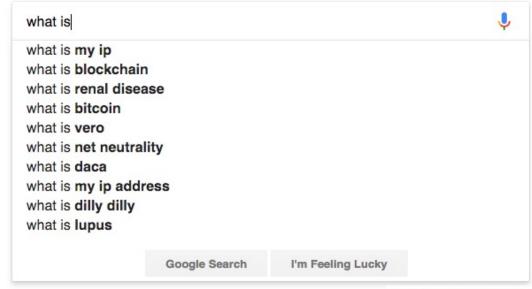
# Questions in Search

# Google



Report inappropriate predictions

# Google



Report inappropriate predictions

## Questions in Search



# Where is the Louvre Museum located?

### Search

About 904,000 results (0.30 seconds)

#### Everything

**Images** 

Maps

Videos

News

### Best guess for Louvre Museum Location is Paris, France

Mentioned on at least 7 websites including wikipedia.org, answers.com and eastbuc.k12.ia.us - Show sources - Feedback

Musée du Louvre - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

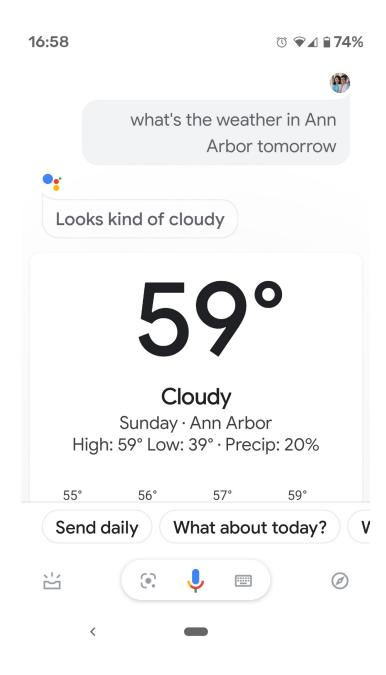
en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Musée\_du\_Louvre

Musée du Louvre is located in Paris. Location within Paris. Established, 1793. Location,

Palais Royal, Musée du Louvre, 75001 Paris, France. Type, Art museum ...

Louvre Palace - List of works in the Louvre - Category: Musée du Louvre

### Personal Assistants



# Question Answering (Some Background)

One of the oldest NLP tasks (punched card systems in 1961)

Question:

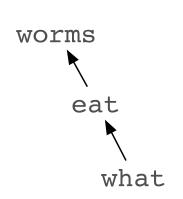
**Potential Answers:** 

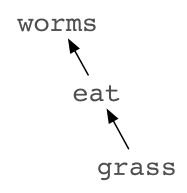
Simmons, Klein, McConlogue. 1964. Indexing and Dependency Logic for Answering English Questions. American Documentation 15:30, 196-204

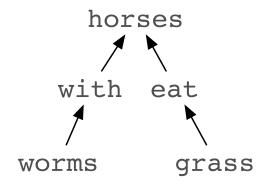
What do worms eat?

Worms eat grass

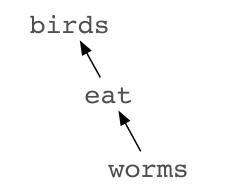
Horses with worms eat grass

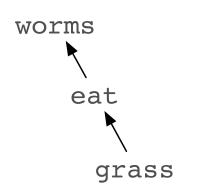






Birds eat worms Grass is eaten by worms





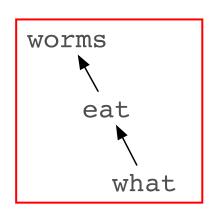
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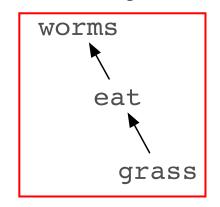
### Question:

### **Potential Answers:**

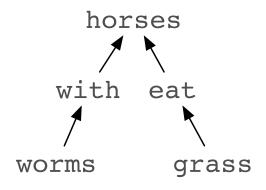
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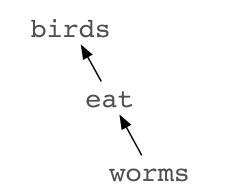
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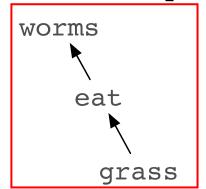


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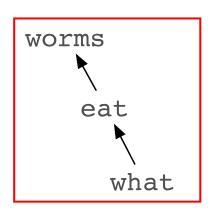
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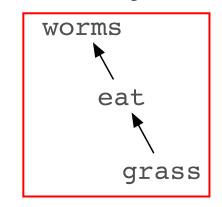
### Question:

### **Potential Answers:**

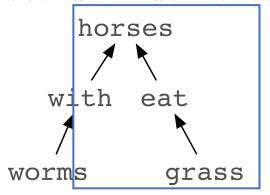
What do worms eat?



