



Unsupervised Visual Attention and Invariance for Reinforcement Learning

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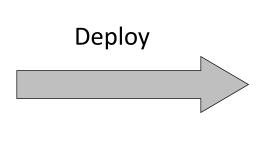
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How to Generalize Vision-based RL to Unknown Test Environments?

Training: environment with fixed background





Testing: unknown test environments







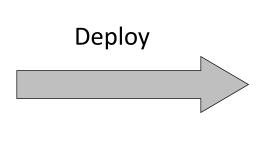




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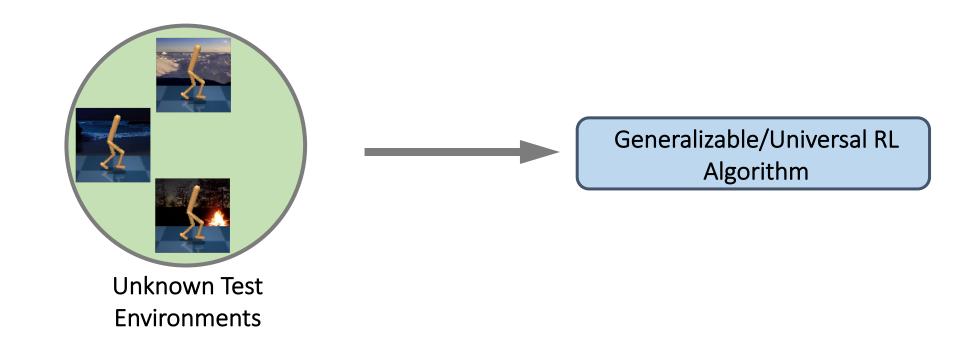








Existing Methods: Universal/Generalizable RL



Most existing methods: a universal RL model.

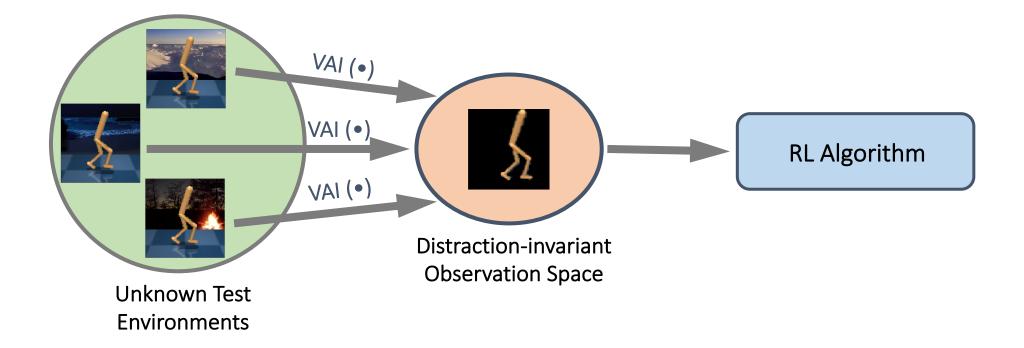
Caveat: often leads to *instability* in training since RL algorithms are fragile.

Recent works: adapt at test time.

Caveat: leads to more unpredictability and long latency at test time.



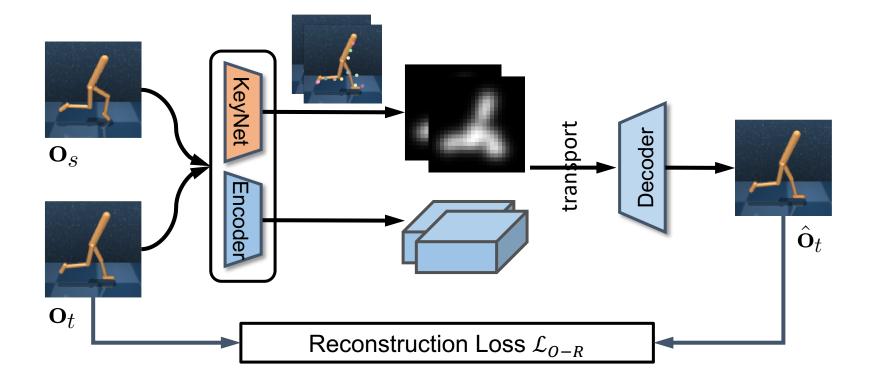
Our Approach: Feeding "Clean" and Invariant Vision to RL



We try to **transform the input data to a distraction-invariant observation space**, and then ask the RL algorithm to perform in such a space without distractions.



