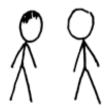
Defect Reporting and Triage

THE OFFICIAL STORY OF 9-11 IS FULL OF HOLES. TAKE THE—

> PLEASE, STOP, BECAUSE SEEING THIS HAPPEN TO YOU BREAKS MY HEART.



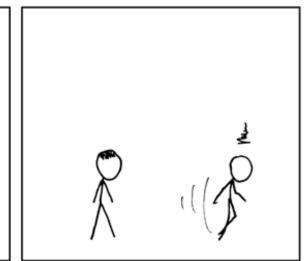
CONSPIRACY THEORIES REPRESENT A KNOWN GLITCH IN HUMAN REASONING. THE THEORIES ARE OF COURSE OCCASIONALLY TRUE, BUT THEIR TRUTH IS COMPLETELY UNCORRELATED WITH THE BELIEVER'S CERTAINTY. FOR SOME REASON, SOMETIMES WHEN PEOPLE THINK THEYVE UNCOVERED A LIE, THEY RAISE CONFIRMATION BIAS TO AN ART FORM. THEY CUT CONTEXT AWAY FROM FACTS AND ARGUMENTS AND ASSEMBLE THEM INTO REASSURING LITANIES. AND OVER AND OVER I'VE ARGUED HELPLESSLY WITH SMART PEOPLE CONSUMED BY THEORIES THEY WERE SURE WERE IRREFUTABLE, THEORIES THAT IN THE END PROVED COMPLETE FICTIONS.



YOUNG-EARTH CREATIONISTS, THE MOON LANDING PEOPLE, THE PERPETUAL MOTION SUBCULTURE— CAN'T YOU SEE YOU'RE FALLING INTO THE SAME PATTERN?

YOU DON'T SERIOUSLY BELIEVE WE LANDED ON THE MOON, DO YOU?

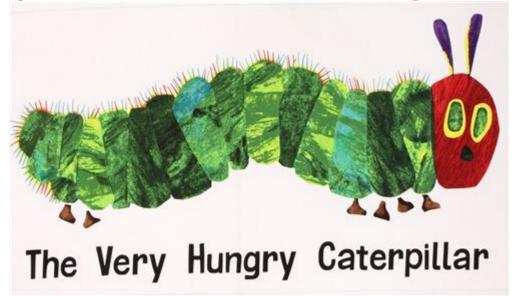






The Story So Far ...

- Quality assurance is critical to software engineering.
- Static (code review, inspection, dataflow analysis) and dynamic (testing, instrumentation) approaches are common
- What happens to all of the bugs those find?



One-Slide Summary

- A software defect report includes information and communications related to addressing a software issue.
 - Defect reports have many components.
- Defect reports are subject to triage based on severity and priority information.
- Defect reports have a lifecycle that is complicated and non-linear with multiple possible resolutions.

Is This Really A Problem?

"Every day, almost 300 bugs appear that need triaging. This is far too much for only the Mozilla programmers to handle."

- Mozilla Developer



Is This Really A Problem?

"Every day, almost 300 bugs appear that need triaging. This is far too much for only the Mozilla programmers to handle."

- Mozilla Developer, 2005

Plus ça change ...



Bugzilla Q Search Bugs

■ Browse Advanced Search >>>

New Account Log In Forgot Password

Sun Feb 11 2018 04:01:56 PST

This list is too long for Bugzilla's little mind; the Next/Prev/First/Last buttons won't appear on individual bugs.

Status: UNCONFIRMED, NEW, ASSIGNED, REOPENED

creation date: (is greater than or equal to) -52w

100	10000 bugs found.							
	ID	Product	Comp	Assignee ▲	Status ▲	Resolution	Summary	Changed
	1433881	Mozilla Developer Ne	Localization	a.topal	UNCO		Add option for Bosnian translation to MDN Web docs	Mon 09:05
	1406748	Taskcluster	Platform Libraries	anejaalisha	UNCO		$\label{lem:Add} \mbox{ Add utility function to clients to handle limit/continuation} \mbox{ Token automatically for API endpoints} \\$	2017-10-09
	1409766	NSS	CA Certificate Mis-I	arkadiusz.lawniczak	UNCO		Certum: CAA Mis-Issuance on CNAME pointing directly to restrictive CAA record	Fri 14:04
	1420860	NSS	CA Certificate Mis-I	arkadiusz.lawniczak	UNCO		Asseco/Certum: CAA Mis-Issuance on mix of wildcard and non-wildcard DNS names in SAN	Wed 23:17
	1390709	Marketing	User Engagement	ccollins	UNCO		"Join the fight for an open Internet" announcement shall include a reference to the info on the initiative	2017-08-21
	1346294	Bugzilla	Bugzilla-General	christophe.jaillet	UNCO		When you try to display only the disabled users, the complete list is returned instead	2017-03-15
	1433072	Developer Documentat	General	cmills	UNCO		Create page: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Learn/Drafts/Python_on_the _client/Sharing_code_between_client_and_server	2018-01-30
	1388776	Bugzilla	Creating/Changing Bu	create-and-change	UNCO		Mandatory text boxes should not be hidden by default	2017-08-09
	1399115	Bugzilla	Creating/Changing Bu	create-and-change	UNCO		'See Also' rejects 'short' Bugzilla URLs (as suggested by ye ole' mod_rewrite tip)	2017-09-12
	1432875	Bugzilla	Database	database	UNCO		MariaDB Compatibility Problems	2018-01-24
	1401312	Shield	Shield Study	dmarti	UNCO		[Shield] write PHD document for filterbubbler study	2017-09-24
	1394237	Bugzilla	Documentation	documentation	UNCO		Broken link to bug filing guidelines in index 2.2.1 from bugzilla's documentation.	2017-11-16
	1433083	Bugzilla	Documentation	documentation	UNCO		Documentation for 3.5.1.3. Apache with mod_perl — broken link	2018-01-25
	1347875	Firefox for Android	General	droeh	UNCO		ANR executing service org.mozilla.firefox/org.mozilla.gecko.media.MediaControl Service	2017-04-26
	1341669	Bugzilla	Creating/Changing Bu	dylan	UNCO		problem submitting new bug	2017-03-17
	1342187	JSS	Library	edewata	UNCO		Error reporting improvement for PFX.verifyAuthSafes().	2017-04-10
	1376759	Bugzilla	Email Notifications	email-notifications	UNCO		Long comments break sending of bug notification emails	2017-06-28

One More Year ...