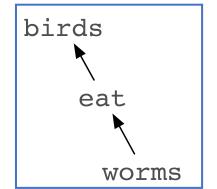
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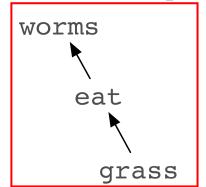
Horses with worms eat grass



Birds eat worms



Grass is eaten by worms



# One milestone for Question Answering: IBM's Watson

• Won Jeopardy on February 16, 2011!

WILLIAM WILKINSON'S

"AN ACCOUNT OF THE PRINCIPALITIES OF
WALLACHIA AND MOLDOVIA"

INSPIRED THIS AUTHOR'S

MOST FAMOUS NOVEL



# Types of Questions in Modern Systems

- Factoid questions
  - Who wrote "The Universal Declaration of Human Rights"?
  - How many calories are there in two slices of apple pie?
  - What is the average age of the onset of autism?
  - Where is Apple Computer based?
- Complex (narrative) questions:
  - In children with an acute febrile illness, what is the efficacy of acetaminophen in reducing fever?
  - What do scholars think about Jefferson's position on dealing with pirates?

# Types of Questions in Modern Systems

- Factoid questions This lecture
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  - In children with an acute febrile illness, what is the efficacy of acetaminophen in reducing fever?
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# Commercial systems: mainly factoid questions

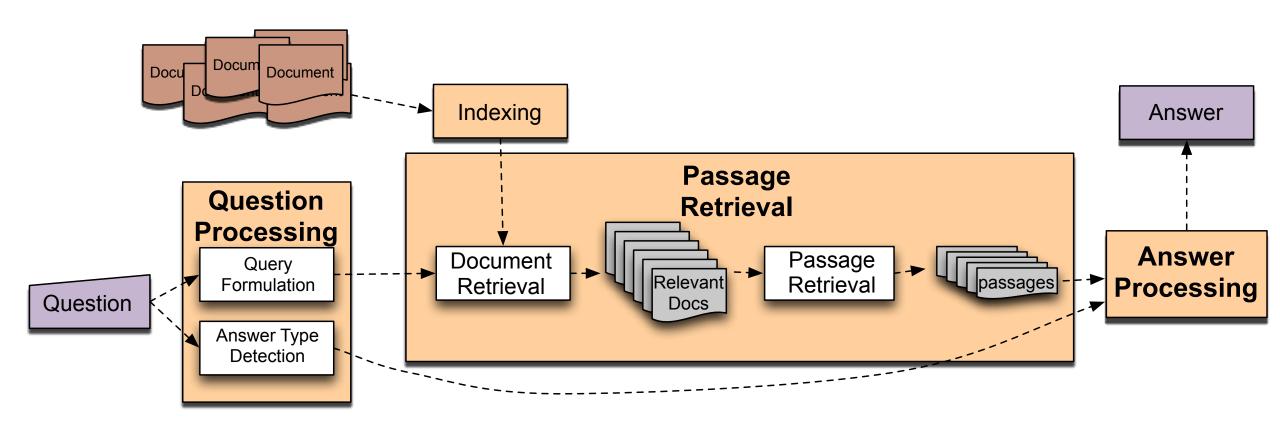
Where is the Louvre Museum located?	In Paris, France
What's the abbreviation for limited partnership?	L.P.
What are the names of Odin's ravens?	Huginn and Muninn
What currency is used in China?	The yuan
What kind of nuts are used in marzipan?	almonds
What instrument does Max Roach play?	drums