Unsupervised Keypoint Detection (Stage 1 of VAI)

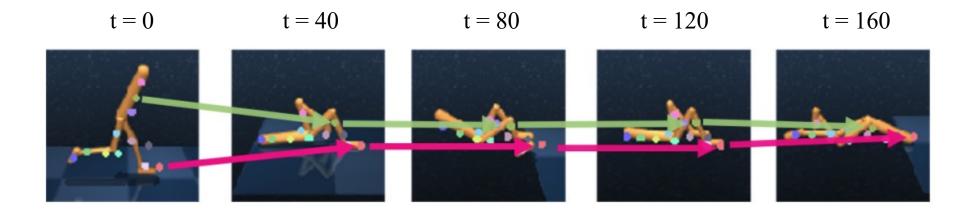


[1] Tomas Jakab, et al. Unsupervised learning of object landmarks through conditional image generation. NeurIPS 2018. [2] Tejas D Kulkarni, et al. Unsupervised learning of object keypoints for perception and control. NeurIPS 2019.



Keypoint Location as an Invariant Visual Representation?

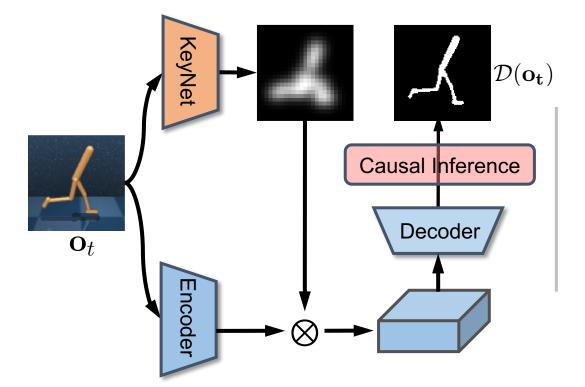
Due to occlusion, symmetry, and lacking visual distinctions, it is often impossible to track keypoints consistently across frames.





Unsupervised Visual Attention and Invariance (Stage 2&3 of VAI)

