

RFID Privacy: What's in Your Pocket?

Kevin Fu

kevinfu@cs.umass.edu

Assistant Professor

Department of Computer Science

University of Massachusetts Amherst, USA

www.rfid-cusp.org



The Sixth Conference on Computers, Freedom, and Privacy

CFP96@MIT

**March 27-30, 1996
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge, Massachusetts**



Computer Science

rfid-cusp.org

RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

CLIPPER 2.1

SpyWare

(NIST 64-bit Software Key Escrow Encryption standard)

Features

- Mandatory key escrow (MKE)
- Government certified escrow agents
- Compatibility with national wiretap plan
- NON-interoperable with all current crypto systems
- Limited key length and no Triple-DES

From the (classified) Users Manual:

"Prohibits cryptography that is not capable of real-time decryption by law enforcement"

EPIC Review

"Clipper 2.1 is the software implementation of the popular Clipper chip. With all the great features of the original, NIST picks up where the NSA left off. Some undocumented features."



Electronic Privacy Information Center
Washington, DC
<http://www.epic.org/>

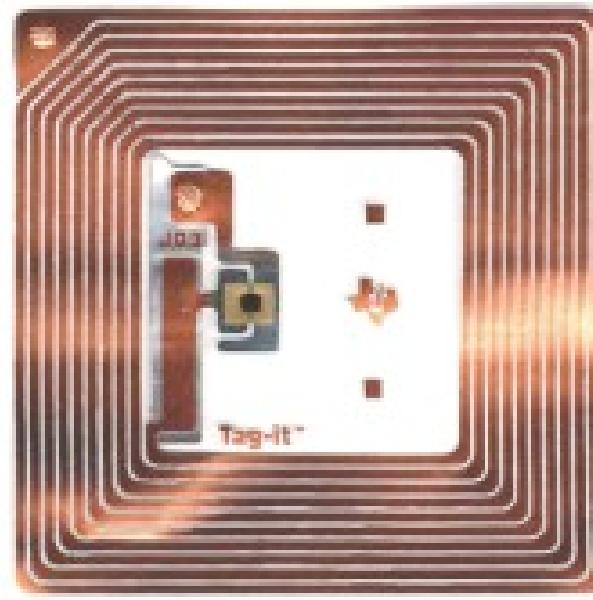


Computer Science

rfid-cusp.org

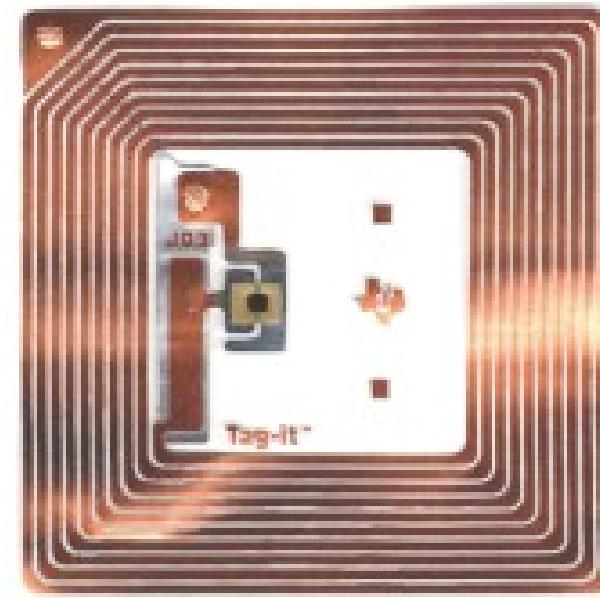
RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

RFID tags in a nutshell



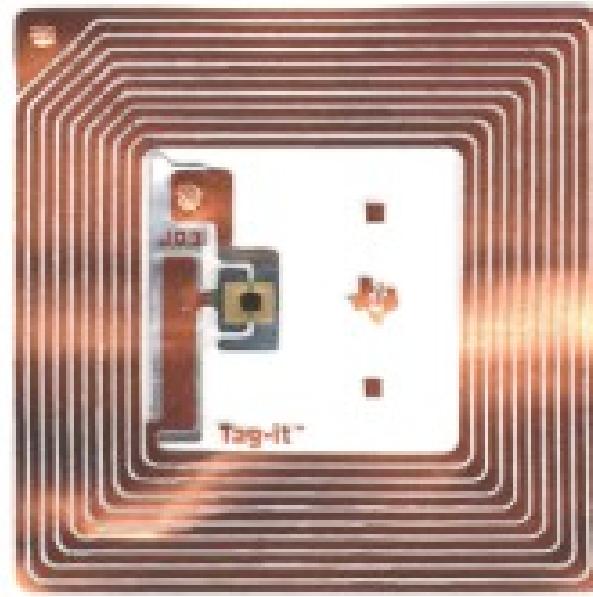
RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement