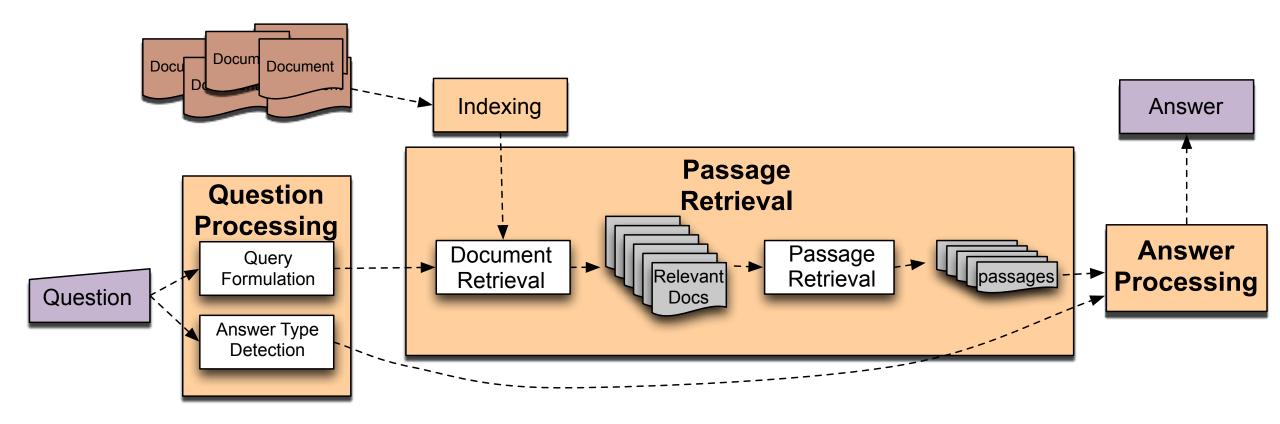
# Paradigms for Factoid QA

- Information Retrieval (IR)-based approaches
  - IBM Watson (some parts); Google
- Knowledge-based and Hybrid approaches
  - IBM Watson (some other parts); Apple Siri; Wolfram Alpha
- Built upon the above two:
  - Data-driven, neural network-based approaches that rely on retrieval AND knowledge bases

# Information Retrieval (IR)-based QA

- Factoid QA pipeline
  - Factoid QA evaluation
  - Common Knowledge used in QA
  - Recent QA tasks





In the 3<sup>rd</sup> edition of the textbook, more detailed steps are included.

### QUESTION PROCESSING

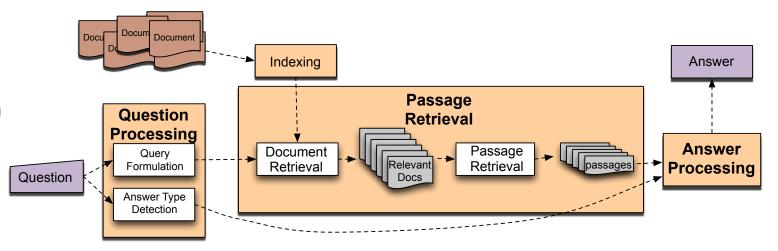
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### PASSAGE RETRIEVAL

- Retrieve ranked documents
- Break into suitable passages and rerank

### ANSWER PROCESSING

- Extract candidate answers
- Rank candidates
  - using evidence from the text and external sources



# Question Processing: Things to extract from the question

- Answer Type Detection
  - Decide the **named entity type** (person, place) of the answer
- Query Formulation
  - Choose query keywords for the IR system
- Question Type classification
  - Is this a definition question, a math question, a list question?
- Focus Detection
  - Find the question words that are replaced by the answer
- Relation Extraction (if there are more than one entities)
  - Find relations between entities in the question

### **Question Processing**

Jeopardy!: They're the two states you could be reentering if you're crossing Florida's northern border

You should answer: what are the states of Georgia and Alabama?

- Answer Type: US state
- Query Formulation: two states, border, Florida, north
- Focus: the two states
- Relations: borders(Florida, ?x, north)

### QUESTION PROCESSING

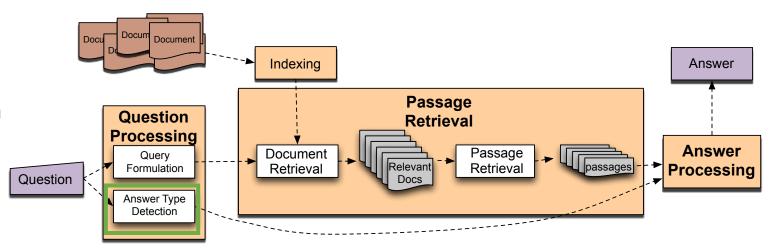
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# Answer Type Detection: Named Entities

Who founded Virgin Airlines?

# Answer Type Detection: Named Entities

- Who founded Virgin Airlines?
  - PERSON
- What Canadian city has the largest population?

# Answer Type Detection: Named Entities

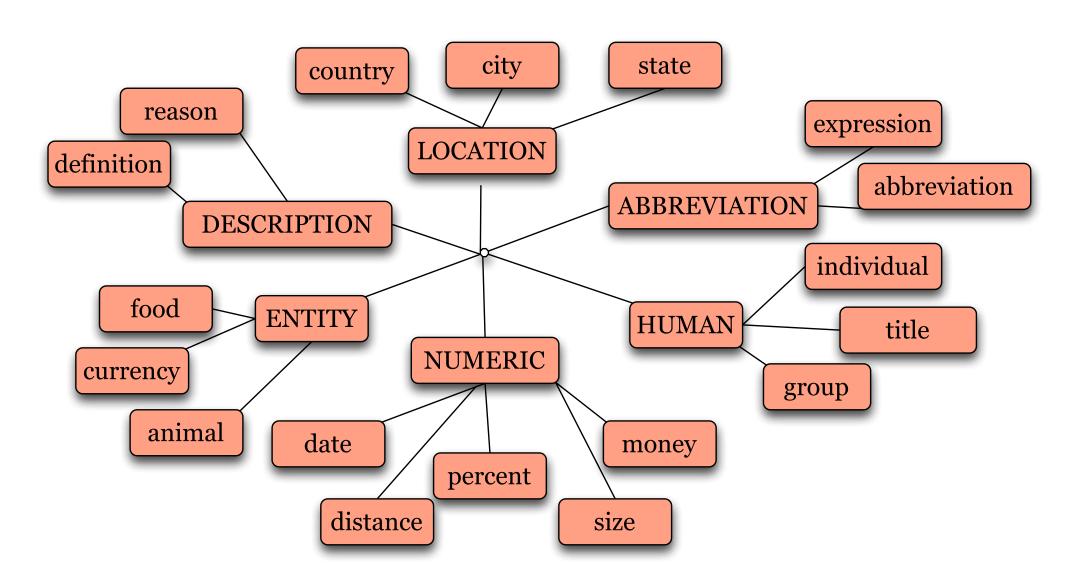
- Who founded Virgin Airlines?
  - PERSON
- What Canadian city has the largest population?
  - CITY

