

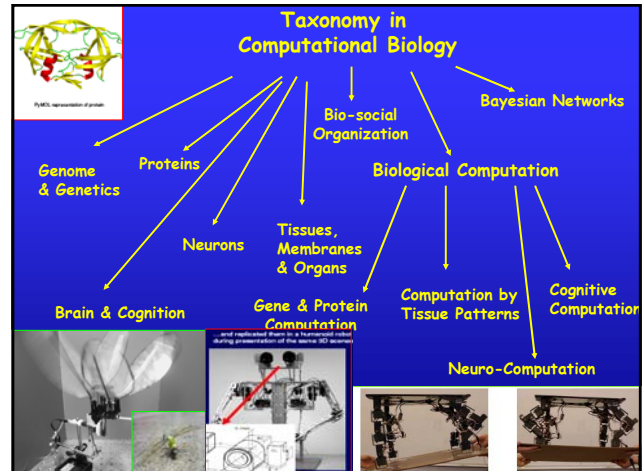
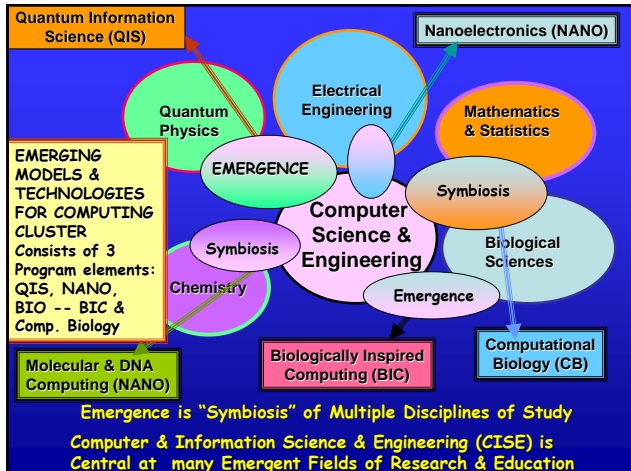
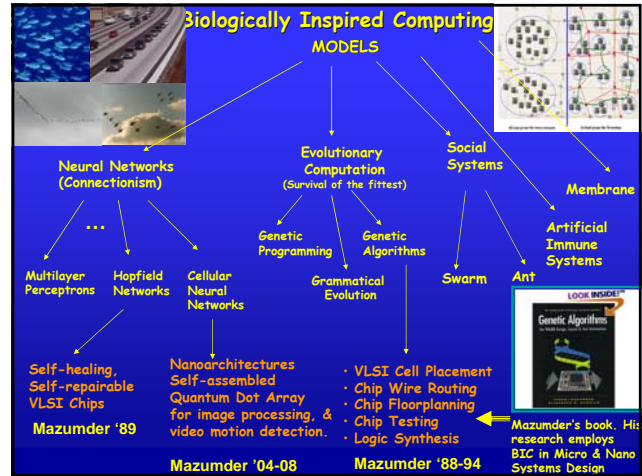
Emerging Models & Technology

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Univ. of Michigan
 Program Director
 Emerging Models & Technologies
 Computing & Communications Foundations
 CISE Directorate
 National Science Foundation



CCF Division Research Clusters

1. Theoretical Foundations
2. Foundations of Computing Processes and Artifacts
3. Emerging Models and Technologies for Computation (11th Floor, 1115)



