Agile Software Development

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EECS 441 WINTER 2018

GILE DRODUCT DEVELOPMENT EECS 441 EALL 2011

Software Development Methodologies

A BRIEF LOOK

John York

Who am I?



Director of Engineering at ProQuest Dialog

Chief Technologist SpellBound AR



A Computer Engineer from the University of Michigan!

An agile development expert with over 12 years of experience deploying and managing agile development at several local companies





Certified Scrum Master

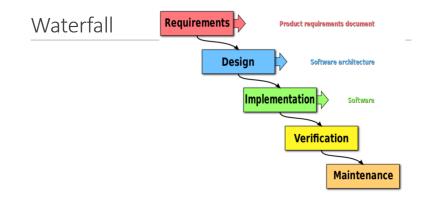






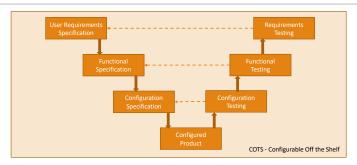
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Iterative/GAMP 5 – V Model



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The Agile: Scrum Framework at a glance Inputs from Executives, Team, Stakeholders, Charts Customers, Users **Daily Scrum** Scrum Meeting Master 1-4 Week **Product Owner** Sprint Team selects starting at top as much as it can commit to deliver by end of Sprint Task Breakout Ranked list of what is required: features, stories, ... Sprint end date and team deliverable do not change **Finished Work** Sprint Backlog Sprint **Planning** Product neon rain Agile Backlog Sprint Retrospective

Agile

Manifesto for Agile Software Development

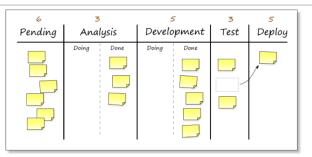
We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:

Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
Working software over comprehensive documentation
Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

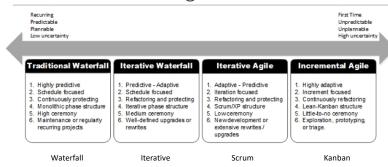
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Kanban



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Which method is right for me?



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Scrum in Detail

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Components of Scrum

- 3 Roles
- 3 Artifacts
- 4 Ceremonies

Three Roles







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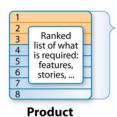
Scrum Roles: A different way of thinking, a better way to drive success Scrum roles differ from traditional project roles.

By collaborating, a Scrum team delivers more business value, faster.

Responsibilities



Three Main Artifacts



Backlog



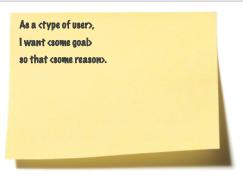


Product Increment

Task

Breakout

User Stories



Acceptance Criteria

Acceptance criteria are the conditions that a software product must satisfy to be accepted by a user, customer, or in the case of system level functionality, the consuming system

Estimating and Story Points

Story points are a unit of measure for expressing an estimate of the overall effort that will be required to fully implement a product backlog item or any other piece of work.

- The amount of work to do
- The complexity of the work
- Any risk or uncertainty in doing the work

Use Fibonacci, not time!

(0, 1) 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55

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Four Ceremonies

Team selects starting at top as much as it can commit to deliver by end of Sprint

Sprint Planning Meeting





Sprint Review



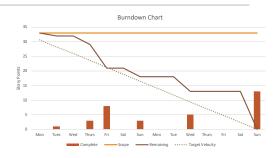
Daily Scrum

Three Questions

What did you do yesterday?

What will you do today?

What is blocking your progress?



Retrospective



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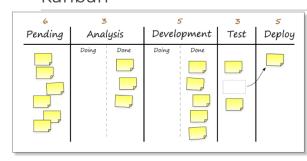
Why Kanban?

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A Scrum Example

CLASS REGISTRATION APP

Kanban



- Great fit for small teams/startups
- Great for
- prototyping
- Great for learning
- All team members help complete each step/no formal roles

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Steps for a Scrum Project

- 1. Define the Problem/Goal
- 2. Assign Roles
- Scrum Master
- Product Owner Team
- 0
- 3. Break it Down
 - Story Map
 - Product Backlog
- 4. Determine Minimum Viable Product
- 5. Write User Stories

- 6. Groom/Estimate User Stories
- 7. Sprint Planning
- 8. Sprint (1-4 weeks)
 - Daily Scrum
 - Sprint Review
 - Sprint Retrospective
- 9. Iterate 5-8 until MVP
- 10. Release?
- 11. Repeat 1-11 while \$\$\$

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1. Problem Statement and Goal

PROBLEM STATEMENT

GOAL

Create a mobile app to allow students to register for classes

Find a class and register a student for it

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Goal - Find a class and register a student for it

3. Break it Down



Product Owner Driven

User Activities

- Login
 - Find class
 - Register for the class
 - · View class schedule



2. Assign Roles

Ideally Self-Assigned

Scrum Master - ?