## Answer Type Taxonomy

Xin Li, Dan Roth. 2002. Learning Question Classifiers. COLING'02

- 6 coarse classes
  - ABBREVIATION, ENTITY, DESCRIPTION, HUMAN, LOCATION, NUMERIC
- 50 finer classes
  - LOCATION: city, country, mountain...
  - HUMAN: group, individual, title, description...
  - ENTITY: animal, body, color, currency...

# Part of Li & Roth's Answer Type Taxonomy



# Answer Types

ENTITY	
animal	What are the names of Odin's ravens?
body	What part of your body contains the corpus callosum?
color	What colors make up a rainbow ?
creative	In what book can I find the story of Aladdin?
currency	What currency is used in China?
disease/medicine	What does Salk vaccine prevent?
event	What war involved the battle of Chapultepec?
food	What kind of nuts are used in marzipan?
instrument	What instrument does Max Roach play?
lang	What's the official language of Algeria?
letter	What letter appears on the cold-water tap in Spain?
other	What is the name of King Arthur's sword?
plant	What are some fragrant white climbing roses?
product	What is the fastest computer?
religion	What religion has the most members?
sport	What was the name of the ball game played by the Mayans?
substance	What fuel do airplanes use?
symbol	What is the chemical symbol for nitrogen?
technique	What is the best way to remove wallpaper?
term	How do you say " Grandma " in Irish?
vehicle	What was the name of Captain Bligh's ship?
word	What's the singular of dice?

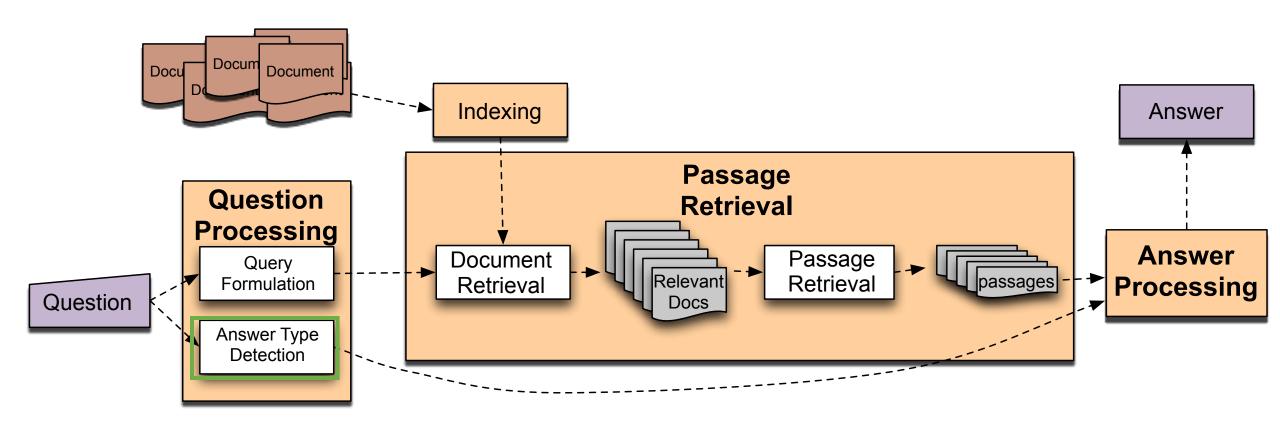
# More Answer Types

HUMAN	
description	Who was Confucius?
group	What are the major companies that are part of Dow Jones?
ind	Who was the first Russian astronaut to do a spacewalk?
title	What was Queen Victoria's title regarding India?
LOCATION	
city	What's the oldest capital city in the Americas?
country	What country borders the most others?
mountain	What is the highest peak in Africa?
other	What river runs through Liverpool?
state	What states do not have state income tax?
NUMERIC	
code	What is the telephone number for the University of Colorado?
count	About how many soldiers died in World War II?
date	What is the date of Boxing Day?
distance	How long was Mao's 1930s Long March?
money	How much did a McDonald's hamburger cost in 1963?
order	Where does Shanghai rank among world cities in population?
other	What is the population of Mexico?
period	What was the average life expectancy during the Stone Age?
percent	What fraction of a beaver's life is spent swimming?
speed	What is the speed of the Mississippi River?
temp	How fast must a spacecraft travel to escape Earth's gravity?
size	What is the size of Argentina?
weight	How many pounds are there in a stone?

