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BatVision: Learning to See 3D Spatial Layout with Two Ears

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Existing Sensors have some Drawbacks

- Vision is valuable sensor but sometimes fails
- Ultrasound, Radar or LIDAR sensors are often costly, complex and provide limited information





Image: Dark shadows by <u>Christopher Kyba</u> is licensed under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License</u>. https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/legalcode



Approach Inspired by Nature

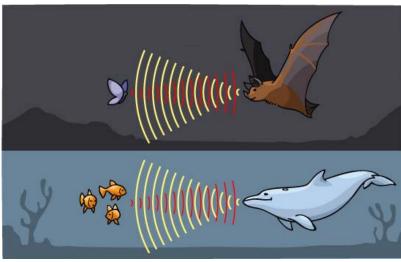
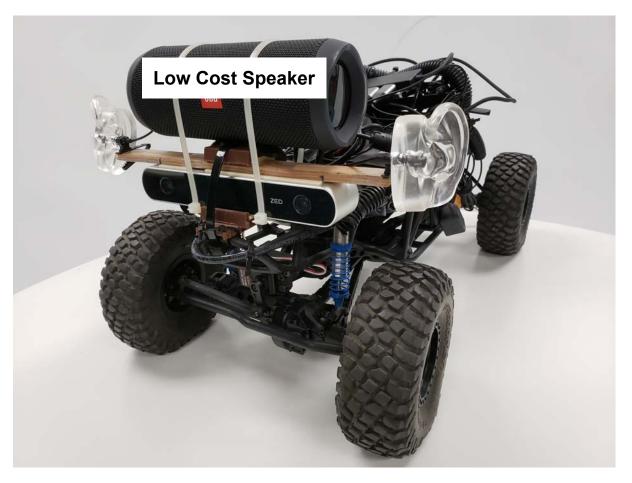
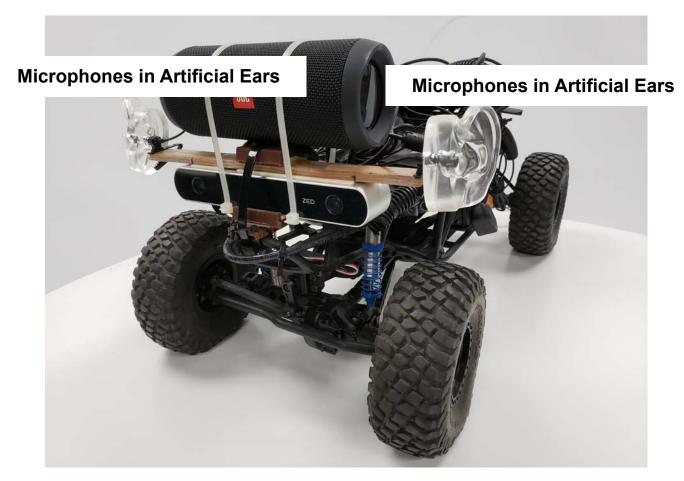
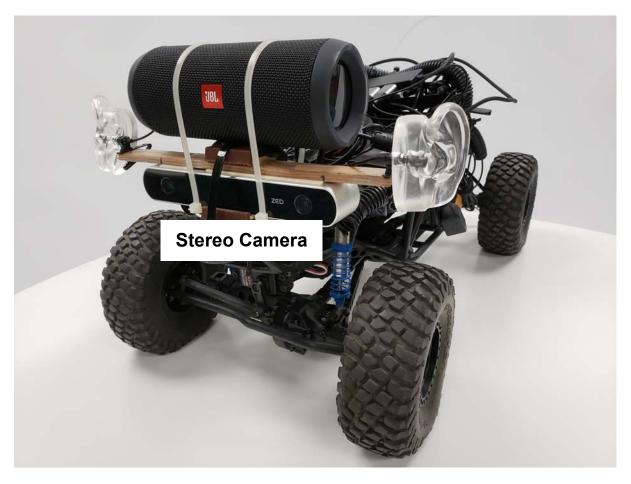