100,000/year = 270/day: same rate 15 years in!



■ Browse Advanced Search >>

New Account Log In Forgot Password

Tue Feb 19 2019 09:53 Resolution: Creation date: (is greater than or equal to) -1d					53:16 PST		
bugs for					Baratutta.		ch
ID 1528947	Product	Comp Firefox Monitor	Assignee nobody	NEW	Resolution	Ex monitor runs in private browsing mode	O6:45:20
	External Software Af		nobody	NEW		Crash in [@ mozilla::ipc::FatalError mozilla::ipc::IProtocol::HandleFatal Error mozilla::PRemoteDecoderManagerChild::SendPRemoteVideo DecoderConstructor] with scdetour.dll ("Quick Heal" security software)	09:07:12
1528822	Core	XPCOM	nobody	NEW		Crash in [@ AsyncShutdownTimeout profile-before-change JSON store: writing data]	07:18:10
1528911	Thunderbird	Folder and Message L	nobody	UNCO		Pressing Repair folder twice on IMAP inbox deletes all INBOX messages	01:12:0
1528839	Firefox	Untriaged	nobody	UNCO		Freeze when using Firefox on Plasma Wayland with wayland support enabled	04:32:4
1528990	bugzilla.mozilla.org	Administration	nobody	NEW		Can we rename and alias Web Assembly?	07:25:0
1528802	Cloud Services	Autograph	gguthe	ASSI		Deploy Autograph 2.9	Mon 10
1528850	Firefox	Untriaged	nobody	UNCO		ws-over-hw receive seems unreliable	Mon 15
1528928	Firefox	Normandy Server	nobody	NEW		There is no error message displayed when trying to publish a "Rollback" experiment that targets an active "Rollout"	02:18:0
1528816	Thunderbird	Message Reader UI	nobody	UNCO		View remote content "Preferences" button missing in Conversations message pane	Mon 10
1528943	Core	DOM: Events	nobody	UNCO		Keyboard events during IME composition should give a special key value	05:35:1
1528900	Firefox Build System	Task Configuration	mh+mozilla	NEW		Nightly tasks shouldn't depend on sccache	01:07:2
1528980	Firefox Build System	Try	nobody	NEW		./mach try chooser should show ip/port the server started on	06:52:1
1528840	Thunderbird	Message Compose Wind	bugzilla2007	ASSI		Console error from dispensable code when tabbing forward through recipients in composition; addressingWidgetOverlay.js unused code cleanup	Mon 1
1528803	Core	JavaScript Engine	nobody	NEW		Handle JSOP_BIGINT in ExpressionDecompiler::decompilePC	05:54:

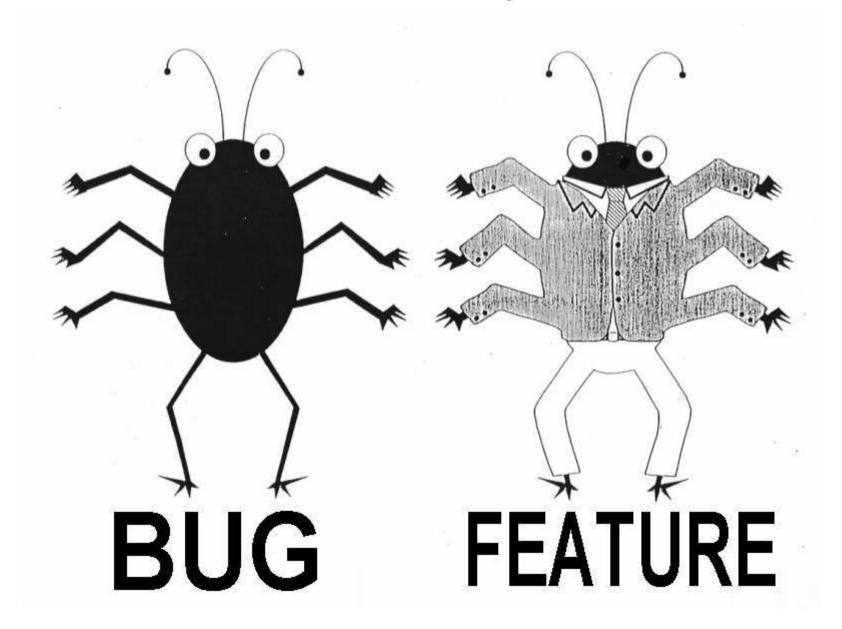
Terminology (1/2)

- The software maintenance lexicon is fraught with ambiguity
 - Terms adapted from "standard" engineering, etc.
- A fault is an exceptional situation at run time
 - In EE: "short circuit", "stuck-at fault"
 - In CS: "trap", "exception"
- A defect is any characteristic of a product which hinders its usability for its intended purpose
 - IRL: "design defect", "manufacturing defect"
 - In CS: a bug is a static defect in the source code

Terminology (2/2)

- A bug report provides information about a defect
 - Created by testers, users, tools, etc.
 - Often contains multiple types of information
 - Often tracked in a database
- A feature request is a potential change to the intended purpose (requirements) of software
 - In CS: an issue is either a bug report or a feature request (cf. "issue tracking system")
- Not used here: "mistake", "error", etc.