# Answer types in Jeopardy

Ferrucci et al. 2010. Building Watson: An Overview of the DeepQA Project. Al Magazine. Fall 2010. 59-79.

- 2500 answer types in 20,000 Jeopardy question sample
- The most frequent 200 answer types cover ~ 50% of data
- The 40 most frequent Jeopardy answer types country, city, man, film, state, author, group, here, company, president, capital, star, novel, character, woman, river, island, king, song, part, series, sport, singer, actor, play, team, show, actress, animal, presidential, composer, musical, nation, book, title, leader, game



# Answer Type Detection

- Hand-written rules
- Machine Learning

# Answer Type Detection

- Regular expression-based rules can get some cases:
  - Who {is | was | are | were} PERSON
  - PERSON (YEAR YEAR)
- Other rules use the question headword: (the headword of the first noun phrase after the wh-word)
  - Which city in China has the largest number of foreign financial companies?
  - What is the state flower of California?

# Answer Type Detection

- Most often, we treat the problem as machine learning classification
  - Define a taxonomy of question types (similar as answer types)
  - Annotate training data for each question type
  - **Train** classifiers for each question class using a rich set of features.
    - features include those hand-written rules!

# Features for Answer Type Detection

- Question words and phrases
- Part-of-speech tags
- Parse features (headwords)
- Named Entities
- Semantically related words

Which city in China has the largest number of foreign financial companies?

What is the state flower of California?

# Query Formulation

### QUESTION PROCESSING

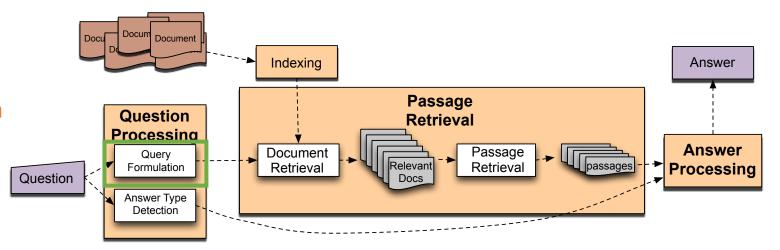
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### PASSAGE RETRIEVAL

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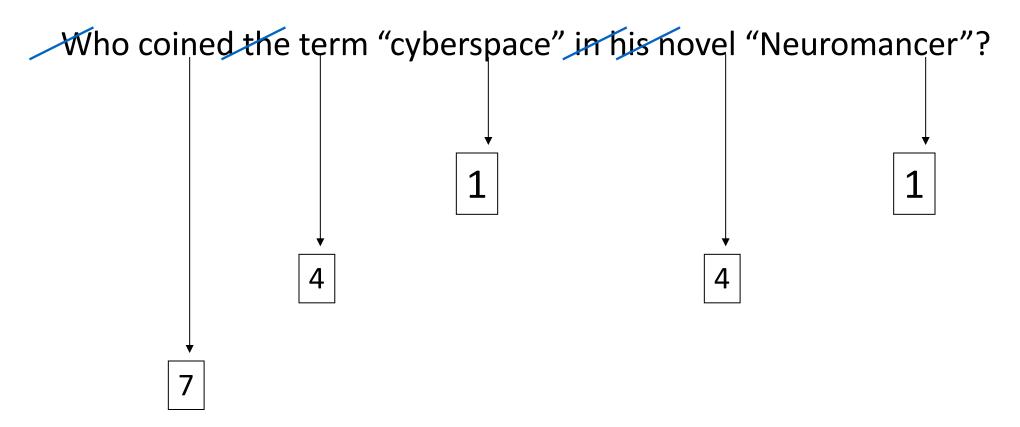
# Keyword Selection Algorithm

Dan Moldovan, Sanda Harabagiu, Marius Paca, Rada Mihalcea, Richard Goodrum, Roxana Girju and Vasile Rus. 1999. Proceedings of TREC-8.