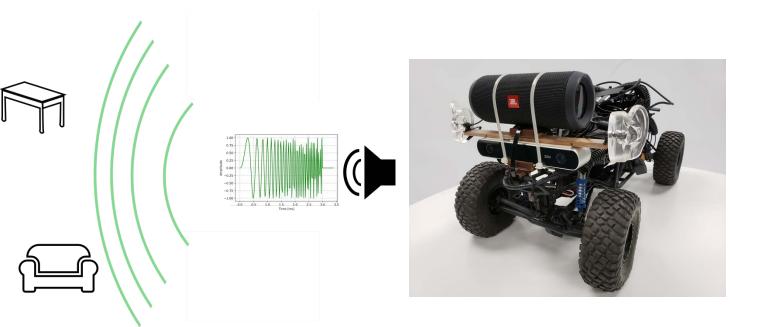
Image credit: https://askabiologist.asu.edu/echolocation





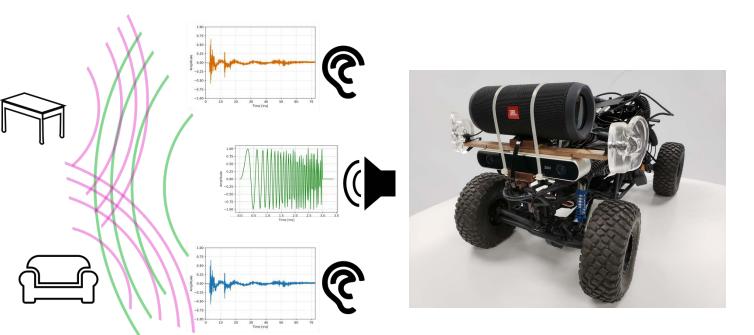




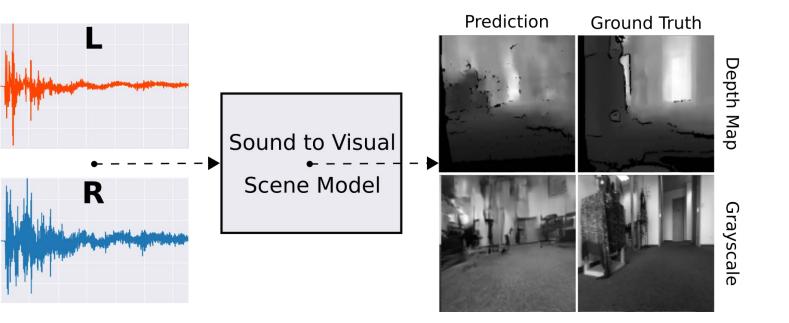


Chirp:

- 3 Milliseconds
- From 20hz to 20kHz



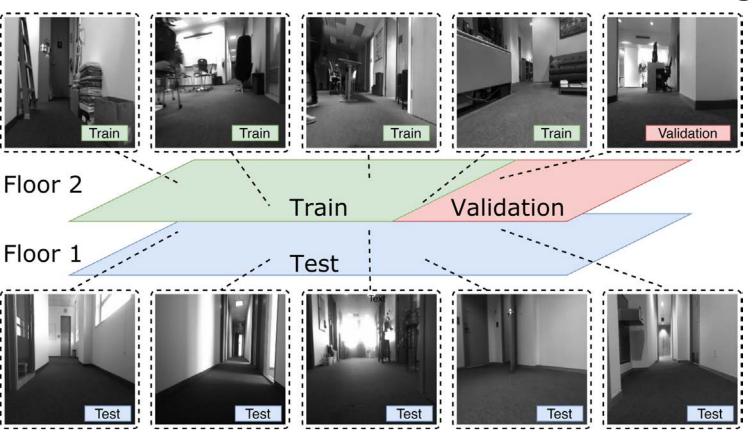
Neural Network Prediction of Visual Layout from Sound



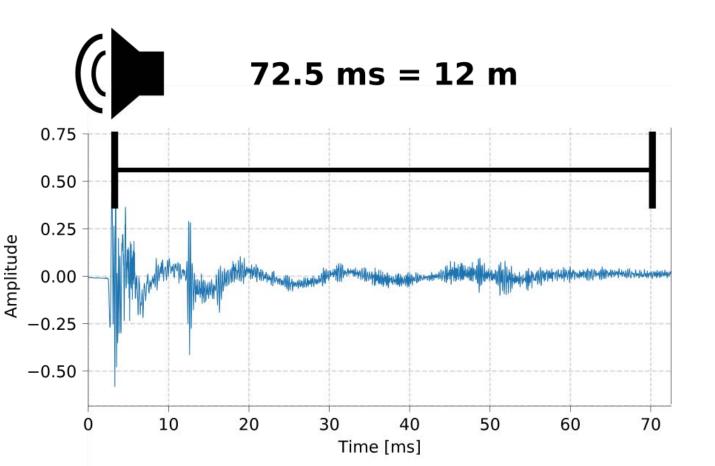
Dataset: Binaural echo to depth

Our system sends chirps in the audible spectrum from a mounted speaker.