These Terms Are Somewhat Subjective

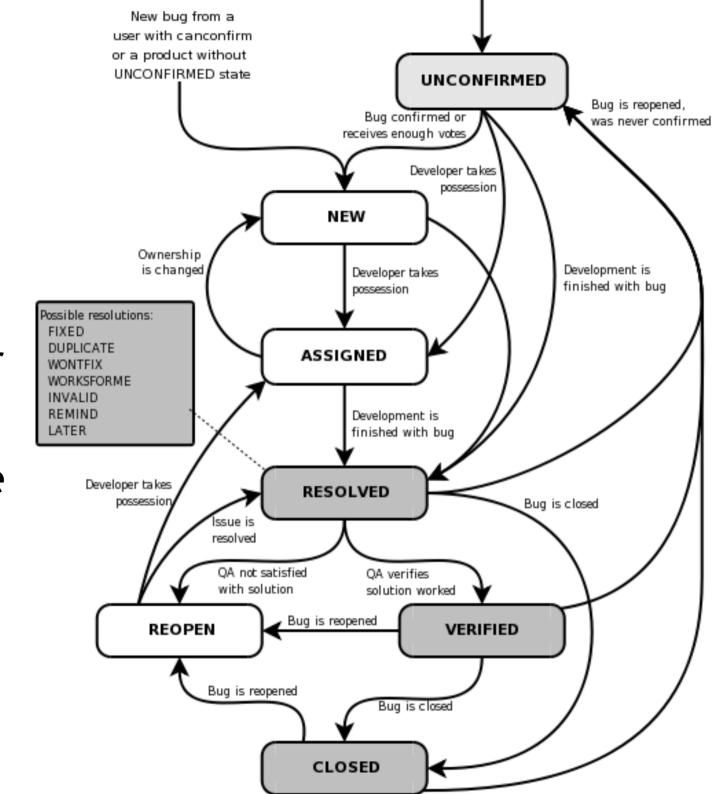


Defect Report Lifecycle

- The defect report lifecycle consists of a number of possible stages and actions, including reporting, confirmation, triage, assignment, resolution, and verification.
 - Not every defect report follows the same path
 - The overall process is *not linear*
 - There are multiple entry points, some cycles, and multiple exit points (and some never leave ...)
- The status of a defect report tracks its position in the lifecycle ("new", "resolved", etc.)

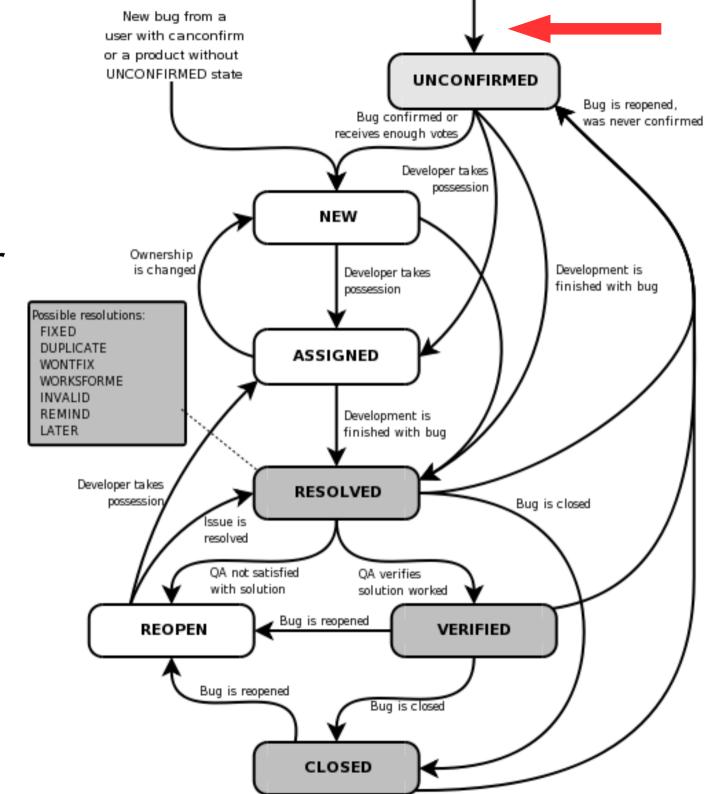
Report Lifecycle

- Bugzilla is a widely-used open-source issue tracker
- GitHub's
 built-in issue
 tracker is
 similar (less
 structured)



Bug is Reported

 New bug reports enter the system



Bug Report Sources

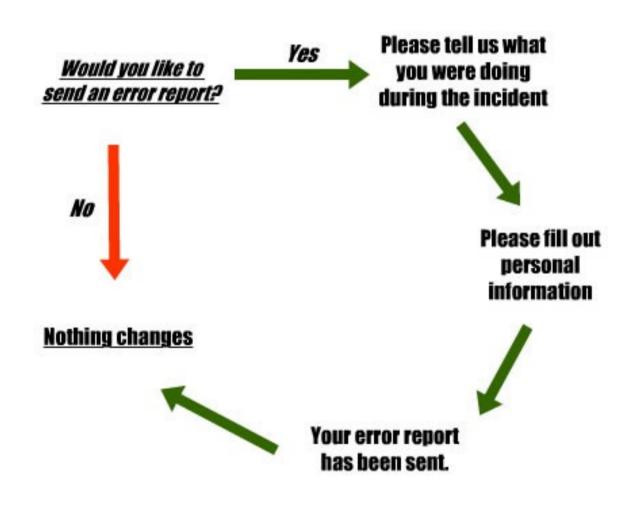
- Internal
 - Developers
 - QA / Testers
 - Reports are usually detailed, sophisticated
- External
 - Beta Testers
 - End Users
 - Reports are usually more general





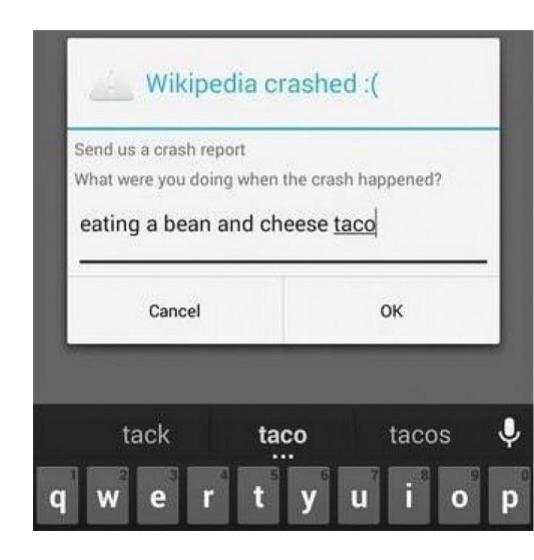
Do End Users Submit Bug Reports?