- 1. Select all non-stop words in quotations
- 2. Select all NNP words in recognized named entities
- 3. Select all complex nominals with their adjectival modifiers
- 4. Select all other complex nominals
- 5. Select all nouns with their adjectival modifiers
- 6. Select all other nouns
- 7. Select all verbs
- 8. Select all adverbs
- 9. Select the question focus word (skipped in all previous steps)
- 10. Select all other words

# Choosing keywords from the query

Slide from Mihai Surdeanu



cyberspace/1 Neuromancer/1 term/4 novel/4 coined/7

## IR-based Factoid QA

### QUESTION PROCESSING

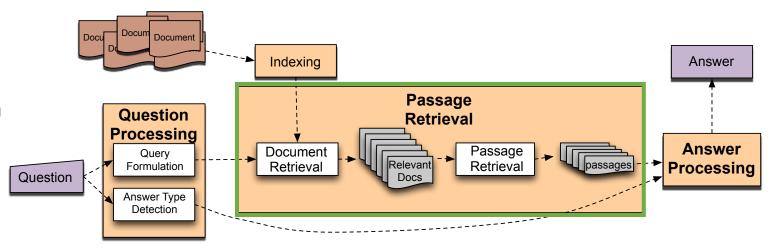
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## Passage Retrieval

- Step 1: IR engine retrieves documents using query terms
- Step 2: Segment the documents into shorter units
  - E.g. paragraphs or consecutive sentences
  - Think about why? Why not single sentences?
- Step 3: Passage ranking
  - E.g. use answer type to help rerank passages

# Features for Passage Ranking

Using supervised machine learning

- Number of Named Entities of the right type in passage
- Number of query words in passage
- Number of question N-grams also in passage
- Proximity of query keywords to each other in passage
- Longest sequence of question words
- Rank of the document containing passage

## IR-based Factoid QA

### QUESTION PROCESSING

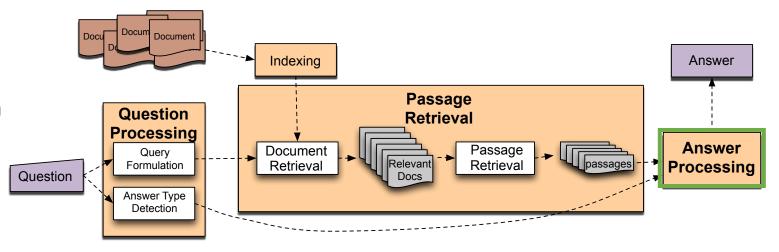
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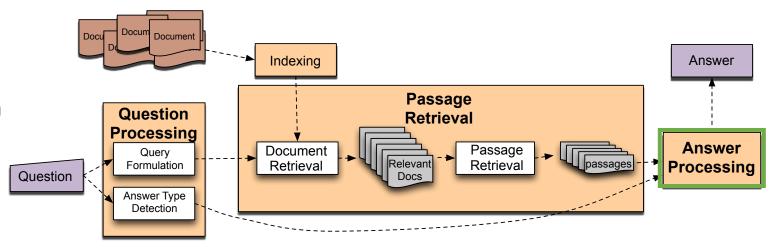
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## **Answer Extraction**

- Run an answer-type named-entity tagger on the passages
  - Each answer type requires a named-entity tagger that detects it
  - If answer type is CITY, tagger has to tag CITY
    - Can be full NER, simple regular expressions, or hybrid
- Return the string with the right type:
  - Who is the prime minister of India (PERSON)

    Manmohan Singh, Prime Minister of India, had told

    left leaders that the deal would not be renegotiated.
  - How tall is Mt. Everest? (LENGTH)

    The official height of Mount Everest is 29035 feet

## IR-based Factoid QA

### QUESTION PROCESSING

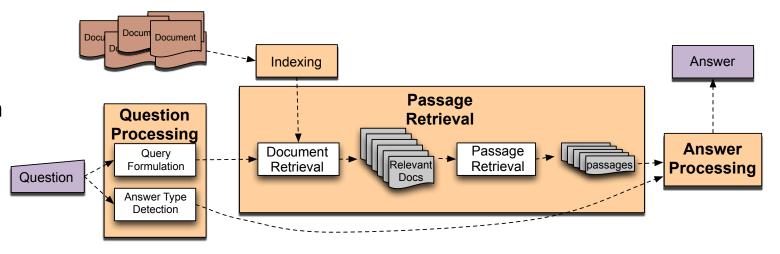
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# Ranking Candidate Answers

But what if there are multiple candidate answers!

Q: Who was Queen Victoria's second son?

Answer Type: Person

## Passage:

The Marie biscuit is named after Marie Alexandrovna, the daughter of Czar Alexander II of Russia and wife of Alfred, the second son of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert

# Ranking Candidate Answers

But what if there are multiple candidate answers!

Q: Who was Queen Victoria's second son?

Answer Type: Person

## Passage:

The Marie biscuit is named after Marie Alexandrovna, the daughter of Czar Alexander II of Russia and wife of Alfred, the second son of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert

# Use machine learning: Features for ranking candidate answers

**Answer type match:** Candidate contains a phrase with the correct answer type.

Pattern match: Regular expression pattern matches the candidate.

Question keywords: # of question keywords in the candidate.