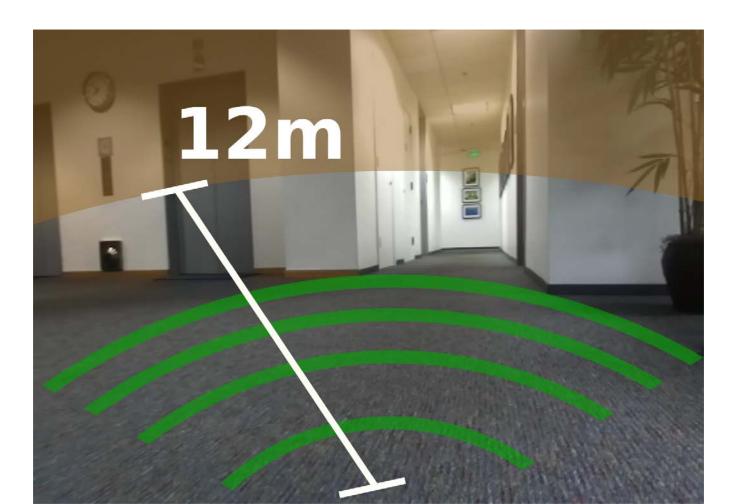
Data Collection in Office Building

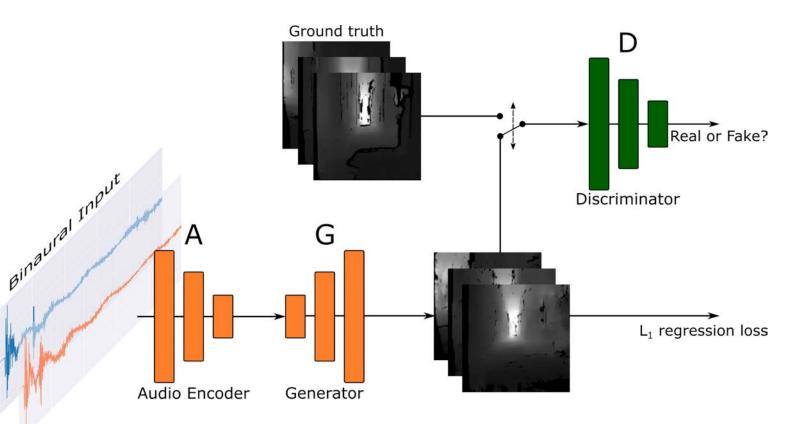


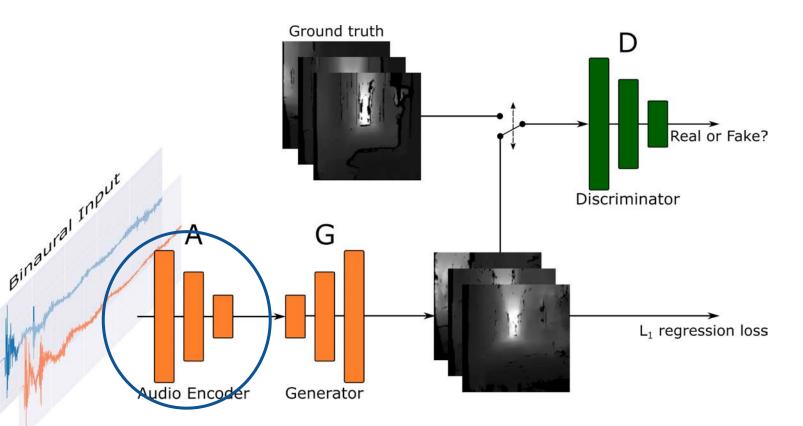
Echos cut off at fixed distance

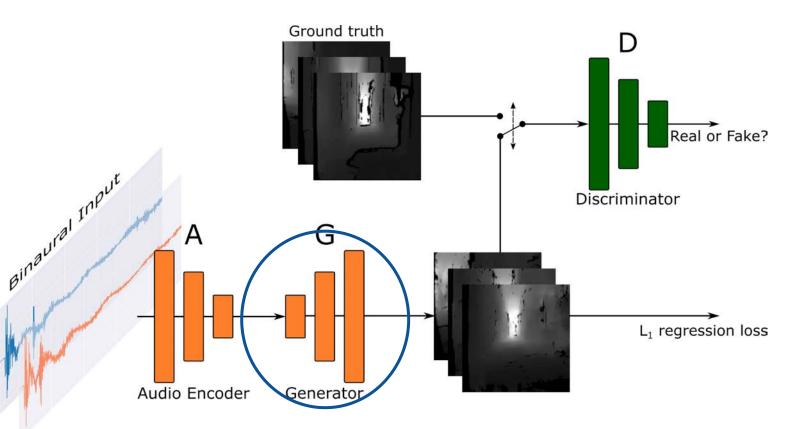


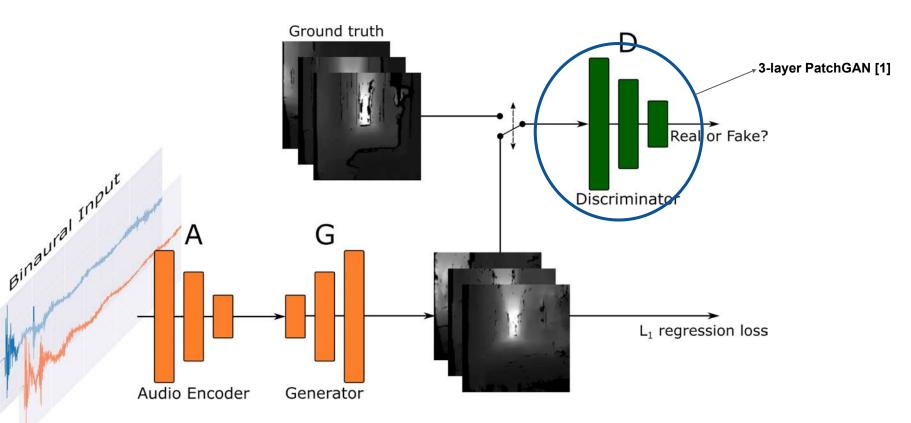
Structure Beyond can not be Directly Observed