Sending an error report to Microsoft

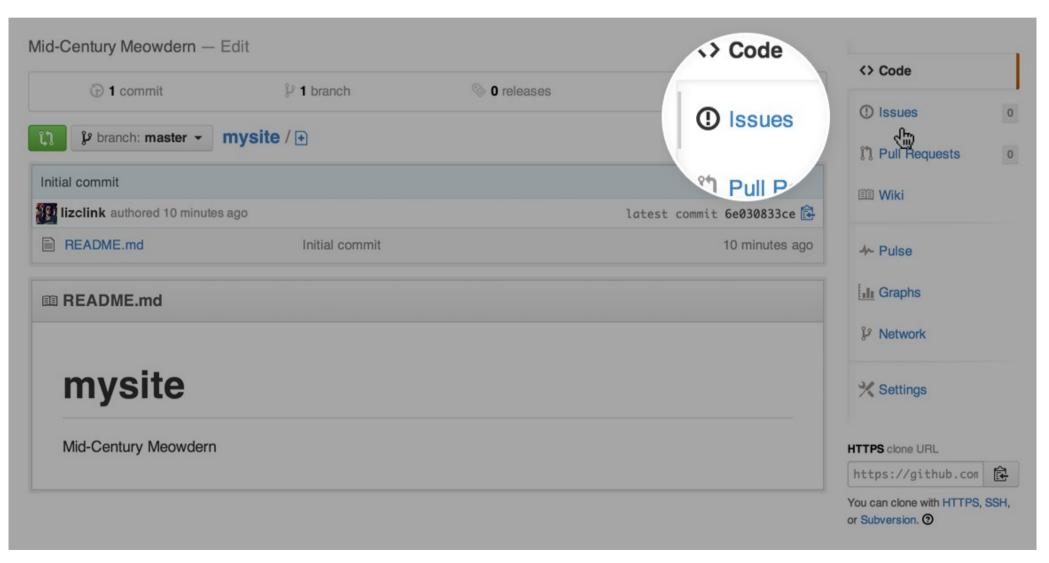


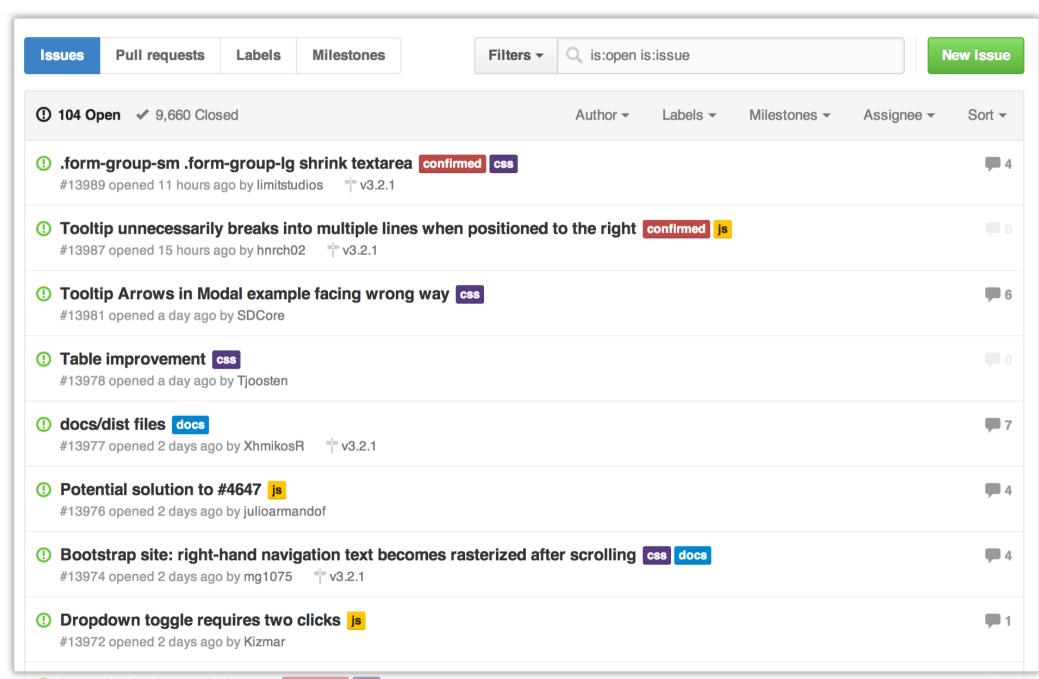
End-User Bug Reports

- Modern view: cannot count on end users to describe bugs in a helpful manner
 - The larger your user base is or the more of a "margin" business model you have, the truer this becomes
- Instead: these are aggregated



Bug Reporting: GitHub





The Anatomy of a Bug Report

What should be in a bug report? What is?



Defect Report Components

Bug 1194147

[AriesKK][Lock Screen]The home button will overlap with the lock icon on lockscreen.

Reported: 3 years ago

Modified: 2 years ago

Status NEW Assigned to prateekjadhwani

Status

Assigne

Product: Firefox OS

Component: > Gaia::System::Lockscreen

Status: NEW

People (Reporter: zouyi(Leave from Mozilla), Assigned: prateekjadhwani)

Tracking

Version: unspecified

Target: ---

Platform: ARM Gonk (Firefox OS)

- Firefox Tracking Flags (b2g-v2.5 affected, b2g-master affected)
- Details (Whiteboard: [2.5-aries-test-run-1])

Whiteboard: [2.5-aries-test-run-1]

Votes: 0 votes

QA Whiteboard: [MGSEI-Triage+]

Defect Report Attachments

- Screenshots
- Videos
- Stack Traces
- Data Files

- Note: rarely present
- Note: may come from multiple sources

Attachments (6 attachments)