Product Owner - ?

Team - ?

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Goal - Find a class and register a student for it

3. Story Map/Product Backlog



User Activities

- Login
 - Create home page
- Create navigation
- Register
- Reset password

Find class

- · Display list of classes
- View a single class

- Register for the class
- Add register link to class view page
- Register page
- Confirmation page
- View class schedule
- Add link to navigation page
- View class schedule

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User Stories



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User Activities

- Login
- · Create home page
- · Create navigation
- Register
 Reset password
- The Team
- · Find class
- · Display list of classes
- · View a single class



• Register for the class

- Add register link to class view page
- Register page
- Confirmation page
- · View class schedule
- Add link to navigation page
- View class schedule

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5. Write User Stories



User Activities

- Login
- Create home page
- · Create navigation
- Register
- Reset password
- Find class
- Display list of classes
- View a single class



Create Home Page

As a student

I want to start the app so that I can register for classes

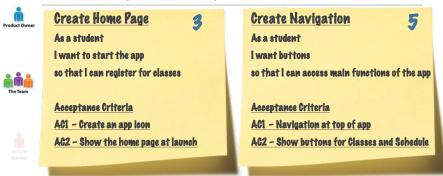
Acceptance Criteria

ACI - Create an app icon

AC2 - Show the home page at launch

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6. Groom/Estimate/Prioritize Stories



7. Sprint Planning



Scrum Master Driven

Review the top priority stories from the product backlog and decide how many stories can be completed in the sprint.



Pull as many stories as the team thinks can be achieved into the sprint backlog.

Break stories down into tasks doable in a few hours. If story is not doable in a single sprint, consider breaking it down into smaller stories.



8. Sprint



Scrum Master Drives Daily Meeting, Sprint Review at end of Sprint and Sprint Retrospective

Team raises any obstacles, Scrum Master works to help resolve them through Product Owner, other team members, outside resources, etc.



Scrum master can create a burn down chart for stories in the sprint and track daily progress



10. Release



Congrats!





9. Iterate 5-8 until MVP



If product meets MVP, release it! If not, keep iterating until releasable.





11. Repeat 1-11 while \$\$\$



Define new goals, update product backlog, define new MVP and iterate





Appendix

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Product Owner Challenges



Get a backlog

Maintaining the backlog

Managing scope

Writing user stories

Reviewing completed work

Customer proxy

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Team Challenges



Cross functional

Co-located vs. disperse

Existing siloes such as UX, QA, etc

Over/under committing

Sizing vs. estimating

Technical debt

Team size (3-9 optimal)

Scrum Master Challenges



Removing obstacles/impediments

Coaching vs. controlling

Managing tools (JIRA, Trello, Excel, etc)

"Recovering" project manager

Gaining team commitments

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Optional Artifacts





Definition of Done

Definition of Ready

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User Story - Definition of Ready

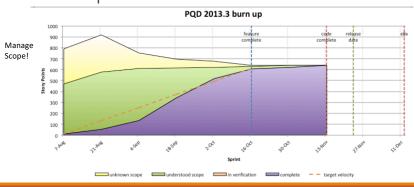
- •User Story must be clearly understood by all team members
- •User Story must have Acceptance Criteria
- •User Story must be estimated
- •User Story must be sized appropriately
- •User Story must be free of external dependencies

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User Story - Definition of Done Example

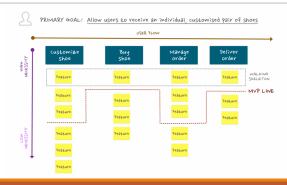
- •QA Manual regression Test scripts written and updated
- •Automated tests (JUNIT or Selenium or etc.) with documented exceptions
- •All Acceptance Criteria tested and passed
- •Code peer-review with component owner
- •Adhere to code conventions
- •Product owner review/sign off

Burn Up Chart



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Minimum Viable Product (MVP)



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