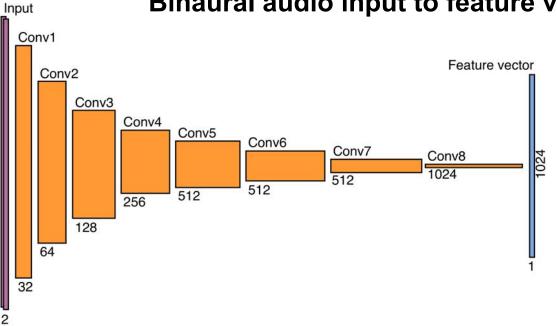


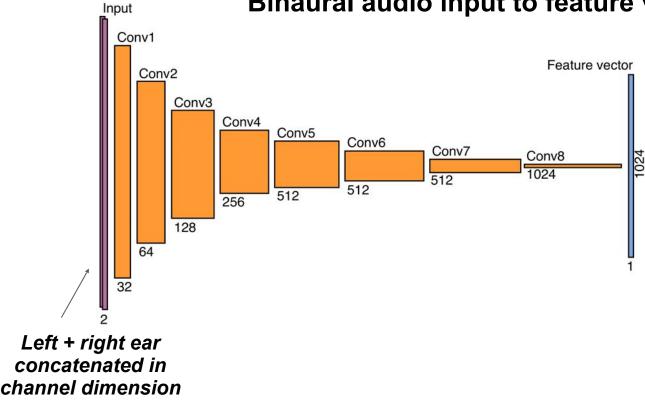


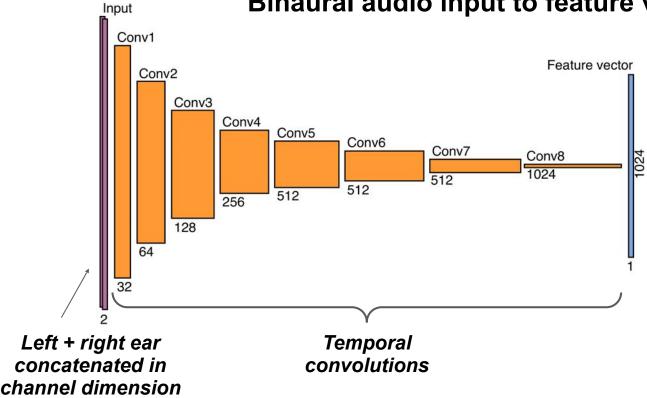


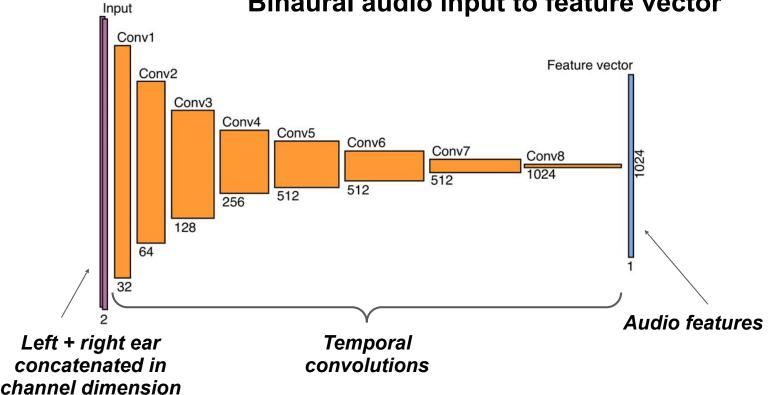


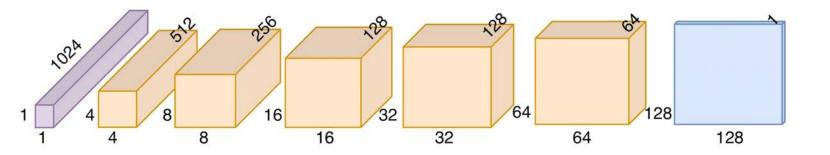
[1] Isola et al., Image-to-Image Translation with Conditional Adversarial Networks, https://arxiv.org/pdf/1611.07004.pdf Christensen Horpauer