AriesKK_v2.5.3gp

3 years ago zouyi(Leave from Mozilla) 3.71 MB, video/3gpp

AriesKK_v2.5.png

3 years ago zouyi(Leave from Mozilla) 741.35 KB, Image/png

Arleskk_v2.5_1.3gp

2 years ago zouyi(Leave from Mozilla) 7.50 MB, video/3gpp

logcatl_1110.txt

2 years ago zouyi(Leave from Mozilla) 388.33 KB, text/plain

Bug log: logcat_1412.txt

2 years ago SandKing 287.58 KB, text/plain

Bug video: Aries_v2.5.3GP

2 years ago SandKing 3.45 MB, video/3gpp

"Ideal" Defect Report Comment

```
[AriesKK v2.5][Lock Screen]Enable PIN, and enter the EMERGENCY CALL from lockscreen, then launch camera by tapping HW-camera
key, and return to EMERGENCY CALL again, tap home button, you will find the home button overlaps with lock icon.
See attachment: AriesKK_v2.5.3gp and logcat.txt
Found at: 10:33
[2.Testing Steps]:
Precondition: Set the lock screen PIN

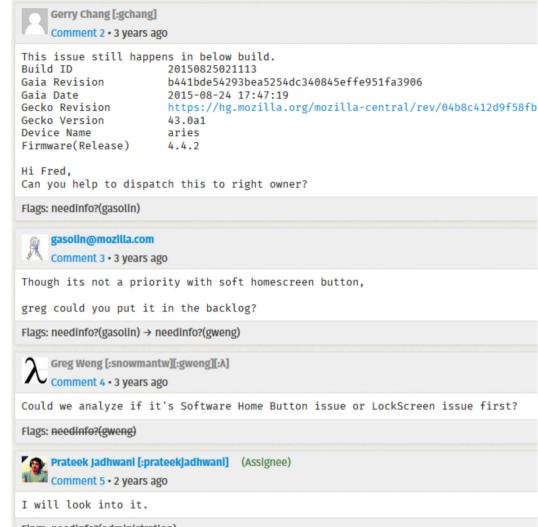
    Lock screen:

2. Slide the circle to unlock icon
3. Tap "EMERGENCY CALL"
4. Long tap HW-Camera key to launch camera
5. Tap home button
Repeat step 1~step 3
7. Tap home button
[3.Expected Result]:
7. Return to lock screen, and it is shown normally without any overlap
[4.Actual Result]:
7. Home button will overlap with lock icon
[5.Reproduction build]:
Device: Aries KK 2.5(Affected)
Build TD
                       20150811234258
Gaia Revision
                       c7875bbc8b32e7b95cc55c9690b03b140905d84d
Gaia Date
                       2015-08-11 18:18:36
                       https://hg.mozilla.org/mozilla-central/rev/d4f3a8a75577e4af2914a4e899ca2e724f9715c4
Gecko Revision
Gecko Version
                       43.0a1
Device Name
                       aries
Firmware(Release)
                       4.4.2
Firmware(Incremental) eng.worker.20150811.230622
Firmware Date
                       Tue Aug 11 23:06:29 UTC 2015
Bootloader
                       s1
[6.Reproduction Frequency]:
Always Recurrence, 5/5
```

[1.Description]:

Defect Reports: Conversations

- Defect reports are not static
- Instead, they are updated over time
 - Request more info
 - Assign to a dev
 - Discuss solutions
- The report is a log of all relevant activity



Flags: needinfo?(administration)

Prateek Jadhwani [:prateekJadhwani] (Assignee)
Updated • 2 years ago

Flags: needinfo?(administration)

Prateek Jadhwani [:prateekJadhwani] (Assignee)
Comment 6 • 2 years ago

:gweng Would it be possible for you to assign it to me?

Flags: needinfo?(gweng)

[:fabrice] Fabrice Desré Updated • 2 years ago

Assignee: nobody → prateekjadhwani

Trivia: Entymology

• This group of insects (order Coleoptera) have hardened wing-cases. They make up 40% of all described insects and 25% of all known animal life-forms. They often feed on plants and fungi, break down animal and plant debris, and eat other invertebrates.

Trivia: Music

 This 1967 Beatles effort was their best-selling album in the UK (17x platinum). In addition to the eponymous fictional-group lead track, it includes With a Little Help from My Friends, Lucy in the Sky with Diamonds, and When I'm Sixty-Four. "On release, the album was lauded by the vast majority of critics for its innovations in music production, songwriting and graphic design, for bridging a cultural divide between popular music and legitimate art, and for providing a musical representation of its generation and the contemporary counterculture."

Trivia: Movies

• This giant, lumbering paranormal monster from the Ghostbusters franchise appears when Gozer tells the heroes that it will take the form of the next thing they think of. Ray tries to think of "the most harmless thing ... that could never possibly destroy us."

- A child is offered a choice between one reward now or two rewards 15 minutes later.
- Over 600 children took part.
- Some would "cover their eyes with their hands or turn around so that they can't see the tray, others start kicking the desk, or tug on their pigtails, or stroke the marshmallow as if it were a tiny stuffed animal," while others would simply eat the marshmallow as soon as the researchers left.

• Results:

- A minority choose the single reward immediately
- A majority attempted to wait the 15 minutes
 - One-third of those who attempted succeeded
 - Age was a major correlated factor
 - Trust/belief in reward was also a major factor
- This work is well-known because of the associated follow-up studies and correlations



- The ability to delay gratification also correlates with higher SAT scores
- Brain imaging study of a sample from the original Stanford participants when they reached mid-life showed key differences between those with high delay times and those with low delay times in two areas: the prefrontal cortex (more active in high delayers) and the ventral striatum, (more active in low delayers) when they were trying to control their responses to temptations

- Also correlates with educational attainment, body-mass index, cognitive and academic competence, and ability to cope with frustration and stress in adolescence
- [Mischel, Walter; Ebbesen, Ebbe B. 1970. "Attention in delay of gratification". Journal of Personality and Social Psychology. 16 (2): 329-337]
- Implications for SE: "quick and dirty" fix or desire to "just start coding" vs. planning and using an SE process

Medical Triage

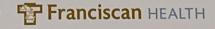
 Which patients should we address first?

WHO GOES FIRST IN THE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT?

Emergency departments triage (sort) patients based on physical and mental need for care. While all patients are important and will be seen, some need care more quickly than others. Please let us know if your symptoms change.