From in-Silico To in-Vivo Computing

APPLICATIONS

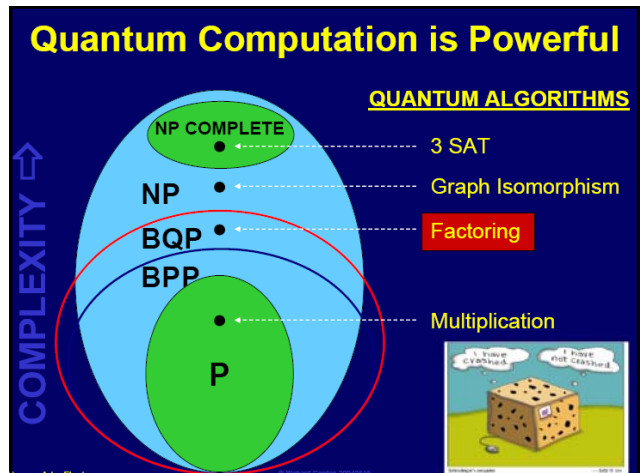
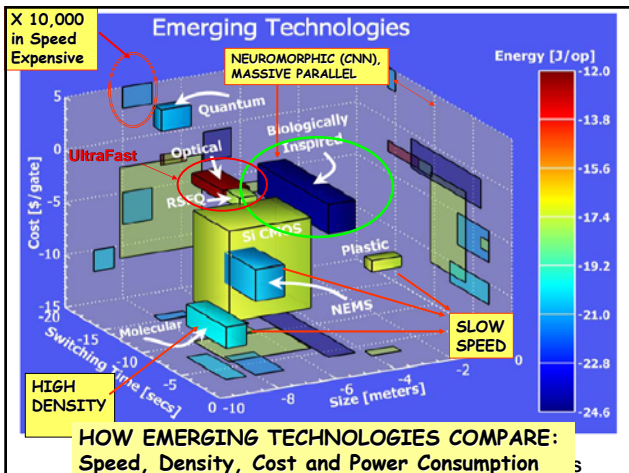
- Drug manufacturing
- Biomaterial manufacturing
- Nanomachine assembly
- Sensor/effector arrays
- Programmed therapeutics
- Tools for studying genetic regulatory networks

STATUS OF QUANTUM COMPUTING

QC Approach	The DiVincenzo Criteria						
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7
NMR	🔴	🟡	🟢	🟢	🟢	🔴	🔴
Trapped Ion	🟡	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟡	🟡
Neutral Atom	🟡	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟡	🟡
Cavity QED	🟡	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟡	🟡
Optical	🟡	🟡	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟡	🟡
Solid State	🟡	🟡	🟡	🟡	🟡	🔴	🔴
Superconducting	🟡	🟢	🟢	🟢	🟢	🔴	🔴
Unique Qubits	This field is so diverse that it is not feasible to label the criteria with "Promise" symbols.						

Legend:

- 🟢 = a potentially viable approach has achieved sufficient proof of principle
- 🟡 = a potentially viable approach has been proposed, but there has not been sufficient proof of principle
- 🔴 = no viable approach is known

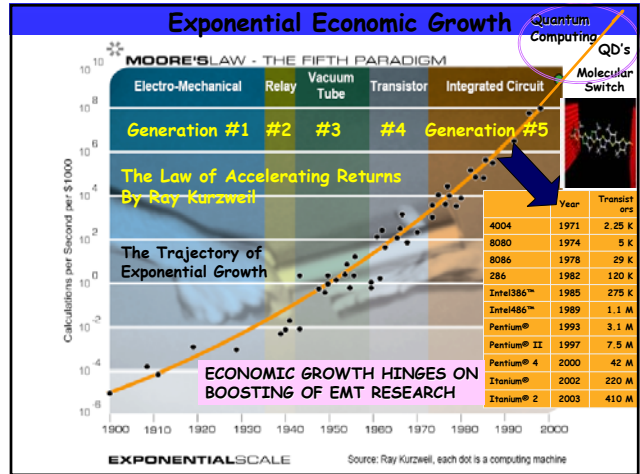


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CORE EMT BUDGET FOR QIS PROGRAM ELEMENT

Quantum Information Processing	Props Funded 2004	Funding Amount 2004	Props Funded 2005	Funding Amount 2005	Props Funded 2006	Funding Amount 2006	Props Funded 2007	Funding Amount 2007
Quantum Algorithms			5	\$1,165,000			1	\$300,000
Quantum Hardware	2	\$637,674	3	\$800,000	3	\$925,000	3	\$925,000
Quantum Communications, Error Correction	2	\$700,000	2	\$706,000	3	\$940,000	2	\$300,000
Theoretical Modeling	3	\$788,295	4	\$980,000	4	\$945,000	3	\$700,000
Quantum Measurements			1	\$150,000				
TOTAL	7	\$2,125,969	15	\$3,801,000	10	\$2,810,000	9	\$2,225,000
TOTAL (APX.)	7	\$2.1 M	15	\$3.8 M	10	\$2.8 M	9	\$2.2 M

QIS Funding Needs Boosting → QuBIC + ITR @ NSF
 → QuIST @ DARPA



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Quantum Computing @ The Himalayas Summit

OPPORTUNITIES

Quantum Computing Offers ~ 10,000 Speed Advantages over CMOS, CNT, QD, NW, SET, ... QC is likened with Mount Everest (29,000 ft.), while CMOS, CNT, ... are at its Foothill (19,000 ft.).