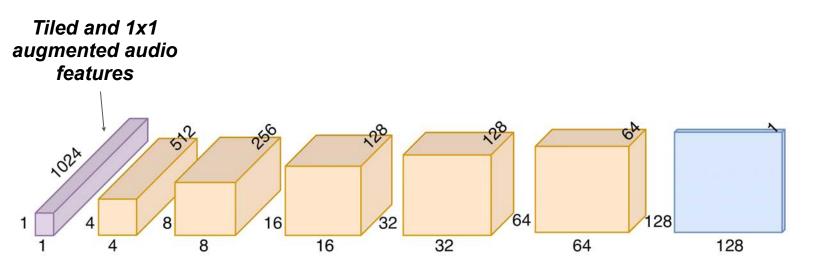


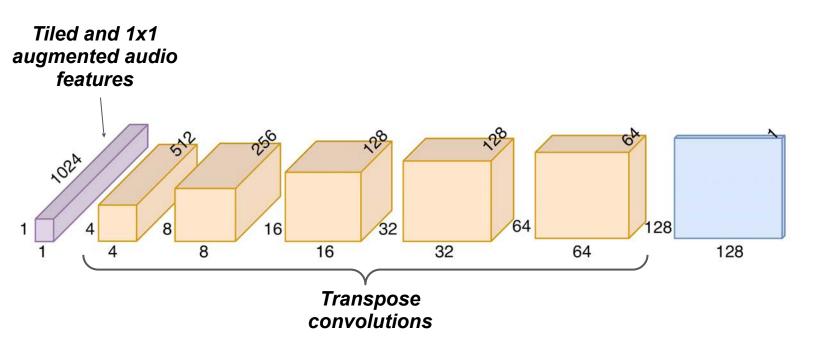


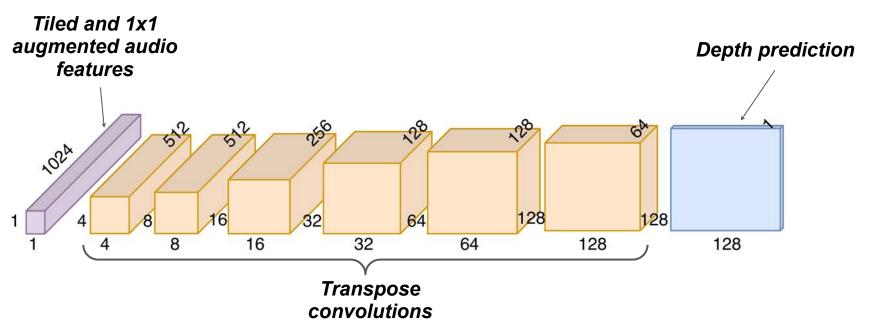














Grayscale image from camera



Grayscale image from camera

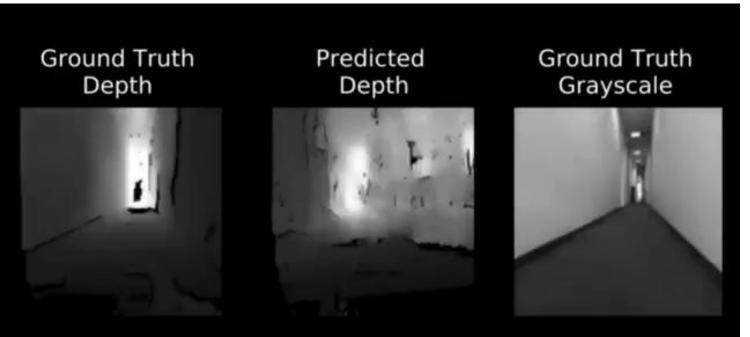
Depth map from stereo camera



Grayscale image from camera

Depth map from stereo camera

Predicted depth map from a single binaural echo



The depth reconstruction is robust against vision artefacts from failed depth calculations of the stereo to depth algorithm.

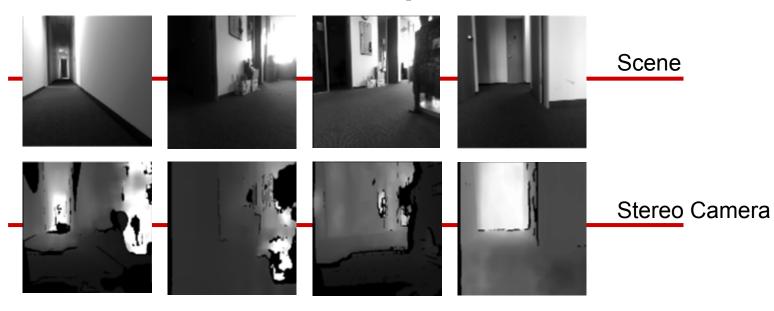
Results: Error prone to vision artifacts

Scene





Results: Error prone to vision artifacts

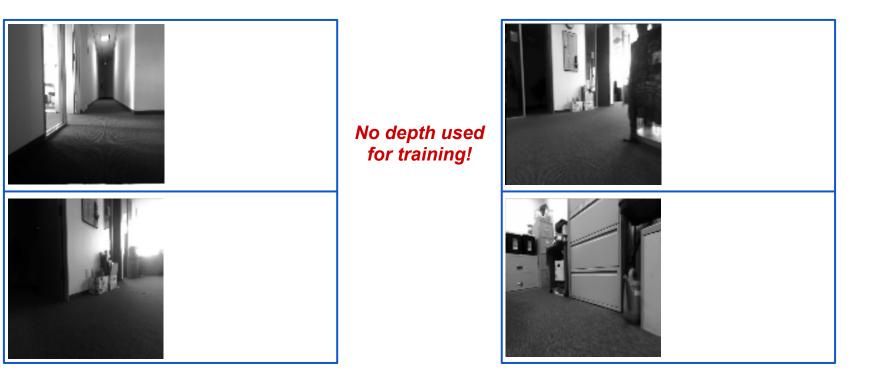


Results: Error prone to vision artifacts



Results: Grayscale layout

Plausible layout of free space / obstacles



Results: Grayscale layout

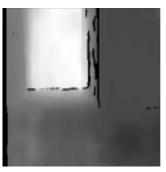
Plausible layout of free space / obstacles



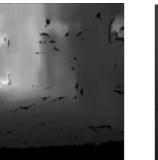
Conclusion

- → First sound-to-vision model
- → Depth prediction
- → Grayscale "layout" prediction
- → Failure cases at close range and dense scenes

Stereo depth



BatVision depth



Grayscale image



BatVision layout

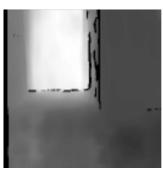


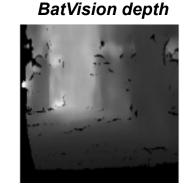
Paper: https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.07011

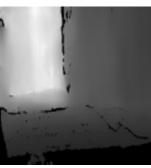
Improving BatVision

Generalized Cross-Correlation Features + architecture modifications

Stereo depth







Grayscale image



BatVision layout



New



Christensen, Hornauer & Yu, BatVision: Learning to See 3D Spatial Layout with Two Ears

New