EXAMPLES: SPECTRA OF ACTUAL SIGNALS

Given: $\{x(t), 0 \le t < T\}$ sampled at $t = n\Delta \rightarrow x[n] = x(t = n\Delta)$.

Goal: Estimate the spectrum of x(t) from the data set $\{x[n], 0 \le n \le N-1\}$.

- 1. Take *periodic extension* of given $\{x(t), 0 \le t < T\}$.
- 2. Spectrum of $x(t = n\Delta)$ periodic with period $\frac{2\pi}{\Delta} \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{SEC}} = \frac{1}{\Delta}$ Hz 3. Have $N = T/\Delta$ samples of x(t). Assume $\Delta < \frac{1}{2F} \rightarrow N > 2FT$ where F=the maximum frequency component of x(t).
- 4. $x(n\Delta)$ and its spectrum both periodic \rightarrow compute DFT of x[n].
- 1. Two built-in Matlab signals. Use 1-second segments (T = 1).
- 2. Sampling rate=8192 Hz $\rightarrow \Delta = 1/8192 \text{ sec} \rightarrow N = 1/\frac{1}{8192} = 8192.$
- 3. Assume $\Delta < \frac{1}{2F}$. The Matlab code for each signal looks like:
- 4. load train; X = y(1:8192); plot(-4095:4096, fftshift(abs(fft(X))))