CHALLENGES

No bridging technologies to interface → QCs cannot be used as Ultra Processors like Super Computers (Cray, Fujitsu FACOM, ...) interface with Main Computers

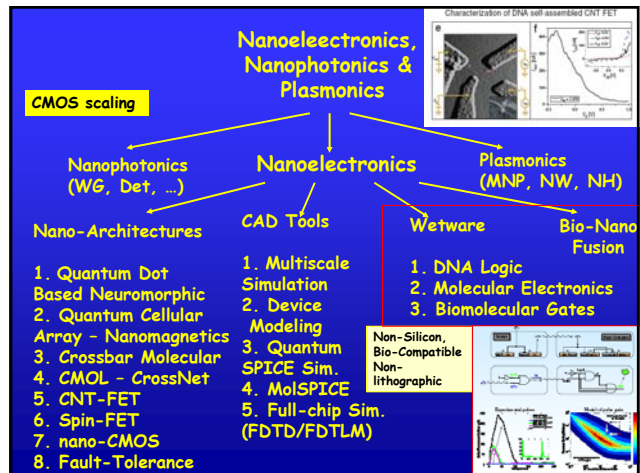
Quantum Computers are ~ 100,000 more expensive than Pentium Chips → QC will not enter mass PC/PDA/Notebook market for several billions of people.

Quantum Computers are suited for Application Specific Complex Scientific Tasks However, QCs need I/O support to interface with the Surrounding Environment. (Measurement & Sensing of QC's should be High Priority in Research).

Ultimately, Quantum Computers in some form will prove that God indeed plays with dice to solve intractable problems and have fun! Einstein was wrong.

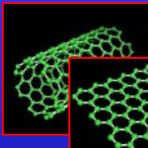
Challenges: No Bridging Technologies

nanoCMOS, CNT, QD, NW @ Foothill

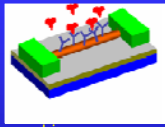


Nanoelectronic Devices Beyond CMOS


carbon nanotubes



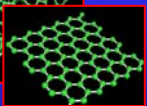
bio-sensors



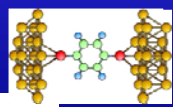
spin torque devices



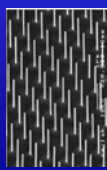
graphene



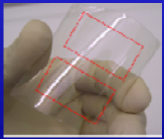
molecular electronics



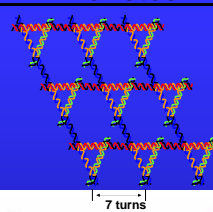
nanowires



flexible electronics

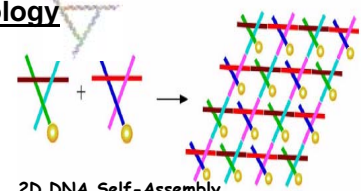


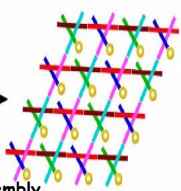
DNA Nanotechnology



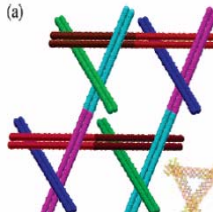
7 turns

2D DNA Self-Assembly

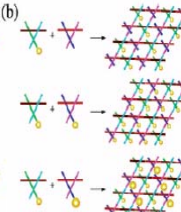




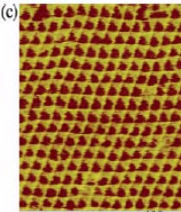
(a)



(b)



(c)



400 nm