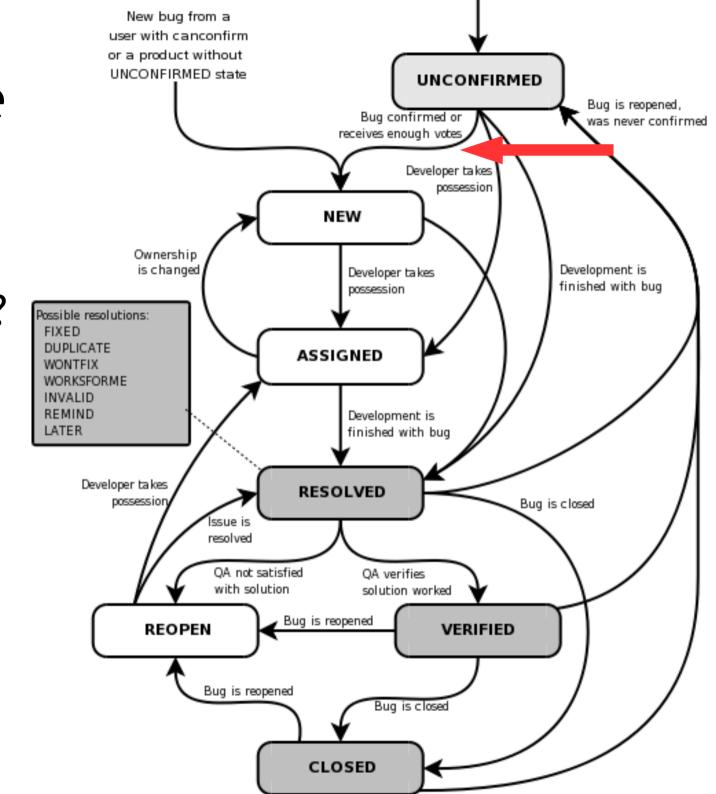
MOST URGENT	SERIOUS CAR CRASH HEART STOPPED BEATING SUSPECTED STROKE				
VERY URGENT	SUSPECTED HEART ATTACK SEVERE TROUBLE BREATHING LARGE BROKEN BONES				
URGENT	FAINTING SEIZURE Head injury	ASTHMA ATTACK TEMPERATURE OVER 104° ALLERGIC REACTION			
LESS URGENT	NEED STITCHES Broken ankle or arm Sore ear, eye or throat				
NOT URGENT	REMOVAL OF ST RENEWING A PR COUGH OR CONG	ESCRIPTION			

PEOPLE HAVING A MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS ARE TRIAGED DIFFERENTLY THAN EXAMPLES ABOVE.



Bug Triage

 Which bugs should we address first?



Triage

- Triage is the assignment of degrees of urgency to wounds or illnesses to decide the order of treatment of a large number of patients or casualties
- There are always more defect reports than resources available to address them
- Cost-benefit analysis
 - How expensive is it to fix this bug?
 - How expensive is it to not fix this bug?

Which Bugs Should We Fix?

Common Myth:







Severity

- Severity is the degree of impact that a defect has on the development or operation of a component or system
 - "cost of not fixing it"
 - Bugzilla severity labels:

Severity	Meaning
Blocker	Blocks further development and/or testing work.
Critical	Crashes, loss of data (internally, not your edit preview!) in a widely used and important component.
Major	Major loss of function in an important area.
Normal	Default/average.
Minor	Minor loss of function, or other problem that does not affect many people or where an easy workaround is present.
Trivial	Cosmetic problem like misspelled words or misaligned text which does not really cause problems.
Enhancement	Request for a new feature or change in functionality for an existing feature.

Priority

- Defect Priority (Bug Priority) indicates the importance or urgency of fixing a defect.
- Phabricator examples:
 - Needs Triage Default option, priority has not yet been determined
 - Unbreak Now! Something is broken and needs to be fixed immediately, setting anything else aside
 - **High** Someone is working or planning to work on this task soon
 - Normal Less than High, but someone still plans to work on it
 - Low Less than Normal, but someone still plans to work on it
 - Lowest Nobody plans to work on this task

Priority Assignment Example

- Phabricator Agile example:
 - **High priority** for tasks committed for the current sprint, or that need to find an owner who can start working on them soon
 - Normal priority for tasks that are not critical for the current sprint or candidates for a next sprint
 - Low priority for tasks that we can live without, usually sitting in the backlog, sometimes added to a sprint
 - "As a rule of thumb, limit High priority task assignments for a single person to three, five in exceptional times."

Severity vs. Priority

- Severity and Priority are often correlated, but are officially independent
 - A "Normal" Severity issue could currently be "Low" Priority if there are many outstanding "Critical" Severity issues, etc.
- Severity and Priority are used together (along with complexity, risk, etc.) to evaluate, prioritize and assign the resolution of reports
 - Distributed on-line voting (e.g., in open source)
 - In-person meeting (e.g., commercial)

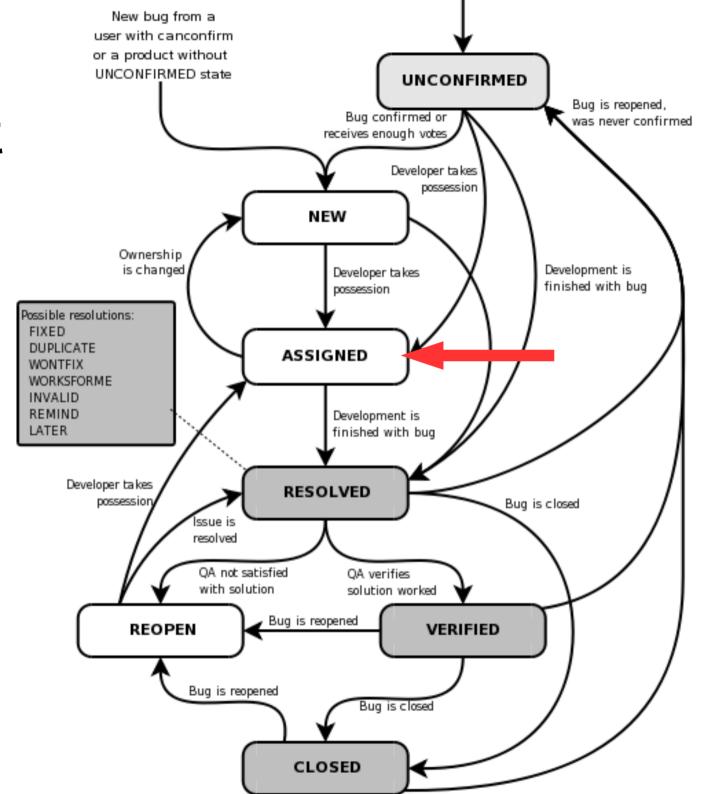
Simple Lie

- Supply + Demand → Price
- Severity + Priority → Triage



Bug Assignment

Who should fix this bug?