RFID tags in a nutshell

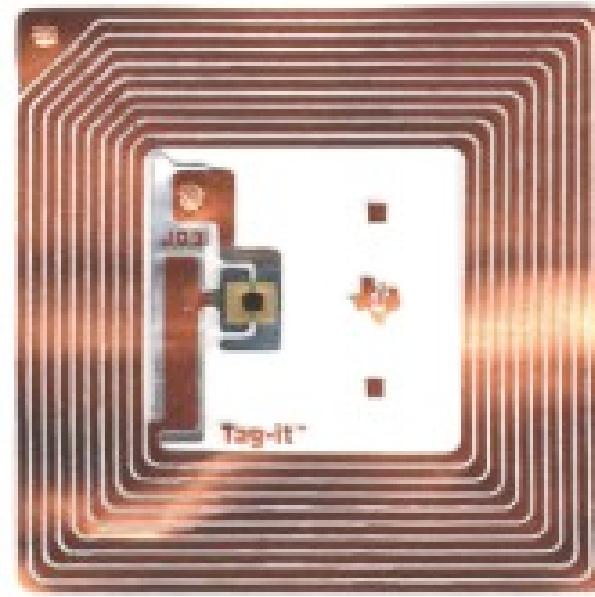
- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers



RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers

Identify a class
of product



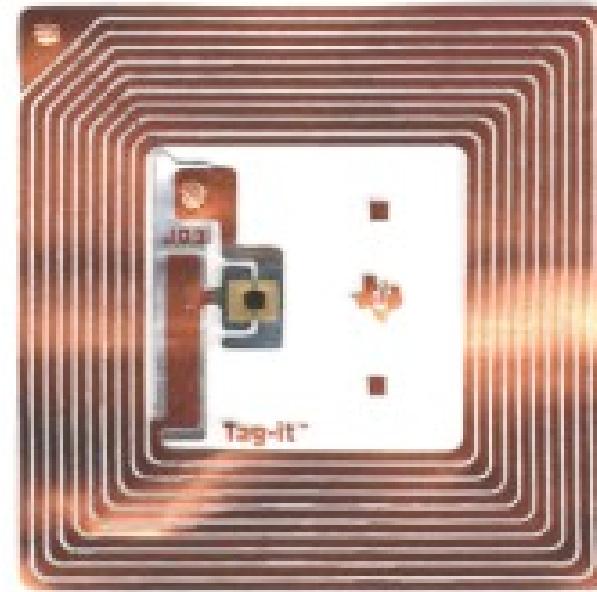
RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers

Identify a class
of product



Identify a
particular item



RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers
- Applications

RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers
- Applications
 - ▶ E-commerce



Computer Science

rfid-cusp.org

RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers
- Applications
 - ▶ E-commerce
 - ▶ Public transportation



Computer Science

rfid-cusp.org

RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers
- Applications
 - ▶ E-commerce
 - ▶ Public transportation
 - ▶ Pharmaceutical anti-counterfeiting

RFID tags in a nutshell

- Originally simple bar code replacement
- Now are mini, low-power computers
- Applications
 - ▶ E-commerce
 - ▶ Public transportation
 - ▶ Pharmaceutical anti-counterfeiting
 - ▶ Medical applications

