

EECS 216 – Winter 2008

Homework #6 – Assigned Feb. 19 – Due Tuesday March 4

- **Grading:** Not all problems will be graded, but you should do all of them.
- **Submission:** Submit in *black box in room 4230 EECS* before **5:00** on Tues. Mar. 4.
- **Note:** You have two weeks to do this set; try to finish before winter break.
- **Read:** Text sections 4.1-4.3. **Topic:** Fourier transforms and properties.
- **Next week:** Applications of Fourier transform: sampling and modulation.
- Have a good winter break!–SL & AY

1. (30 points: 6@5) Text #4.5abcfgi. Express your answers in terms of  $rect$ ,  $\delta$ , etc.

$$rect(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } |\omega| < \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ so that } X(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } 0 \leq \omega \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \text{ and } x(t) \text{ is NOT real.}$$

2. (15 points: 5+10) Text #4.14. See table on page 172.

- Indefinite integral:  $\int \frac{1}{t^2+a^2} dt = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{t}{a} + C$ .
- Compare to Example #4.3.6 on p. 180-181.

3. (15 points: 5+5+5) Text #4.24. This should be very easy if you sketch the spectra.

4. (20 points: 10+10), Text #4.19. In Fig. P4.19 change  $\omega_m$  to  $\omega_m/2$ .

5. (20 points: 4@5) Text #4.11. Using Fourier transforms to compute definite integrals.

- Use the table on p. 172-173 to get Fourier transform pairs.
- Compare this to the infinite series in HW #5 problem #5