Example

- Severity and Priority discussions
- Assignment discussions

Bug 1383052
Intermittent dom/canvas/test/test_bitmapre
Host::Lock]

NEW Unassigned

▼ Status (NEW bug which is in the backlog of work)

Product: ► Core

Compenent: ► Canvas: 2D

Importance: P3 critical

Status: NEW



Defect Assignment

- An assignment associates a developer with the responsibility of addressing a defect report
- The current state of the art is "manual"
 - Distributed: developers watch the incoming bug report queue and claim defects for themselves
 - Centralized: one or more people in QA watch the incoming bug report queue and assign reports to a pool of developers
- Usually based who "owns" the implicated code

Near Future: Automatic Assignment

Who Should Fix This Bug?

John Anvik, Lyndon Hiew and Gail C. Murphy
Department of Computer Science
University of British Columbia

{janvik, lyndonh, murphy}@cs.ubc.ca

ABSTRACT

Open source development projects typically support an open bug repository to which both developers and users can report bugs. The reports that appear in this repository must be triaged to determine if the report is one which requires attention and if it is, which developer will be assigned the responsibility of resolving the report. Large open source developments are burdened by the rate at which new bug reports appear in the bug repository. In this paper, we present a semi-automated approach intended to ease one part of this process, the assignment of reports to a developer. Our approach applies a machine learning algorithm to the open bug repository to learn the kinds of reports each developer resolves. When a new report arrives, the classifier produced by the machine learning technique suggests a small number of developers suitable to resolve the report. With this approach, we have reached precision levels of 57% and 64% on the Eclipse and Firefox development projects respectively.

However, this potential advantage also comes with a significant cost. Each bug that is reported must be triaged to determine if it describes a meaningful new problem or enhancement, and if it does, it must be assigned to an appropriate developer for further handling [13]. Consider the case of the Eclipse open source project over a four month period (January 1, 2005 to April 30, 2005) when 3426 reports were filed, averaging 29 reports per day. Assuming that a triager takes approximately five minutes to read and handle each report, two person-hours per day is being spent on this activity. If all of these reports led to improvements in the code, this might be an acceptable cost to the project. However, since many of the reports are duplicates of existing reports or are not valid reports, much of this work does not improve the product. For instance, of the 3426 reports or Eclipse, 1190 (36%) were marked either as invalid, a duplicate, a bug that could not be replicated, or one that will not be fixed.

As a means of reducing the time spent triaging, we present

Near Future: Automatic Assignment

Who Should Fix This Bug?

Seven Years Later
ABSTRACT

Open so ree developm bug repositors to wh port bugs. The rebe triaged to determ attention and if it is, responsibility of resolvelopments are burde ports appear in the bug a semi-automated app

process, the assignment of reports to a developer. Our approach applies a machine learning algorithm to the open bug repository to learn the kinds of reports each developer resolves. When a new report arrives, the classifier produced by the machine learning technique suggests a small number of developers suitable to resolve the report. With this approach, we have reached precision levels of 57% and 64% on the Eclipse and Firefox development projects respectively.

Abstract—Large software development projects receive many bug reports and each of these reports needs to be triaged. An important step in the triage process is the assignment of the report to a developer. Most previous efforts towards improving bug report assignment have focused on using an activity-based approach. We address some of the limitations of activity-based approaches by proposing a two-phased location-based approach where bug report assignment recommendations are based on the predicted location of the bug. The proposed approach utilizes a noun extraction process on several information sources to determine bug location information and a simple term weighting scheme to provide a bug report assignment recommendation. We found that by using a location-based approach, we achieved an accuracy of 89.41% and 59.76% when recommending five developers for the Eclipse and Mozilla projects, respectively.

Index Terms—Bug Report Assignment, File Activity Histories, Named Entity Recognition, POS Filtering, Mining Software Artifacts.

not be fixed.

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andling [13]. Consider the

project¹ over a four month

1 30, 2005) when 3426 re-

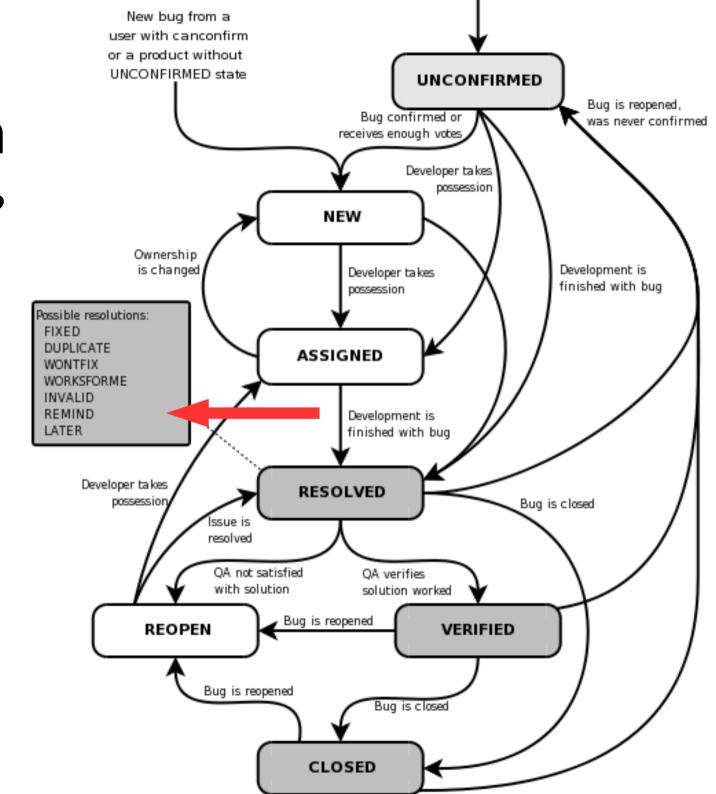
As a means of reducing the time spent triaging, we present

or Eclipse, 1190 (36%) were marked either as invalid, a du-

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Bug Resolution

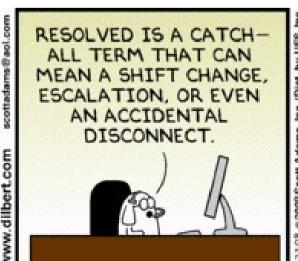
• Did we fix it?