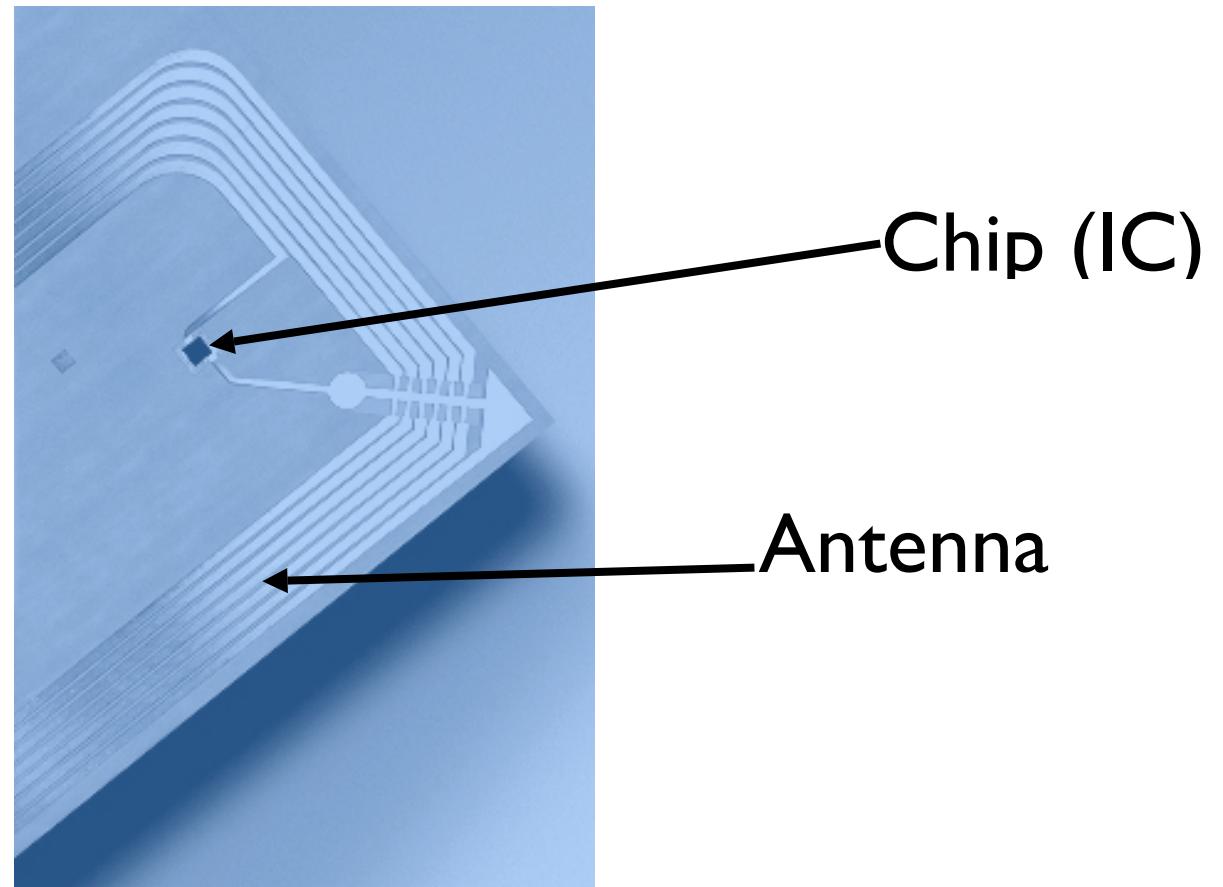


Computer Science

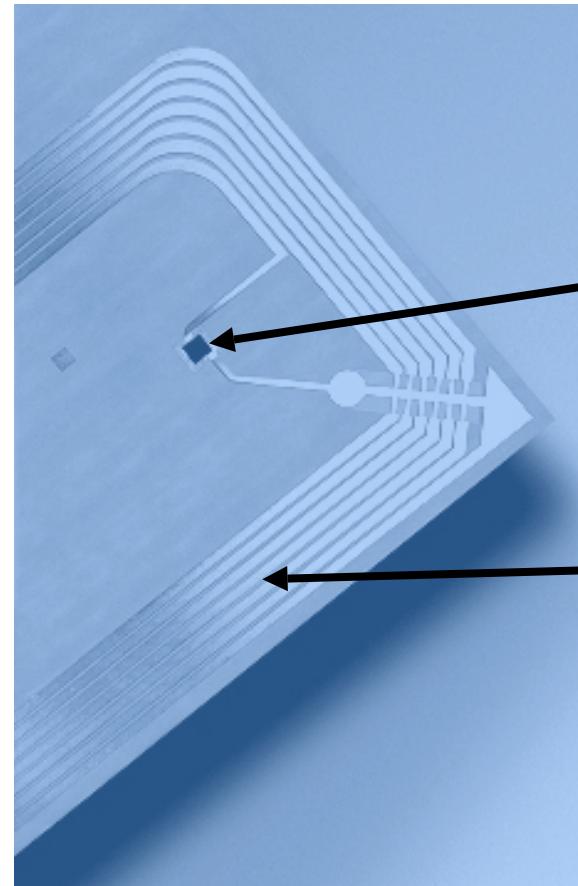
rfid-cusp.org

RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

What's a Radio-Frequency Identification (RFID) tag?