Keyword distance: Distance in words between the candidate and query keywords

**Novelty factor**: A word in the candidate is not in the query.

**Apposition features**: The candidate is an appositive to question terms

**Punctuation location**: The candidate is immediately followed by a comma, period, quotation marks, semicolon, or exclamation mark.

**Sequences of question terms**: The length of the longest sequence of question terms that occurs in the candidate answer.

# Candidate Answer scoring in IBM Watson

- Each candidate answer gets scores from >50 components
  - (from unstructured text, semi-structured text, triple stores like knowledge bases)
  - logical form (parse) match between question and candidate
  - passage source reliability
  - geospatial location
    - California is "southwest of Montana"
  - temporal relationships
  - taxonomic classification

# Information Retrieval (IR)-based QA

- Factoid QA pipeline
- Factoid QA evaluation
  - Common Knowledge used in QA
  - Recent QA tasks

## Common Evaluation Metrics

- 1. Accuracy (does answer match gold-labeled answer?)
- 2. Mean Reciprocal Rank
  - For each query return a ranked list of M candidate answers.
  - Query score is 1/Rank of the first correct answer
    - If first answer is correct: 1
    - else if second answer is correct: 1/2
    - else if third answer is correct: ⅓, etc.
    - Score is 0 if none of the M answers are correct
  - Take the mean over all N queries
  - Examples

$$MRR = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{rank_i}}{N}$$

# Information Retrieval (IR)-based QA

- Factoid QA pipeline
- Factoid QA evaluation
- Common Knowledge used in QA
  - Recent QA tasks

# Knowledge in QA

- What are other types of knowledge useful for a QA system?
  - Relations
  - Temporal information
  - Dialogue context

## Relation Extraction

- Answers: Databases of Relations
  - born-in("Emma Goldman", "June 27 1869")
  - author-of("Cao Xue Qin", "Dream of the Red Chamber")
  - Draw from Wikipedia infoboxes, DBpedia, FreeBase, etc.
- Questions: Extracting Relations in Questions
   Whose granddaughter starred in E.T.?

## Relation Extraction

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```
Whose granddaughter starred in E.T.?
```