Unsupervised Visual Attention



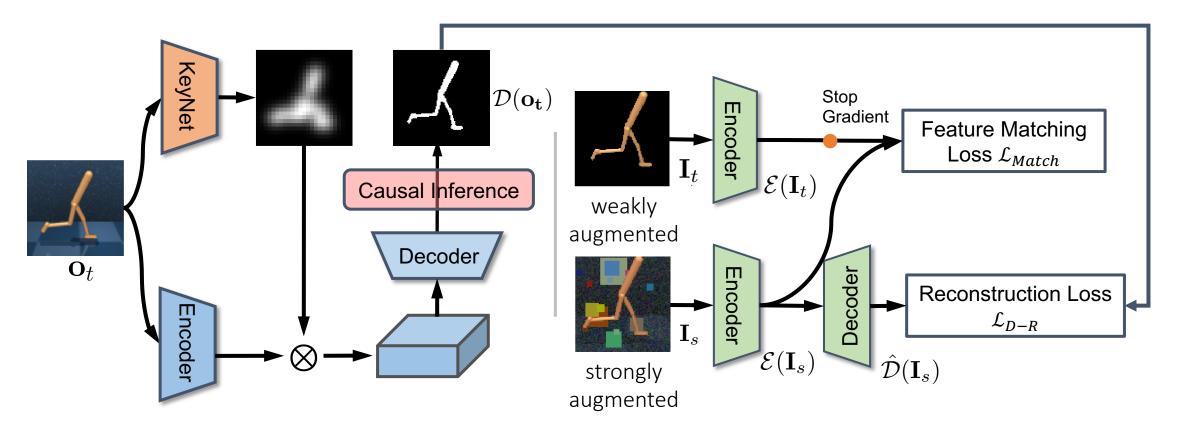
Self-supervised Visual Invariance



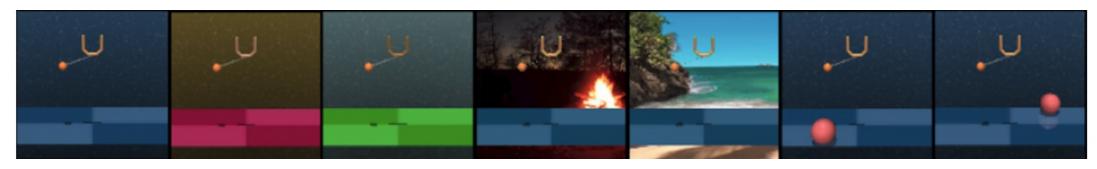
Unsupervised Visual Attention and Invariance (Stage 2&3 of VAI)

Unsupervised Visual Attention

Self-supervised Visual Invariance



DeepMind Control Benchmark



vanilla

randomized colors

video backgrounds

distractions

- Training environment:
 - vanilla environment without domain distractions
- Testing environments:
 - randomized background colors
 - non-stationary videos
 - distracting objects.

[1] Hansen, Nicklas, et al. "Self-supervised policy adaptation during deployment." ICLR 2021.

[2] Yu, Tianhe, et al. "Meta-world: A benchmark and evaluation for multi-task and meta reinforcement learning." In Conference on Robot Learning, 2020.



Our Proposed DrawerWorld Benchmark



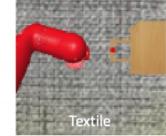


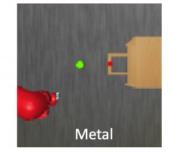
vanilla











realistic textures

- Training environment:
 - vanilla environment without domain distractions •
- **Testing** environments:
 - realistic textures: such as marble, metal and wood, as background
- DrawerWorld is harder since CNN is very sensitive to texture changes

[1] Hansen, Nicklas, et al. "Self-supervised policy adaptation during deployment." ICLR 2021.

[2] Yu, Tianhe, et al. "Meta-world: A benchmark and evaluation for multi-task and meta reinforcement learning." In Conference on Robot Learning, 2020.



VAI Outperforms Current SOTA by 33~53% on Deepmind Control

Random colors	SAC	DR	PAD	SODA+P	VAI	VAI+P	Δ
Walker, walk	414 ±74	594 ±104	468 ±47	692 ±68	819 ±11	918 ±6	+226 († 33%)
Walker, stand	719 ±74	715 ±96	797 ±46	893 ±12	964 ±2	968 ±3	+75 (↑ 8%)
Cartpole, swingup	592 ±50	647 ±48	630 ±63	805 ± 28	830 ±10	819 ±6	+14 († 2%)
Cartpole, balance	857 ±60	867 ±37	848 ±29	-	990 ±4	957 ±9	+142 (↑ 17%)
Ball in cup, catch	411 ±183	470 ±252	563 ±50	949 ±19	886 ±33	960 ±8	+11 (↑ 1%)
Finger, spin	626 ±163	465 ±314	803 ±72	793 ±128	932 ±3	968 ±6	+165 (↑ 21%)
Finger, turn_easy	270 ±43	167 ±26	304 ±46	-	445 ±36	455 ±48	+151 (↑ 50%)
Cheetah, run	154 ±41	145 ±29	159 ±28	-	337 ±1	334 ±2	+178 († 112%)
Reacher, easy	163 +45	105 +37	214 +44	-	934 +22	936 +19	+ 722 († 337%)
average	467	464	531	-	793	812	+281 (↑ 53%)