What's a Radio-Frequency Identification (RFID) tag?



EPC “supply chain” tags



The screenshot shows the WISP Demo Application window with several tabs at the top: Statistics, Light/Temperature, Accelerometer, LED, and Flash/UART. The Statistics tab is selected.

Statistics Section:

- Last Tag: 993D 000C 6A70 3B28 3456
- Consecutive Reads: 0
- Seconds Since Last Read: 0
- Last Read Time: 4/27/2007 11:52:03 AM
- Log Statistics

Last 100 Queries:

- % Sensor Tag
- % Other Tag
- % Any Error
- % No Tag Detected
- % Programmed Tag
- % Tag Locked
- % Sniff

Average Response Time
tags responded so far

Raw Display Section:

- Tag:000C 6A70 3B28 3456, CRC:993D, Disc:1999/10/12 22:19:01, Count:3, Ant:0
(No Tags)
- Tag:000B 6A70 3B28 3456, CRC:8079, Disc:1999/10/12 22:19:00, Count:3, Ant:0
(No Tags)
- Tag:000A 6A70 3B28 3456, CRC:3818, Disc:1999/10/12 22:19:00, Count:1, Ant:0
(No Tags)
- Tag:0009 6A70 3B28 3456, CRC:E09A, Disc:1999/10/12 22:18:59, Count:3, Ant:0
(No Tags)
- Tag:0008 6A70 3B28 3456, CRC:58FB, Disc:1999/10/12 22:18:59, Count:3, Ant:0
(No Tags)
- Tag:0007 6A70 3B28 3456, CRC:D212, Disc:1999/10/12 22:18:58, Count:3, Ant:0
(No Tags)

Logging Options Section:

- Noisy WISPS Status:
- RFID COMM Port: 1
- Enable Verify: Run, Verify, G Scroll, Inventory
- n =
- First response
- Noisy WISPS
- Logging Options

Logging Options Settings:

- Desired samples: 1000
- Samples remaining: 0
- Omit Errors, Log reader, Log sensors, Log stats (checkboxes)
- Trial: 1, Suffix: 1, Suffix inc: 1
- AutoLog, Browse filename

S:\masters\doc\WISPVIE



Capabilities of basic RFID tags

Capabilities of basic RFID tags

- Often no tethered power

Capabilities of basic RFID tags

- Often no tethered power
- Limited memory

Capabilities of basic RFID tags

- Often no tethered power
- Limited memory
- Limited computational power

Capabilities of basic RFID tags

- Often no tethered power
- Limited memory
- Limited computational power
- Debatable read ranges



Computer Science

rfid-cusp.org

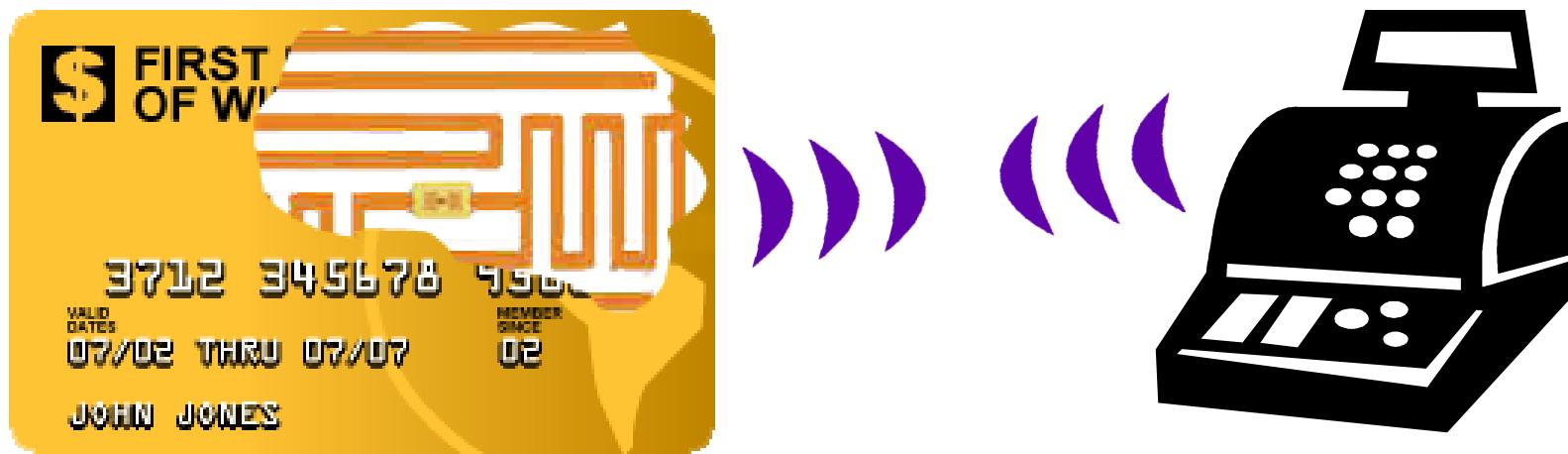
RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