```
(acted-in ?x "E.T.")
  (granddaughter-of ?x ?y)
```

# Temporal Reasoning

- Relation databases
  - (and obituaries, biographical dictionaries, etc.)
- IBM Watson

"In 1594 he took a job as a tax collector in Andalusia" Candidates:

- Thoreau is a bad answer (born in 1817)
- Cervantes is possible (was alive in 1594)

# Context and Conversation in Virtual Assistants like Siri

Coreference helps resolve ambiguities

U: "Book a table at Il Fornaio at 7:00 with my mom"

U: "Also send her an email reminder"

Clarification questions:

U: "Chicago pizza"

S: "Did you mean pizza restaurants in Chicago

or Chicago-style pizza?"

# Limitations of Factoid Q/A

- Question must query a specific fact that is explicitly stated somewhere in the document corpus.
- Does not allow aggregating or accumulating information across multiple information sources.
- Does not require "deep compositional" semantics, nor inferential reasoning to generate answer. → Natural language generation!

# Information Retrieval (IR)-based QA

- Factoid QA pipeline
- Factoid QA evaluation
- Common Knowledge used in QA
- Recent QA tasks

## What are recent tasks for QA?

Reading comprehension task

Popular QA benchmarks

Visual Question Answering (language + vision)

# Reading Comprehension

- Answer questions that test comprehension of a specific document.
- Use standardized tests of reading comprehension to evaluate performance (Hirschman et al. 1999; Rilo & Thelen, 2000; Ng et al. 2000; Charniak et al. 2000).

# Sample Reading Comprehension Test

School Kids Clean Up Creek! (EVERETT, WASHINGTON, June, 1988) - It has taken five years of hard work. But a group of children have cleaned up Pigeon Creek. A1.A2 In 1983, the creek was so dirty that the fish had all died. A group of kids at Jackson School decided to do something about it. It became a project for their whole class. First they cleaned out the bottom of the creek, called the creek bed. There were many weeds. They also found lot of trash and litter. Then the students raised fish eggs in a tank of water called an aquarium. When the eggs hatched, they emptied the new fish into the creek. They wanted others to stop making the creek dirty. So they made signs that said "Don't Dump". They put the signs near the creek. They also made little books, called booklets. The booklets told people how to keep the creek clean. Now, the water is clean and new fish are being born in the creek. Pigeon Creek is a sign of the good A2 things young people can do.

Q1: Who cleaned up the creek? Q2: What was the name of the creek? Q3: When did the work begin?
Q4: Where is the bed of a creek? Q5: Why did the kids make booklets?

# Large Scale Reading Comprehension Data

- DeepMind's large-scale data for reading comprehension Q/A (Hermann et al., 2015).
  - News articles used as source documents.
  - Questions constructed automatically from article summary sentences.

	CNN			Daily Mail		
	train	valid	test	train	valid	test
# months	95	1	1	56	1	1
# documents	90,266	1,220	1,093	196,961	12,148	10,397
# queries	380,298	3,924	3,198	879,450	64,835	53,182
Max # entities	527	187	396	371	232	245
Avg # entities	26.4	26.5	24.5	26.5	25.5	26.0
Avg # tokens	762	763	716	813	774	780
Vocab size	1	18,497		2	208,045	

# Sample DeepMind Reading Comprehension Test

Original Version	Anonymised Version
Context	
The BBC producer allegedly struck by Jeremy	the ent381 producer allegedly struck by ent212 will
Clarkson will not press charges against the "Top	not press charges against the "ent153" host, his
Gear" host, his lawyer said Friday. Clarkson, who	lawyer said friday . ent212, who hosted one of the
hosted one of the most-watched television shows	most - watched television shows in the world, was
in the world, was dropped by the BBC Wednesday	dropped by the ent381 wednesday after an internal
after an internal investigation by the British broad-	investigation by the ent 180 broadcaster found he
caster found he had subjected producer Oisin Tymon	had subjected producer ent 193 " to an unprovoked
"to an unprovoked physical and verbal attack."	physical and verbal attack."
Query	
Producer X will not press charges against Jeremy	producer X will not press charges against ent212,
Clarkson, his lawyer says.	his lawyer says .
Answer	
Oisin Tymon	ent 193

Table 3: Original and anonymised version of a data point from the Daily Mail validation set. The anonymised entity markers are constantly permuted during training and testing.

# Stanford Question Answering Dataset (SQuAD)

- Question: Which team won Super Bowl 50?
- Passage (context): Super Bowl 50 was an American football game to determine the champion of the National Football League (NFL) for the 2015 season. The American Football Conference (AFC) champion Denver Broncos defeated the National Football Conference (NFC) champion Carolina Panthers 24–10 to earn their third Super Bowl title. The game was played on February 7, 2016, at Levi's Stadium in the San Francisco Bay Area at Santa Clara, California.
- 100k examples
- Answer must be a span in the passage

# Stanford Question Answering Dataset (SQuAD)

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- How do we know which sentence to select? (HW4)
- Furthermore, which phrase is the answer? (HW4 bonus question)

# A Popular LSTM-based QA Model

- LSTM, a recurrent neural net (RNN) model, is used to encode document (or passage) and question into vectors
  - This can be done separately (shared encoder) or jointly (e.g. encode the two in one sequence)
- The answer extractor can be implemented as
  - a similarity measurement (e.g. a cosine scorer)
  - a sequence tagger



 More advanced version can be built with attention mechanism: the model is trained to focus on answering the question while reading the document.

# CoQA: A Conversational Question Answering Challenge

- Input: Jessica went to sit in her rocking chair. Today was her birthday and she was turning 80. Her granddaughter Annie was coming over in the afternoon and Jessica was very excited to see her. Her daughter Melanie and Melanie's husband Josh were coming as well. Jessica had . . .
- Q1: Who had a birthday?
- A1: Jessica
- R1 (rational): Jessica went to sit in her rocking chair. Today was her birthday and she was turning 80.
- Q2: How old would she be?
- A2: 80
- R2 (rational): she was turning 80
- Q3: Did she plan to have any visitors?
- A3: Yes
- R3 (rational): Her granddaughter Annie was coming over

# The NarrativeQA Reading Comprehension Challenge

- Title: Ghostbusters II
- Question: How is Oscar related to Dana?
- Answer: her son
- Summary snippet: . . . Peter's former girlfriend Dana Barrett has had a son, Oscar. . .
- Story snippet:
  - DANA (setting the wheel brakes on the buggy) Thank you, Frank. I'll get the hang of this eventually.
  - She continues digging in her purse while Frank leans over the buggy and makes funny faces at the baby, OSCAR, a very cute nine-month old boy.
  - FRANK (to the baby) Hiya, Oscar. What do you say, slugger?
  - FRANK (to Dana) That's a good-looking kid you got there, Ms. Barrett.

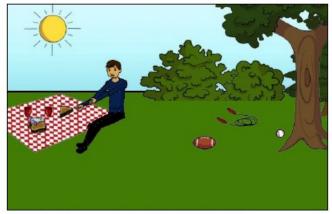
# Visual Question Answering (VQA)

- Answer natural language questions about information in images.
- VaTech/MSR group has put together VQA dataset with ~750K questions over ~250K images (Antol et al., 2016).

# VQA Examples



What color are her eyes? What is the mustache made of?



Is this person expecting company? What is just under the tree?



How many slices of pizza are there? Is this a vegetarian pizza?



Does it appear to be rainy?
Does this person have 20/20 vision?

# LSTM System for VQA