Video background	SAC	DR	PAD	SODA	ASODA+P	VAI	VAI+I	PΔ
Walker, walk	616 ±80	655 ±55	717 ±79	635 ±48	768 ±38	870 ±21	917 ±8	+149 (↑ 19%)
Walker, stand	899 ±53	869 ±60	935 ±20	903 ±56	955 ±13	966 ±4	968 ±2	+13 (↑ 1%)
Cartpole, swingup	375 ±90	485 ±67	521 ±76	474 ±143	758 ±62	624 ±146	761 ±127	+3 (↑0%)
Cartpole, balance	693 ±109	766 ±92	687 ±58	-	-	869 ±189	847 ±205	+182 (↑ 26%)
Ball in cup, catch	393 ±175	271 ±189	436 ±55	539 ±111	875 ±56	790 ±249	846 ±229	-29 (↓ 3%)
Finger, spin	447 ±102	338 ±207	691 ±80	363 ±185	695 ±97	569 ±366	953 ±28	+258 (↑ 37%)
Finger, turn_easy	355 ±108	223 ±91	362 ±101	-	-	419 ±50	442 ±33	+80 (↑ 22%)
Cheetah, run	194 +30	150 +34	206 +34	-	-	322 +35	325 +31	+119 (↑ 58%)
average	497	470	569	-	-	678	757	+188 († 33%)

cumulative rewards when tested on randomized colors

cumulative rewards when tested on video background



VAI Outperforms Current SOTA by 61~229% on DrawerWorld

success %	DrawerOpen				DrawerClose			
	SAC	PAD	VAI	Δ	SAC	PAD	VAI	Δ
Grid	98	84	100	+2	100	95	99	-1
	±2	±7	±0	(† 2%)	±0	±3	±1	(↓1%)
Black 95 ±2		95	100	+5	75	64	100	+25
	±2	±3	±1	(† 5%)	±4	±9	±0	(† 33%)
Blanket $\begin{vmatrix} 28 \\ \pm 8 \end{vmatrix}$	28	54	86	+32	0	0	85	+85
		±6	±6	(† 59%)	±0	± 0	±8	$(\uparrow \infty \%)$
Fabric $\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ \pm 1 \end{vmatrix}$	2	20	99	+79	0	0	74	+74
	±1	±6	±1	(† 395%)	±0	± 0	±8	$(\uparrow \infty\%)$
Metal	35	81	98	+17	0	2	98	+96
Wietur	1 ±7	±3	±2	(†21%)	±0	±2	±3	(† 4800%)
Marble $\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ \pm 1 \end{vmatrix}$	3	3	43	+40	0	0	49	+49
	±1	±1	±7	(† 1333%)	±0	± 0	±13	$(\uparrow \infty\%)$
	18	39	94	+55	0	12	70	+58
	±5	±9	± 4	(† 141%)	± 0	+2	+6	(† 483%)
average	40	54	87	+33 (↑ 61%)	25	25	82	+57 (↑ 228%)

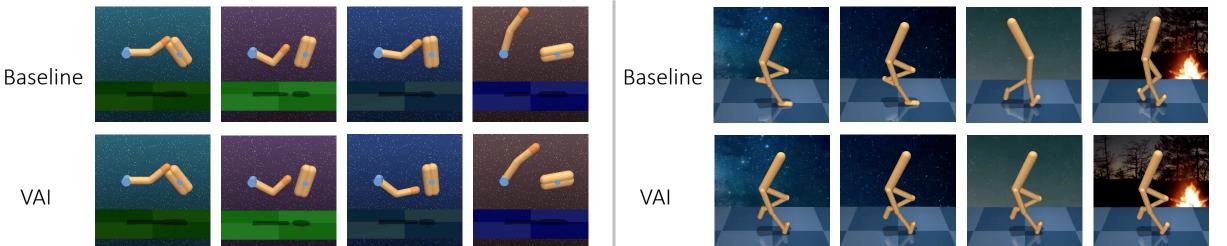
success rate when tested on realistic textures



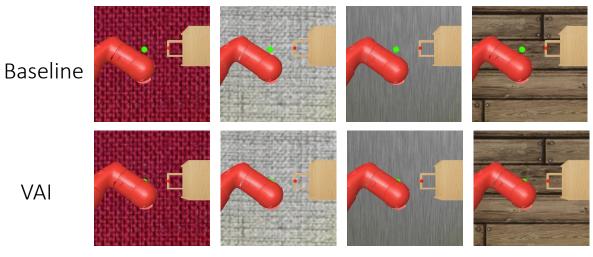
Demo

Task: Finger, spin; Test env.: randomized color

Task: Walker, walk; Test env.: video background



Task: DrawerOpen; Test env.: realistic textures





VAI



Adapt the vision, not RL!