Case Study: RFID Credit Cards

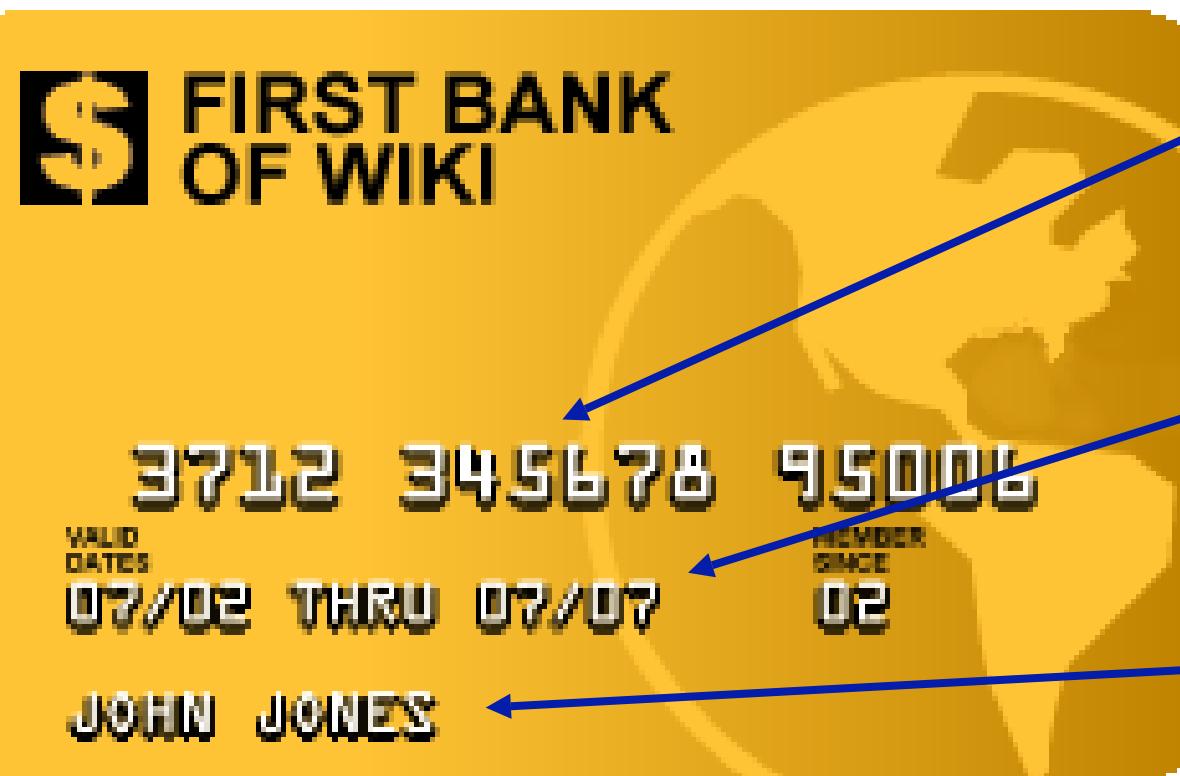
What are RFID Credit Cards?

- “No-swipe” credit card
- “fastest acceptance of new payment technology in the history of the industry.”

[VISA; As reported in the Boston Globe, August 14th 2006]



What do RFID CCs Reveal?



- Credit card number
- Expiration date
- Cardholder name



MASTERCARD COMMERCIAL



Computer Science

rfid-cusp.org

RFID
Consortium for Security and Privacy

How to disable an RFID CC



How to improve privacy

- Consumers need
 - ✓ Justified confidence
 - Not just “security theater” marketing
- Technology must be **open** to public scrutiny
 - RFID CCs use **proprietary** methods
 - ✓ Secure Web sites use a **public** methods

Summary of RFID CCs

- More convenient? (maybe)
- Good fraud control? (maybe)
- Consumer Privacy? (not yet)