Defect Resolution

- Now that the defect report has been assigned to a developer, it can be localized, debugged, etc. Those are future lecture topics!
- A defect report resolution status indicates the result of the most recent attempt to address it
 - Important: resolved need not mean "fixed"







Possible Resolutions

- Bugzilla resolution options:
 - FIXED (give commit #)
 - **INVALID** (bug report is invalid)
 - WONTFIX (we don't ever plan to fix it)
 - DUPLICATE (link to other bug report #)
 - WORKSFORME (cannot reproduce, a.k.a. "WFM")
 - MOVED (give link: filed with wrong project)
 - NOTABUG (report describes expected behavior)
 - NOTOURBUG (is a bug, but not with our software)
 - INSUFFICIENTDATA (cannot triage/fix w/o more)

Possible Resolutions

- Bugzilla resolution options:
 - FIXED (give commit #)
 - INVALID (bug report is invalid)
- Thought question:
 What fraction of
 bug reports
 end up with each
 Resolution?
- WONTFIX (we don't ever plan to fix it)
- DUPLICATE (link to other bug report #)
- WORKSFORME (cannot reproduce, a.k.a. "WFM")
- MOVED (give link: filed with wrong project)
- NOTABUG (report describes expected behavior)
- NOTOURBUG (is a bug, but not with our software)
- INSUFFICIENTDATA (cannot triage/fix w/o more)

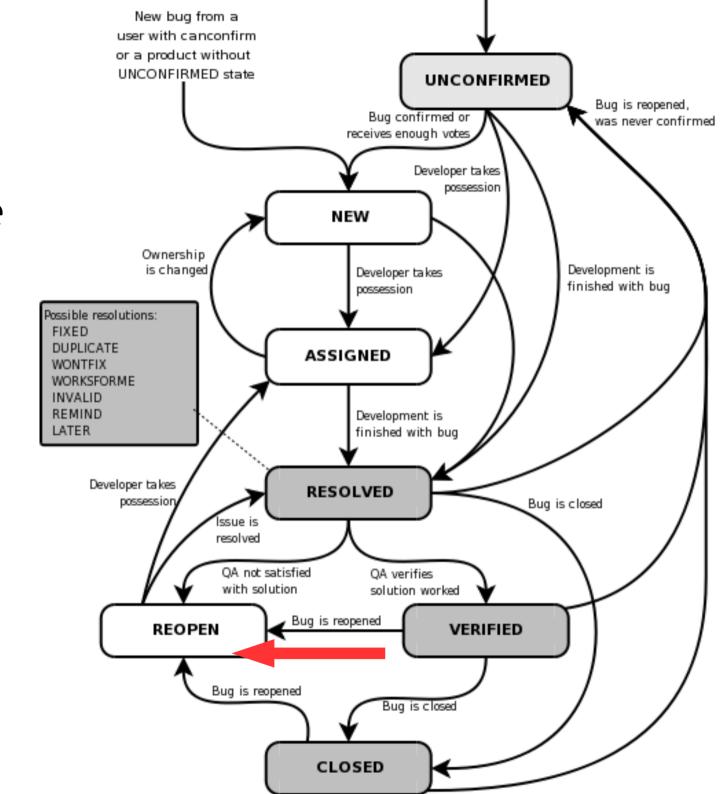
Duplicate, Invalid

A significant fraction of submitted bug reports are spurious duplicates that describe already-reported defects. Previous studies report that as many as 36% of bug reports were duplicates or otherwise invalid [2]. Of the 29,000 bug reports used in the experiments in this paper, 25.9% were identified as duplicates by the project developers.

[Jalbert et al. Automated Duplicate Detection for Bug Tracking Systems. DSN 2008.]

Reopen?

I thought we fixed it!



Reopened

- A defect report that was previously resolved (e.g. "FIXED") may be reopened if later evidence suggests the old resolution is no longer adequate
 - "We thought this fixed it, but now others are reporting it."
 - "We thought this was out of scope, but now we really need to address it."
- Compare: regression testing
- Surely this only happens rarely?

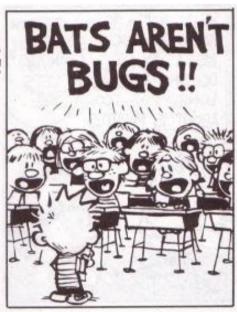
Many Fixes Are Wrong Even On Mature, Critical Software

This paper presents a comprehensive characteristic study on incorrect bug-fixes from large operating system code bases including Linux, OpenSolaris, FreeBSD and also a mature commercial OS developed and evolved over the last 12 years, investigating not only the mistake patterns during bug-fixing but also the possible human reasons in the development process when these incorrect bug-fixes were introduced. Our major findings include: (1) at least 14.8%~24.4% of sampled fixes for post-release bugs 1 in these large OSes are incorrect and have made impacts to end users. (2) Among several common bug types, concurrency bugs are the most difficult to fix correctly: 39% of concurrency bug fixes are incorrect. (3) Developers and reviewers for incorrect fixes usually do not have enough knowledge about the involved code. For example, 27% of the incorrect fixes are made by developers who have never touched the source code files associated with the fix. Our results provide useful guidelines to design new tools and also to improve the development process. Based on our findings, the commercial software

Bug Report Characteristics









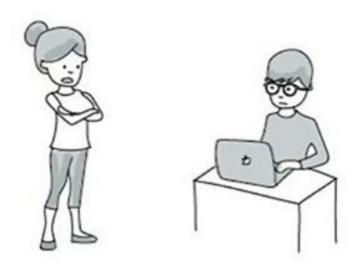
Large Study of Bug Reports

- 2000 defect reports in Linux, Mozilla, Apache
- Memory Bugs: ~15%; Semantic Bugs: ~75%;
 Concurrency Bugs: ~10%
- Bug→Crash: ~20%; Bug→Wrong Behavior: ~80%
 - Why Crash? Memory Bugs ~55%
- Most common? ~50% of Mozilla bugs are GUI issues
- Whence security bugs? 30% memory bug causes (severe), 70% semantic bug causes

Questions?

• Exam #1 looms ... (plus HW #3)





for the last time, simply closing a bug report doesn't fix the bug